

Merchant Marine Examination Questions

New & Revised Engineering Questions

July 1995

This publication contains questions used in examinations for merchant marine licenses and documents.

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Subj: MERCHANT MARINE ENGINEERING EXAMINATION NEW AND REVISED QUESTIONS

1. <u>PURPOSE</u>. This publication makes the new and revised questions in the merchant marine engineering examination question bank available to the public. The public has the opportunity to review and comment on the questions' clarity and accuracy. This publication should be used in conjunction with the other publications in this series.

2. PROCEDURE.

a. This publication is effective upon receipt.

3. DISCUSSION.

- a. The questions in this publication reflect additions and changes to the questions in the data bank as of 1 July 1995. The Coast Guard will continue to develop new questions and use them in mechant marine examinations prior to releasing them to the public. The questions as printed herein will serve as a guide to the types of questions that may be encountered on the exam.
- b. Some questions require the use of illustrations or diagrams. COMDT P16721.7C, <u>Merchant Marine Engineering</u> <u>Examination Illustration Book</u>, dated June 1995, contains all the engineering illustrations referred to by engineering questions.

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INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Each numbered question contains a stem and four possible answers. The stem supplies the information and poses the question. There is only one answer that completely satisfies all the conditions set forth in the stem.
- 2. This publication is divided into chapters as per the Table of Contents. The answers to the questions presented in each chapter are listed at the end of the respective chapter.
- 3. Question numbers increase from the beginning to the end of each chapter and do not always run consecutively. They are intended for use with the other publications in this series.
- 4. Some of the questions in the engineering examination booklets require the use of an illustration or diagram to answer the question. Such requirement is stated in the stem of the question. The Merchant Marine Engineering Examination Illustration Book, June 1995, COMDTPUB P16721.7C, contains the illustrations and diagrams.
- 4. Individuals who wish to make a comment on any question in this publication should send a WRITTEN comment, citing this publication and the number of each question commented on to:

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Review of all written comments is done by at least two licensed merchant marine officers. Corrections are made to questions as necessary. Additionally, adjustments to modules in use are made as required.

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GENERAL SUBJECTS

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	,		

00023.	The lathe tool shown as figure "Q" in the illustration is commonly known as a/an (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. cutting-off tool B. left cut side-facing tool C. right hand turning tool D. universal turning tool
00037.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "B" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0081)
	A. 0.560 inch B. 0.650 inch C. 0.680 inch D. 0.750 inch
00068.	The part labelled "A" of the illustrated bearing is called the (See illustration MO-0001)
	A. thrust ring B. outer race C. inner race D. cage
00073.	The valve stem shown in illustration "GS-0140 A" needs to be replaced. Which lathe tools in illustration GS-0090 should be used to turn a piece of stock for this job? (See illustration GS-0090 and GS-0140)
	A. R, T, N, L, and O B. L, S, U, N, and Q C. M, Q, S, U, and L D. V, O, T, U, and P
00080.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "A" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0081)
	A. 0.9180 inch B. 0.9500 inch C. 0.9680 inch D. 0.9910 inch
00082.	The reading on the vernier caliper scale shown in figure "E" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0082)
	A. 3.360 inches B. 3.610 inches C. 3.925 inches D. 4.360 inches
00104.	Which of the refrigerants listed is considered safe and ideal for most marine applications?
	A. R-21 B. Ammonia C. R-12 D. Sulfur dioxide

00113.	illustration is (See illustration GS-0081)
	A. 0.301 inch B. 0.310 inch C. 0.325 inch D. 0.335 inch
00121.	The reading on the vernier caliper scale shown in figure "C" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0082)
	A. 3.355 inches B. 3.715 inches C. 4.340 inches D. 5.340 inches
00123.	The reading on the vernier caliper scale shown in figure "F" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0082)
	A. 2.505 inches B. 2.650 inches C. 3.125 inches D. 3.210 inches
00127.	The reading indicated on the micrometer scale shown in the illustration is .3350 inches. Which of the figures listed represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0081)
	A. Figure A B. Figure B C. Figure C D. Figure D
00171.	The reading indicated on the micrometer scale shown in the illustration is .9680 inches. Which of the figures listed represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0081)
	A. Figure A B. Figure B C. Figure C D. Figure D
00173.	Item #68 as shown in the pump illustration is identified as the (See illustration GS-0143)
	A. shaft sleeve B. wearing ring C. bearing retainer or spacer D. journal bearing
00191.	The illustration is drawn to a scale of 3/8 inch = 1 inch. What is the full size dimension of "X", if the scale lengths for "E" = 5/8", "F" = 1 3/8", "G" = 2 1/8", and "H" = 5 3/4"? (See illustration GS-0007)
	A. 1.625 inches B. 4.333 inches C. 6.094 inches D. 15.333 inches

00206.	The reading on the vernier caliper scale shown in figure "D" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0082)
	A. 1.815 inches B. 1.820 inches C. 2.115 inches D. 2.820 inches
00210.	The part labeled "B" of the illustrated bearing is called the (See illustration MO-0001)
	A. thrust ring B. outer race C. inner race D. cage
00221.	In the illustration, line "C" is a (See illustration GS-0006)
	A. dimension line B. leader line C. cutting plane line D. phantom line
00232.	The reading on a vernier caliper scale is indicated as 3.380 inches. Which of the figures shown in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0082)
	A. Figure B B. Figure D C. Figure E D. Figure F
00241.	Which of the statements is true concerning the illustrated hydraulic circuit when the directional control valve is centered? (See illustration GS-0105)
	A. The oil pressure will equalize at both ends of the actuator and the pump will discharge through the reducing valve to the sump.B. The load on the actuator may cause a difference in pressure to exist between the rod and cap end, and oil discharging to the sump across the relief valve with the pump operating.
	C. A pressure differential will exist between the two ends of the actuator, with pump discharge lower than normal due to flow across the unloading valve.
	D. Oil pressure to both sides of the actuator will be equal as the pump discharge flow is directed across the relief valve.
00242.	The reading indicated on the micrometer scale shown in the illustration is .680 inches. Which of the figures listed represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0081)
	A. Figure A B. Figure B C. Figure C D. Figure D

00252.	The reading on a vernier caliper scale is indicated as 2.505 inches. Which of the figures shown in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0082)
	A. Figure A B. Figure B C. Figure F D. Figure G
00259.	What is the reading of the vernier micrometer caliper scale shown in figure "A" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0083)
	A. 0.2513 inch B. 0.2517 inch C. 0.2610 inch D. 0.2613 inch
00266.	The reading indicated on a vernier micrometer caliper scale is .2610 inches. Which of the figure in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0083)
	A. Figure A B. Figure D C. Figure E D. Figure G
00272.	What is the reading of the vernier micrometer caliper scale shown in figure "C" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0083)
	A. 0.4258 inch B. 0.4528 inch C. 0.4628 inch D. 0.4678 inch
00276.	The reading on a vernier caliper scale is indicated as 1.500 inches. Which of the figures shown in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0082)
	A. Figure A B. Figure D C. Figure F D. Figure G
00293.	The bearings for the illustrated pump are lubricated by (See illustration GS-0129)
	A. a small self-contained forced feed pressurized oil system B. packed grease C. oil feed rings rotating through an oil bath D. a drip feed oiler cup
00348.	Item "B" in the pump illustration is the (See illustration GS-0129)
	A. packing gland B. stuffing box C. shaft sleeve D. wearing ring

00359.	Figure "C" shown in the illustration correctly identifies the position of the journal when the shaft is (See illustration GS-0121)
	A. just at the moment prior to being stopped B. just beginning to rotate C. increasing its speed to required operating speed D. operating at its normal operating speed
00369.	You would close the illustrated valve by (See illustration GS-0140)
	A. turning the handwheel clockwise, as viewed from the top B. first loosening part #4, closing the valve, then retightening part #4
	C. turning the handwheel counterclockwise, as viewed from the top D. first loosening part #8, then turning the handwheel clockwise as viewed from the top
00429.	The term, whole depth of the gear, shown in the illustration, is equal to (See illustration GS-0105)
	A. A + D B. B + D C. C + A D. C + D
00440.	The suction side of the illustrated pump is identified by the letter" (See illustration GS-0129)
	A. A B. B C. C D. D
00441.	The illustrated valve needs to be repaired due to a leak across the valve disk. To disassemble the valve you should? (See illustration GS-0140)
	 A. turn the hand wheel clockwise as viewed from the top, using a pipe wrench for assistance B. first fully loosen part #8, then turn the handwheel clockwise to
	 generate the bonnet from the body
	D. tighten part #4
00446.	Which of the figures illustrated correctly identifies the position of the journal while it is stopped? (See illustration GS-0121)
	A. A B. B C. C D. D
00462.	The type of shaft coupling used on the pump illustrated is best described as a (See illustration GS-0143)
,	A. flexible grid coupling B. solid coupling C. gear coupling D. jaw coupling

- 00470. The reading indicated on a vernier micrometer caliper scale is .8046 inches. Which of the figure in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0083)
 - A. Figure A
 - B. Figure B
 - C. Figure F
 - D. Figure G
- 00484. What is the reading of the vernier micrometer caliper scale shown in figure "B" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0083)
 - A. 0.7996 inch
 - B. 0.8046 inch
 - C. 0.8460 inch
 - D. 0.8550 inch
- 00493. The reading on a vernier caliper scale is indicated as 2.368 inches. Which of the figures shown in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0082)
 - A. Figure A
 - B. Figure B
 - C. Figure D
 - D. Figure G
- 00496. What is the reading of the vernier micrometer caliper scale shown in figure "E" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0083)
 - A. 0.3001 inch
 - B. 0.3101 inch
 - C. 0.3151 inch
 - D. 0.3251 inch
- 00516. The reading on a vernier caliper scale is indicated as 1.820 inches. Which of the figures shown in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0082)
 - A. Figure A
 - B. Figure D
 - C. Figure F
 - D. Figure G
- 00524. The reading indicated on a vernier micrometer caliper scale is .5260 inches. Which of the figure in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0083)
 - A. Figure C
 - B. Figure D
 - C. Figure F
 - D. Figure G
- 00532. When responding to a "right rudder" command from the amidships position, which parts of the steering gear system illustrated will be subjected to the highest pressure? (See illustration GS-0137)
 - A. "C" and "F"
 - B. "E" and "B"
 - C. "F" and "E"
 - D. "B" and "C"

00545.	The reading indicated on a vernier micrometer caliper scale is .4678 inches. Which of the figure in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0083)
	A. Figure C B. Figure D C. Figure E D. Figure F
00551.	The reading indicated on a vernier micrometer caliper scale is .6383 inches. Which of the figure in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0083)
	A. Figure B B. Figure D C. Figure F D. Figure G
00553.	What is the reading of the vernier micrometer caliper scale shown in figure "D" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0083)
	A. 0.5110 inch B. 0.5160 inch C. 0.5260 inch D. 0.5290 inch
00569.	The double bottom in a vessel is a space comprised of
	A. plating forming the engine room tank top B. doubler plating installed over the flat keel plate C. a watertight boundary formed by the inner bottom D. compartments between the inner and outer bottoms
00573.	While responding to a right full rudder command from the amidships position, which of the cylinders illustrated will be fully pressurized on the face of the pistons? (See illustration GS-0137)
	A. "B" B. "C" C. "E" D. "A"
00633.	Which of the following actions will occur with the steering system shown in the illustration when responding to a left rudder command from amidships? (See illustration GS-0137)
	A. The rudder stock "G" turns counterclockwise. B. Only hose "J" will be placed under pressure during this maneuver. C. The starboard ram will extend aft. D. The six-way valve "N" will be opened.
00669.	The shaft coupling for the illustrated pump is rotated by the motor coupling by a/an (See illustration GS-0143)
	A. wire serpentine grid B. interlocking flexible claws C. internal gear ring D. special bolts and flexible rubber inserts

- 00804. A refrigeration unit will tend to short cycle when operating under heavy loads Α. during hot gas defrost В. under light loads during starting conditions 00820. The reading indicated on a vernier micrometer caliper scale is .3101 inches. Which of the figure in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0083) Figure C Α. B. Figure D C. Figure E D. Figure G If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "C" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the $250\,$ 00899. pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110) 83.33 1bs Α. В. 104.16 1bs C. 125.00 lbs 250.00 1bs 00969. In the circle illustrated, the circumference is 62.8 feet. What is the area of the shaded portion? (See illustration GS-0134) 27.5 square feet 28.0 square feet В. 28.5 square feet С. 29.0 square feet 00989. As shown in the illustration, a section of 4.5 inch standard weight, seamless steel pipe, has a wall thickness of .355". When the pipe is bent into a 90 turn, the length of the outside edge of the curve "A-B" will exceed the length of the inside edge of the curve "C-D" by . (See illustration GS-0108) Α. 5.498 inches В. 6.511 inches 7.069 inches 8.184 inches
- 01019. Upon a vessel's departure from point "A" at 1206, the counter reading was 616729. At midnight, the counter reading was 672889, at which time the engine speed was increased to 82 RPM, and remained the same speed until its arrival at point "B" at 1140 the following day. If the vessel is equipped with a 20 foot 8 inch diameter propeller, having a pitch of 20 feet, and apparent negative slip of 6.65% was calculated for the passage, what observed distance was covered?
 - A. 353.2 miles
 - B. 364.8 miles
 - C. 398.4 miles
 - D. 413.9 miles

01046.	The reading indicated on the micrometer scale in the illustration is .4815 inches. Which illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0081)
	A. Figure A B. Figure B C. Figure C D. Figure D
01124.	Flash gas formed in the liquid line of a refrigeration system may cause
	A. pressure at expansion valve inlet to increase B. expansion valve pins and seats to erode C. expansion valve capacity to increase D. pressure difference across the expansion valve to increase
01176.	In the illustrated circuit, the amplifier is connected in what basic configuration? (See illustration EL-0022)
	A. common base B. reverse bias, negative feedback C. common emitter D. common collector
01179.	In the illustrated circuit, what is the phase relationship of the amplifier output compared to the input? (See illustration EL-0022)
	A. 0. in-phase B. 180. out of phase C. phase angle of the input divided by power factor D. unable to determine without the value of the bias voltage
01971.	The nameplate of a reciprocating pump lists the following dimensions: "7 X 6 X 4". The diameter of the liquid cylinder is
	A. 4 inches B. 7 inches C. 6 X 4 inches D. 6 inches
02193.	Valve "D" indicated in the illustration is referred to as a/an (See illustration GS-0049)
	A. relief valve B. sequence valve C. unloading valve D. counter balance valve
02266.	The ball float shown in the illustration is 9 inches in diameter and is floats in a liquid with a specific gravity of 0.9. If the effective length (EL) is 18 inches and "L" is 3 inches, how many pounds of force will be available at "X" if there is no mechanical loss? (See illustration GS-0158)
	A. 36 B. 108 C. 162 D. 324

02289.	The dashed line to the illustrated pump is the (See illustration GS-0049)
	A. pump relief valve outlet to the sump B. pump capacity control feedback loop C. casing drain D. system replenishing line
02413.	In the system illustrated, valve "D" is used for (See illustration GS-0049)
	A. load counter balance control B. normal unloading of the hydraulic system C. sequential operation of the load D. the excess pressure relief of the system
02417.	According to Coast Guard Regulations (CFR 46) the valve illustrated is to be constructed so that the (See illustration GS-0055)
	 A. operating lever is parallel to the pipe center line when closed and perpendicular to the pipe center line when open B. valve can have additional turns of packing added when there is pressure on either side of the valve disk C. operating lever is parallel to the flow when open and perpendicular to the flow when closed D. can be either fully opened or fully closed
02420.	The device shown in the illustration is a (See illustration GS-0056)
	A. ball check valve B. lift check valve C. swing check valve D. piston check valve
02423.	Regarding the hydraulic transmission illustrated, the "A" end is a (See illustration GS-0057)
	A. variable stroke motor B. fixed displacement pump C. variable stroke pump D. fixed displacement motor
02427.	In hydraulics, the graphic symbol illustrated in Fig. A is used to represent a/an (See illustration GS-0068)
	A. variable resistor B. expansion joint C. spring D. flexible mount
02428.	What is the reading of the vernier micrometer caliper scale shown in figure "A" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0083)
	A. 0.8158 inch B. 0.8228 inch C. 0.8358 inch D. 0.8388 inch

02429.	The reading indicated on a vernier micrometer caliper scale is .8388 inches. Which of the figures illustrated represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0091)
	A. Figure A B. Figure C C. Figure D D. Figure F
02436.	The reading indicated on a vernier micrometer caliper scale is .2928 inches. Which of the figures in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0091)
	A. Figure B B. Figure C C. Figure E D. Figure F
02437.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "II" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0095)
	A. 0.321 inch B. 0.350 inch C. 0.351 inch D. 0.371 inch
02438.	What is the reading of the vernier caliper scale shown in figure "F" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0092)
	A. 1.7212 inch B. 1.7230 inch C. 2.7230 inch D. 3.7230 inch
02439.	Which of the illustrated figures represents the use of a right hand roughing tool? (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. Figure P B. Figure S C. Figure T D. Figure V
02445.	If the "B" end of the hydraulic transmission illustrated, were provided with a variable position tilting box, and the "A: end displacement were to be constant, the (See illustration GS-0057)
	A. speed output of the "B" end would increase in proportion as the tilting box angle would approach zero
	B. available horsepower at the "B" end would increase in proportion as the tilting box angle would approach zero stroke C. speed output of the "B" end would increase in proportion to
	increasing the "B" end tilting box angle D. available horsepower at the "B" end would increase in proportion to decreasing the angle of the "B" end tilting box towards zero
02448.	What is the reading of the vernier caliper scale shown in figure "B" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0092)
	A. 3.7850 inch B. 5.3700 inch C. 5.8050 inch D. 6.3700 inch

	 A. force a uniformly heated sample of oil by applied pressure, through the bottom orifice with in a specified time B. allow a uniformly heated 60 c.c. sample of oil to gravitate through the bottom orifice, using the time as a measurement viscosity C. determine the temperature at which vapors are produced, ignited, and extinguished
	D. measure the volatility of an oil sample, by determining the resulting pressure as the volume of vapor is continually increased
02459.	The pressure in a high pressure refrigeration system about to be opened for repair should be
	A. 1 to 2 psig B. 4 to 7 psig C. 11 to 12 psig D. 0 psig
02469.	The type of welded joint illustrated is referred to as a/an (See illustration GS-0078)
	A. socket weld B. edge weld C. butt weld D. annulus weld
02478.	If the "B" end of the hydraulic transmission illustrated were provided with a variable position tilting box, and the "A" end displacement were to be constant, the (See illustration GS-0057)
	 A. speed output of the "B" end would decrease in proportion as the tilting box would approach zero stroke B. available horsepower at the "B" end would increase in proportion as the tilting box would approach zero stroke C. speed output of the "B" would increase in proportion to increasing the "B" end tilting box angle D. available horsepower at the "B" would increase in proportion to the increasing angle of the "B" end tilting box angle
02487.	The illustrated valve is (See illustration GS-0055)
	 A. opened or closed by moving the control lever through one or more complete turns B. required to be closed by moving the control handle counter clockwise C. quickly opened when the control lever is rotated one full turn D. quickly opened by moving the control lever by one-quarter of a turn
	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "D" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 225 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 34 1bs B. 45 1bs C. 75 1bs D. 90 1bs

02503.	The best method in assisting the proper alignment and welding of the flange and pipe shown in the illustration is to (See illustration GS-0078)
	A. insert a temporary sleeve into the pipe for alignment B. tack weld flat iron straps from the flange to the pipe to complete the fabrication
	C. slip a temporary sleeve around the pipe D. stand the flange on end vertically position the pipe on the flange, tack weld, then lay flat to complete the fabrication
02505.	What is the reading of the vernier caliper scale shown in figure "C" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0092)
	A. 3.3750 inch B. 3.3500 inch C. 3.4750 inch D. 4.3750 inch
02506.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "G" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. 0.327 inch B. 0.350 inch C. 0.352 inch D. 0.355 inch
02507.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "1" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0094)
	A. 0.800 inch B. 0.820 inch C. 0.850 inch D. 0.875 inch
02508.	Oil is returned to the illustrated radial piston hydraulic pump piston(s) numbered as (See illustration GS-0059)
	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 2 and 3
02510.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "D" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 233 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 35 1bs B. 47 1bs C. 78 1bs D. 93 1bs
02516.	Which of the listed illustrated figures represents the correct use of a lathe threading tool? (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. Figures L/P B. Figures L/U C. Figures V/L D. Figures V/P

02316.	off tool? (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. Figure N B. Figure O C. Figure P D. Figure U
02527.	The function of the device illustrated is to (See illustration GS-0048)
	 A. control steam input to a heat exchanger B. control condensate output from a heat exchanger C. provide on/off control of drain pump D. provide air purging of low pressure refrigeration or air conditioning systems
02539.	Which recovery phase will reduce the loss of oil during the recovery of refrigerants from small appliances such as a water cooler?
	A. vapor recovery B. liquid recovery C. initial recovery D. vapor-liquid recovery
02540.	The device illustrated would be best used as a (See illustration GS-0058)
	A. variable capacity pump B. variable or constant speed motor C. power take-off driven lube oil pump D. hydraulic hatch supply pump
02541.	Large quantities of halogenated floro-carbons when released from refrigeration systems, will contribute to ozone depletion in the
	A. bathosphere B. ionosphere C. stratosphere D. troposphere
02542.	If the "B" end were driven by an electric motor and the "A" end were disconnected from the line terminals of the motor controller, the unit illustrated could then be used as a (See illustration GS-0057)
	A. mooring winch B. variable ouptut alternator C. fixed output alternator D. hydraulic crane power supply
02546.	The device illustrated is best used to (See illustration GS-0080)
	 A. provided an alternative to a close nipple B. assist in securing a coupling half to its shaft C. secure pump casing flanges together D. provided an alternative to the use tapered pins

02547.	What is the reading of the vernier micrometer caliper scale shown in figure "D" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0091)
	A. 0.9253 inch B. 0.9403 inch C. 0.9453 inch D. 0.9553 inch
02550.	Which of the listed welded joints represents the least amount of preparation? (See illustration GS-0077)
	A. 1B B. 3A C. 3B D. 4A
02552.	A micrometer scale reading is indicated as 0.327 inches and is represented in the illustration by (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. Figure B B. Figure C C. Figure G D. Figure H
02553.	What is the reading of the vernier micrometer caliper scale shown in figure "B" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0091)
	A. 0.2228 inch B. 0.2928 inch C. 0.3008 inch D. 0.3028 inch
02558.	Which of the following statements regarding the illustrated device is true? (See illustration GS-0056)
	 A. If the valve disk is damaged, the entire valve unit must be replaced. B. The plug, located in the upper left portion of the valve body can be removed to install a feedback pipe line if the valve is to be used as a pilot choke. C. The cap determines the height of lift of the swinging valve disk. D. The valve disk alone can be removed for replacement or reconditioning.
02559.	The greatest drawback in the use of the device illustrated on large ocean going vessels is the (See illustration GS-0101)
	A. use of a skeg for mounting B. large requirement of torque to swing this rudder C. positioning, directly aft of the propeller D. necessity to construct the rudder in one large casting
02562.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "D" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 266 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 40 1bs. B. 53 1bs. C. 56 1bs. D. 89 1bs.

02582.	illustration is (See illustration GS-0093)
	A. 0.301 inch B. 0.750 inch C. 0.751 inch D. 1.001 inch
02583.	HCFC-22 has been recovered from a refrigeration system during replacement of the condenser. The refrigerant can be
	A. recycled into a system that had used HCFC-11 B. reclaimed as a low pressure system refrigerant C. returned to the system
	D. must be destroyed, as it can no longer be used
02586.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "3" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0094)
	A. 0.133 inch B. 0.178 inch C. 0.193 inch D. 0.250 inch
02588.	A micrometer scale reading is indicated as 0.438 inches and is represented in the illustration by (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. Figure A B. Figure C C. Figure G D. Figure H
02589.	All refrigerant recovered from burned out small appliances must be
	A. sent to a designated reclamation facility for processing B. contained in a refillable cylinder C. destroyed although it can be reused D. used to clean out burn-outs
02590.	Which of the listed illustrated figures represents the use of a lather finishing tool? (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. Figure P B. Figure S C. Figure T D. Figure V
02592.	The lathe tool shown as figure "V" in the illustration is commonly known as a/an (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. cutting-off tool B. left-cut, side-facing tool C. right hand turning tool D. universal turning tool

02594.	In preparing to purge a refrigeration condenser for a large multibox water cooled type III system, all of the refrigerant in the system should be
	A. at a superheated temperature B. pumped to the receiver C. pumped to the evaporator D. at a saturated temperature
02596.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "C" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. 0.325 inch B. 0.349 inch C. 0.361 inch D. 0.453 inch
02597.	When recovering R-12 from a small appliance with a working compressor, using a recovery device manufactured after November 15, 1993, what percentage of the remaining charge must be removed from the system?
	A. 75% B. 80% C. 90% D. 99%
02603.	Overfilling a refrigerant container is extremely dangerous because of the high pressures generated. The generation of pressure is the
	A. vapor pressure of the refrigerant B. discharge pressure of the recovery compressor C. hydrostatic pressure of the expanding liquid D. discharge pressure from the recovery cylinder
02604.	The reading indicated on a vernier micrometer caliper scale is .3107 inches. Which of the figures in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0091)
	A. Figure B B. Figure C C. Figure E D. Figure F
02608.	The hydraulic graphic symbol illustrated in Fig. B is used to represent a/an (See illustration GS-0068)
	A. variable orifice B. piloted choke C. belle ville spring D. check valve
02611.	Figure "D" in the illustration is an improperly installed hose with a restriction developed at the (See illustration GS-0063)
	A. right hand fitting being smaller than required B. severe bend in loop C. sharp bend formed at the left D. indicated radial twist

02617.	represented in the illustration by (See illustration GS-0013)		
	A. Figure D B. Figure E C. Figure F D. Figure I		
02620.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "B" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0093)		
	A. 0.402 inch B. 0.410 inch C. 0.412 inch D. 0.415 inch		
02621.	With regards to the illustrated rudder, item "B" is referred to as the (See illustration GS-0131)		
	A. rudder stock B. rudder horn C. fair water D. gudgeon		
02622.	The reading indicated on a vernier micrometer caliper scale is .4715 inches. Which of the figure in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0091)		
	A. Figure A B. Figure C C. Figure E D. Figure F		
02626.	The illustrated thread form would be used with a/an (See illustration GS-0088)		
	A. pump shaft coupling nut B. lathe lead screw C. schedule 80 heavy iron pipe D. 3/4-10 NC threaded stock		
02628.	The weld type illustrated and indicated as "5B" is known as a/an (See illustration GS-0077)		
	A. X B. K C. double bevel D. double J		
02630.	If the flow rate and pressurized oil from a variable capacity pump were supplied to the device illustrated, the (See illustration GS-0058)		
	A. speed would increase, horsepower and torque would decrease B. speed would decrease, horsepower and torque would increase C. horsepower, torque, and speed would increase proportionally D. horsepower, torque, and speed would decrease proportionally		

If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "D" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 283 02632. pound load stationary would be See illustration GS-0110) 42 1bs. 94 1bs. В. 113 1bs. С. 114 1bs. If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "D" in 02633. the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 283 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110) 104 1bs 107 1bs В. C. 124 1bs 125 1bs A simplex pump making 60 pumping strokes per minute has a 10 inch stroke and a 6 inch diameter water cylinder, which is 75% full for each stroke. How many gallons of water are discharged per hour? 1,339 GPH B. 3,305 GPH C. 4,208 GPH 6,610 GPH If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute with 6" diameter cylinder, and an 11" stroke with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? Α. 61 gpm 121 gpm В. 242 gpm 407 gpm Which of the illustrated lathe tools would be used to produce figure V? 02640. (See illustration GS-0009) Α. Α B. B C. D Ε In the hydraulic anchor windlass system illustrated, if the power to the electric motor is on, but the wildcat turns slowly or not at all, even without a load being applied, and nearly normal pressure is indicated on the high side of the system, the probable cause is the (See illustration GS-0160) A. replenishing pump coupling is broken B. relief valve is not closing

C. manual transfer valve is in the wrong position for the main pump being operated

D. pressure from "E" has failed to bleed off when "J" is placed in the operating position

02049.	Refrigerant leaks in a small shipboard water cooler
	 A. must be repaired within 30 days B. must be repaired if the annual leak rate is 35% of the total charge above 50 lbs C. must be repaired if the annual leak rate is 15% of the total charge D. do not have to and are not required to be repaired
02650.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "III" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0095)
	A. 0.631 inch B. 0.642 inch C. 0.687 inch D. 0.692 inch
02651.	As shown in the illustration, a section of standard weight, seamless steel pipe, has an external diameter of 7.8 inches. When the pipe, is bent into a 90 degree turn, the length of the outside edge of the curve "A-B" will exceed the length of the inside edge of the curve "C-D" by (See illustration GS-0108)
·	A. 8.626 inches B. 10.786 inches C. 12.252 inches D. 14.514 inches
02652.	The intentional venting of class I and II refrigerants to the atmosphere within the territorial limits of the United States became unlawful on
	A. July 1, 1992 B. July 1, 1994 C. November 14, 1994 D. November 14, 1999
02657.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 104 gpm B. 52 gpm C. 26 gpm D. 91 gpm
02659.	According to the detail shown in the device from the blue print illustrated, which of the fastenings listed should be used? (See illustration GS-0036)
	A. pop rivet B. flat heat slotted machine screw C. carriage bolt D. cap screw
02662.	The device illustrated is referred to as a/an (See illustration GS-0048)
	A. Inverted bucket trap B. upright bucket trap C. "P" type trap D. none of the above

02666.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 183 gpm B. 91 gpm C. 128 gpm D. 46 gpm
02668.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 54 gpm B. 81 gpm C. 27 gpm D. 108 gpm
02669.	Small appliances with less than three pounds of refrigerant should be
	A. liquid charged B. vapor charged C. either vapor or liquid charged D. initially liquid charged and then topped with a vapor charge
02670.	Which of the figures in the fastener illustration GS-0080 would be used with figure "A" in illustration GS-0015? (See illustration GS-0080 and GS-0015)
	A. figure A B. figure H C. figure G D. figure L
02671.	Which of the illustrated lathe tools would be used to produce a smooth finish cut for figure I? (See illustration GS-0009)
	A. A B. D C. F D. G
02672.	The steering gear shown in the illustration, when compared to the more conventional linear actuator ram units is/are (See illustration GS-0116)
	A less likely to sustain oil leaks

- A. less likely to sustain oil leaks
 B. considered by inspection societies to be more dependable than the more conventional units due to the use of the vane motor
 C. designed to be of lesser weight and size when compared with conventional units producing the same torque
 D. all of the above are correct

- The device illustrated requires the use of which listed type of fastener? (See illustration GS-0036) 02676.
 - A. flat head, phillip screwB. round head screwC. fitted or body bolt

 - D. molly screw

02679.	Figure "B" in the illustration is improperly installed. A restriction will develop in this hose at the (See illustration GS-0063)
	A. right hand end, regardless of the direction of flow B. left hand end, regardless of the direction of flow C. ahead of the direction of flow D. trailing the direction of flow
02680.	The thread machined on the device illustrated is a/an (See illustration GS-0038)
	A. one-eighth inch right-hand national coarse B. one inch, right-hand national coarse C. one-eighth inch, left-hand national coarse D. one inch, left-hand national coarse
02681.	Of the four refrigerants CFC-11, CFC-12, HFC-134a, and HCFC-22; HCFC-22 operates at the
	A. lowest system pressure with the lowest boiling point B. highest system pressure with the lowest boiling point C. lowest system pressure with the highest boiling point D. highest system pressure with the highest boiling point
02683.	Disposable refrigerant cylinders may contain a maximum amount of refrigerant of
	A. 50 pounds B. 40 pounds C. 30 pounds D. 20 pounds
02686.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 131 gpm B. 33 gpm C. 65 gpm D. 163 gpm

02007.	illustration (See illustration GS-0116)
	A. "O" will be hydraulically locked in place even though oil is returned to the main pump from the area between "N" and the vane at "p"
	B. "O" will rotate clockwise as oil is returned from the area between "N" and the vane located at "P"
	C. "O" will rotate counter-clockwise as oil is returned from the area
	between "N" and the vane located at "P" D. "Q" will rotate counter-clockwise as oil is returned from the area between "N" and the vane located at "P"
02688.	As shown in the illustration, a section of standard weight, seamless steel pipe, has an external diameter of 7.3 inches. When the pipe, is bent into a 90 degree turn, the length of the outside edge of the curve "A-B" will exceed the length of the inside edge of the curve "C-D" by (See illustration GS-0108)
	A. 10.263 inches B. 11.467 inches C. 13.886 inches D. 16.467 inches
02689.	The lathe tool shown as figure "N" in the illustration is commonly known as a/an (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. hurling tool B. curling tool C. furling tool D. knurling tool
02700.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "D" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. 0.204 inch B. 0.245 inch C. 0.254 inch D. 0.279 inch
02701.	The type of thread illustrated is a/an (See illustration GS-0038)
	A. acme thread B. national coarse thread C. square thread D. can not be determined from information provided
02706.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 60 gpm B. 104 gpm C. 119 gpm D. 30 gpm

02707.	Which of the illustrated lathe tools would be used to produce a rough cut for figure I? (See illustration GS-0009)
	A. B B. C C. F D. G
02708.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 63 gpm B. 126 gpm C. 251 gpm D. 31 gpm
02709.	A high reading is only indicated at the salinity cells labeled "W" and "6" shown in the illustration. This would be the probable result of (See illustration GS-0053)
	A. a tube leak in item "IV", which contributes to a surging absolute
	pressure in "III" B. a faulty cell at location "6" and a tube leak in item "I" C. erosion of item "3" or the valve opened too wide if used D. carryover from "III"
02710.	Which of the figures in the fastener illustration GS-0080 would be used with figure "B" in illustration GS-0124? (See illustration GS-0080 and GS-0015)
	A. figure B B. figure C C. figure F D. figure G
02718.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "D" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 346 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 52 lbs. B. 115 lbs. C. 129 lbs. D. 138 lbs.
02719.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute with a 6" diameter cylinder, and a 10" stroke at an 80% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 98 gpm B. 196 gpm C. 49 gpm D. 272 gpm
02720.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke, and operating with a 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 38 gpm B. 30 gpm C. 61 gpm D. 15 gpm

02721.	CFC refrigerants exposed to high temperature or direct flame, will decompose and may produce
·	A. methyl chloride B. ammonia C. hydrofluoric acid D. ozone
02728.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 200 strokes/minute with 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke, and operating with a 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 11 gpm B. 23 gpm C. 40 gpm D. 46 gpm
02729.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke, operating with a 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 105 gpm B. 39 gpm C. 77 gpm D. 107 gpm
02730.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "E" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. 0.112 inch B. 0.137 inch C. 0.148 inch D. 0.151 inch
02732.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke, operating with a 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 22 gpm B. 20 gpm C. 88 gpm D. 44 gpm
02733.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke, operating with a 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 267 gpm B. 67 gpm C. 133 gpm D. 152 gpm
02736.	As shown in the illustration, a section of standard weight seamless steel pipe, has an external diameter of 7.1 inches. When the pipe, is bent into a 90 degree turn, the length of the outside edge of the curve "A-B" will exceed the length of the inside edge of the curve "C-D" by
	A. 11.153 inches B. 13.635 inches C. 16.153 inches D. 20.106 inches

02738.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190
	strokes/minute with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke, and operating
	with an 88% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- 102 gpm Α.
- В.
- С.
- 85 gpm 51 gpm 205 gpm D.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke, and operating with a 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 55 gpm B. 110 gpm
 - 38 gpm C.
 - 28 gpm
- The most cost-effective method of recovering refrigerant from a chiller with more than 5 lbs of refrigerant, to meet EPA requirements is to use
 - liquid pump Α.
 - B. vapor recovery machine
 - liquid followed by vapor recovery vapor followed by liquid recovery
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 02742. strokes/minute with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke, and operating at a 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 233 gpm B. 135 gpm

 - C.
 - 67 gpm 270 gpm D.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute with a 7" diameter cylinder, an 11" stroke, and operating with a 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of 02748. this pump?
 - 165 gpm 330 gpm 407 gpm Α.
 - B.
 - С.
 - 82 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke, and operating with a 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - В.

 - 90 gpm 180 gpm 360 gpm 529 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute with 7" diameter cylinder, and a 13" stroke with a 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 02750.
 - 390 gpm Α.
 - В.
 - C.
 - 97 gpm 672 gpm 195 gpm D.

- 02751. Which type of contamination will the reclamation process be unable to separate? Α. mixed refrigerants В. acid C. moisture air 02752. In the hydraulic anchor windlass system illustrated, if the power to the electric motor is on, but the wildcat does not turn, and pressure can not be developed on either side of the system, the probable cause . (See illustration GS-0160) replenishing pump coupling is broken B. relief valve is not closing C. manual transfer valve is in the wrong position for the main pump being operated D. spring set point for "I" is too low 02760. The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "F" in the illustration is _____ . (See illustration GS-0013) Α. 0.120 inch B. 0.137 inch C. 0.148 inch D. 0.173 inch If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke with a 90% 02761. volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 154 gpm B. 840 gpm 77 gpm C. 308 gpm D. If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke, at 90% 02762. volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? Α. 143 gpm
 - B. 286 gpm
 - 672 gpm C.
 - D. 72 gpm
- 02763. When removing the primary refrigerant from a system using water as a secondary refrigerant, it is important to follow which procedure(s) to safeguard the equipment?
 - Insure that the water doesn't become contaminated with oil in the direct contact heat exchanger.
 - В. Insure that the water and refrigerant separator is functioning properly.
 - Insure that the water is drained or continually circulating to avoid freeze-up.
 - Leave some refrigerant in the system to prevent the water from contaminating the refrigerant if there is a leak.

02768.	strokes/minute with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke with a volumetric efficiency of 90%, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 66 gpm B. 132 gpm C. 264 gpm D. 529 gpm
02770.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "D" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 396 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 79 1bs B. 98 1bs C. 118 1bs D. 132 1bs
02772.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute with a 7" diameter cylinder, an 11" stroke and operating at a 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 82 gpm B. 165 gpm C. 330 gpm D. 407 gpm
02773.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 360 gpm B. 90 gpm C. 180 gpm D. 529 gpm
02776.	The lathe tool shown as figure "R" in the illustration is commonly known as a/an (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. right-cut roughing tool B. left-cut side-facing tool C. right-cut side-facing tool D. left-cut roughing tool
02777.	Charging liquid CFC-ll into a system under a heavy vacuum could cause
•	A. the purge unit to operate B. system secondary refrigerant to freeze C. air and moisture to enter the receiver D. rupture disk to rupture
02779.	As shown in the illustration, a section of standard weight seamless steel pipe, has an external diameter of 6.1 inches. When the pipe, is bent into a 90 degree turn, the length of the out side edge of the curve "A-B" will exceed the length of the inside edge of the curve "C-D" by (See illustration GS-0108)
	A. 6.189 inches B. 7.291 inches C. 9.006 inches D. 9.582 inches

02780.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 157 gpm B. 77 gpm C. 308 gpm D. 840 gpm
02781.	The EPA allows a large low pressure system to be pressurized during repairs by
	A. adding excess refrigerant B. adding nitrogen C. adding heat with controlled hot water D. adding CFC-22
02782.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 72 gpm B. 143 gpm C. 286 gpm D. 672 gpm
02788.	A micrometer scale reading is indicated as 0.361 inches and is represented in the illustration by (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. Figure A B. Figure B C. Figure C D. Figure G
02789.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 529 gpm B. 66 gpm C. 132 gpm D. 264 gpm
02790.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 242 gpm B. 407 gpm C. 61 gpm D. 121 gpm
02793.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 80% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 98 gpm B. 49 gpm C. 196 gpm D. 272 gpm

02796.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 49 gpm B. 99 gpm C. 25 gpm D. 32 gpm
02797.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 200 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 92 gpm B. 180 gpm C. 183 gpm D. 46 gpm
02799.	Liquid recovery alone will typically remove the total refrigerant charge from a low pressure system up to
	A. 50% B. 60% C. 70% D. 75%
02800.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 81% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 25 gpm B. 50 gpm C. 59 gpm D. 96 gpm
02801.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 61 gpm B. 242 gpm C. 407 gpm D. 121 gpm
02802.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 529 gpm B. 132 gpm C. 264 gpm D. 66 gpm
02803.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating

with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

A. 15 gpm B. 38 gpm C. 61 gpm D. 30 gpm

02808.	A micrometer scale reading is indicated as 0.246 inches and is represented in the illustration by (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. Figure C B. Figure D C. Figure F D. Figure I
02809.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "D" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 423 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 141 1bs. B. 156 1bs. C. 169 1bs. D. 185 1bs.
02810.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 200 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 23 gpm B. 11 gpm C. 40 gpm D. 46 gpm
02811.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 39 gpm B. 77 gpm C. 154 gpm D. 105 gpm
02812.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 51 gpm B. 61 gpm C. 31 gpm D. 123 gpm
02818.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "H" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. 0.154 inch B. 0.413 inch C. 0.438 inch D. 0.450 inch
02819.	A high reading is only indicated at the salinity cell labeled "6" shown in the illustration. This would be the probable result of (See illustration GS-0053)
	A. a minor tube leak in the distillate condenser in item "III" B. a faulty cell at this location C. the compensating temperature is set too low for this cell location D. All of the above

- 02820. As shown in the illustration, a section of standard weight seamless steel pipe, has an external diameter of 6.6 inches. When the pipe, is bent into a 90 degree turn, the length of the outside edge of the curve "A-B" will exceed the length of the inside edge of the curve "C-D" by (See illustration GS-0108)
 - Α.
 - 10.367 inches 13.006 inches 15.367 inches 19.059 inches В.
- 02821. If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 91 gpm
 - 26 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 52 gpm 104 gpm
- The lathe tool shown as figure "O" in the illustration is commonly used 02822. for . (See illustration GS-0090)
 - A. cutting-off
 - B. left hand side facing
 - C. right hand turning
 - D. grooving
- Minor repairs may be performed on low pressure refrigerant systems without recovering the refrigerant charge if the pressure in the system is raised to atmospheric. How may this be accomplished?
 - A. heat the refrigerant
 - B. pressurize the system with nitrogen
 - C. charge the system until it is completely filled with liquid refrigerant
 - open the system vent to the atmosphere and allow the pressure to equalize
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 02828. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 28 gpm
 - B. 110 gpm
 - C. 38 gpm
 - 55 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 44 gpm
 - В.
 - 88 gpm 157 gpm С.
 - 176 gpm D.

02831.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making	100
	strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and of	operating
	with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this p	pump?

- A. 67 gpm B. 223 gpm
- C. 135 gpm
- 270 gpm
- If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "D" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 42302833. pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
 - A. 118 1bs B. 127 1bs

 - C. 140 1bs
 - 150 1bs
- If your vessel burns 5 tons of fuel per hour at 23 knots, how many tons 02838. per hour will it burn at 18 knots?
 - A. 2.4 tons
 - B. 3.9 tons
 - 3.1 tons C.
 - 3.3 tons
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 02839. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 672 gpm
 - B. 195 gpm
 - 970 gpm C.
 - 390 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating 02840. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 308 gpm Α.
 - B. 154 gpm
 - C.
 - 77 gpm 840 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 02841. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 143 gpm
 - B. 286 gpm
 - C.
 - 726 gpm 672 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating 02842. with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 25 gpm 59 gpm В.
 - 50 gpm C.
 - 99 gpm D.

02846.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "I" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. 0.220 inch B. 0.246 inch C. 0.250 inch D. 0.253 inch
02847.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 105 gpm B. 314 gpm C. 52 gpm D. 209 gpm
02848.	If the system illustrated is operated at sea and the strainer in line "4" becomes fouled, this will result in (See illustration GS-0053)
	 A. a significant reduction in distillate production B. pump "K" becoming vapor bound C. the temperature regulated by "L" difficult to maintain D. nothing unusual for the area of operation indicated
02850.	Which of the illustrated lathe tools would be used to produce a rough cut to the left for the stock in figure IV? (See illustration GS-0009)
	A. C B. D C. E D. F
02851.	Which of the figures in the fastener illustration GS-0080 would be used with figure "C" in illustration GS-0015? (See illustration GS-0080 and GS-0015)
	A. figure A B. figure D C. figure F D. figure K
02853.	As shown in the illustration, a section of standard weight, seamless steel pipe, has an external diameter of 5.2 inches. When the pipe, is bent into a 90 degree turn, the length of the outside edge of the curve "A-B" will exceed the length of the inside edge of the curve "C-D" by (See illustration GS-0108)
	A. 7.980 inches B. 8.168 inches C. 13.168 inches D. 16.127 inches
02856.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 25 gpm B. 99 gpm C. 32 gpm

02858.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 200 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 92 gpm B. 46 gpm C. 180 gpm D. 183 gpm
02859.	If your vessel burns 6 tons of fuel per hour at 22 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 17 knots?
	A. 4.6 tons B. 3.9 tons C. 2.8 tons D. 1.7 tons
02860.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 80% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 98 gpm B. 272 gpm C. 196 gpm D. 49 gpm
02862.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 59 gpm B. 25 gpm C. 50 gpm D. 99 gpm
02866.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 107 gpm B. 53 gpm C. 80 gpm D. 27 gpm
02867.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 49 gpm B. 99 gpm C. 32 gpm D. 25 gpm
02870.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "G" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 236 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)

A. 12 1bs B. 59 1bs C. 79 1bs D. 94 1bs

- .02872. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 200 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 46 gpm
 - 92 gpm В.
 - 183 gpm С.
 - 180 gpm
 - If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 81% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 25 gpm
 - В. 59 gpm
 - 50 gpm C.
 - 99 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 200 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 02875. with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 11 gpm Α.
 - 46 gpm В.
 - 23 gpm
 - 40 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 02876. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 39 gpm 77 gpm 157 gpm
 - В.
 - С.
 - 105 gpm
- 02879. If your vessel burns 8 tons of fuel per hour at 15 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 19 knots?
 - 12.8 tons Α.
 - В. 16.3 tons
 - C. 10.6 tons
 - 10.1 tons
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 02880. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 110 gpm
 - 28 gpm В.
 - 55 gpm C.
 - 38 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 31 gpm
 - 123 gpm В.
 - C. 61 gpm
 - 51 gpm

02882.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 22 gpm B. 44 gpm C. 88 gpm D. 20 gpm
02883.	If your vessel burns 8 tons of fuel per hour at 15 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 20 knots?
	A. 11.7 tons B. 10.7 tons C. 19.0 tons D. 14.2 tons
02886.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 270 gpm B. 67 gpm C. 135 gpm D. 223 gpm
02887.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 82 gpm B. 330 gpm C. 165 gpm D. 407 gpm
02888.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 90 gpm B. 180 gpm C. 360 gpm D. 529 gpm
02890.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 81% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 25 gpm B. 99 gpm C. 59 gpm D. 50 gpm
02891.	The lubrication of a high speed bearing depends upon a system that produces
	A. adequate quantity at sufficient pressure B. high detergent oil with pressure additives C. constant viscosity lubrication D. a minimum of 15 psi (103.4 kPa) to all parts of the system

02892.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 94 gpm B. 47 gpm C. 187 gpm D. 206 gpm
02893.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 36 gpm B. 45 gpm C. 18 gpm D. 72 gpm
02895.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 14 gpm B. 28 gpm C. 19 gpm D. 7 gpm
02896.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 43 gpm B. 86 gpm C. 100 gpm D. 172 gpm
02899.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 51 gpm B. 31 gpm C. 61 gpm D. 123 gpm
02900.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 33 gpm B. 49 gpm C. 25 gpm D. 98 gpm
02902.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "G" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 254 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 13 1bs B. 43 1bs C. 64 1bs D. 102 1bs

- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with 5" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 82 gpm B. 132 gpm
 - C. 164 gpm
 - 41 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating 02906. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 150 gpm В.
 - C. 193 gpm
 - D. 300 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 8" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 02908. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 240 gpm
 - B. 120 gpm C. 329 gpm

 - 479 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 02909. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 113 gpm B. 225 gpm
 - C. 56 gpm
 - 270 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 02910. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 159 gpm
 - B. 345 gpm
 - C. 319 gpm
 - 80 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating 02911. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 86 gpm
 - 172 gpm В.
 - 343 gpm C.
 - 400 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 02912. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 217 gpm
 - B. 108 gpm
 - 403 gpm
 - 434 gpm

02914.	The primary purpose of the thermostatic expansion valve in a typical multi-box shipboard refrigeration system is to
	A. control the refrigerated space temperature B. regulate the compressor suction pressure C. regulate the amount of refrigerant superheat leaving the evaporator D. control the refrigerant temperature entering the evaporator
02916.	The lathe tools shown as figure "M" in the illustration are commonly known as (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. form tools B. curve cutting tools C. parting tools D. universal turning tools
02917.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 102 gpm B. 204 gpm C. 51 gpm D. 245 gpm
02920.	A micrometer scale reading is indicated as 0.254 inches and is represented in the illustration by (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. Figure C B. Figure D C. Figure G D. Figure I
02922.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 8" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 120 gpm B. 329 gpm C. 479 gpm D. 240 gpm
02923.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 113 gpm B. 56 gpm C. 225 gpm D. 270 gpm
02926.	As shown in the illustration, a section of standard weight, seamless steel pipe, has an external diameter of 4.6 inches. When the pipe, is bent into a 90 degree turn, the length of the outside edge of the curve "A-B" will exceed the length of the inside edge of the curve "C-D" by
	A. 5.246 inches B. 6.113 inches C. 7.226 inches D. 7.435 inches

02928.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "G" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 294 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 74 lbs. B. 90 lbs. C. 98 lbs. D. 118 lbs.
02929.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 80 gpm B. 159 gpm C. 319 gpm D. 345 gpm
02930.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 86 gpm B. 343 gpm C. 172 gpm D. 400 gpm
02931.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 108 gpm B. 434 gpm C. 403 gpm D. 217 gpm
02932.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 102 gpm B. 51 gpm C. 204 gpm D. 245 gpm
02936.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 67 gpm B. 135 gpm C. 270 gpm D. 245 gpm
02937.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110

strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

A. 47 gpm B. 187 gpm C. 94 gpm D. 206 gpm

02938.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 27 gpm B. 107 gpm C. 80 gpm D. 53 gpm
02940.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 25 gpm B. 39 gpm C. 49 gpm D. 98 gpm
02942.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 79% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 52 gpm B. 26 gpm C. 72 gpm D. 103 gpm
02943.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 79 gpm B. 237 gpm C. 158 gpm D. 39 gpm
02946.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 89 gpm B. 266 gpm C. 178 gpm D. 44 gpm
02949.	A micrometer scale reading is indicated as 0.349 inches and is represented in the illustration by (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. Figure A B. Figure B C. Figure C D. Figure G
02950.	If the system illustrated is operated using the steam supply through

Α.

В.

C.

a reduction in distillate production pump "K" becoming vapor bound the temperature regulated by "L" difficult to maintain nothing unusual for the type of operation indicated as this line was unnecessary in the installation

02951.	In the illustrated system, which of the following readings should be indicated on the pressure gage? (See illustration GS-0062)
	A. 8000 psi B. 1000 psi C. 64000 psi D. 125 psi
02953.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "G" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 334 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 54 lbs B. 61 lbs C. 77 lbs D. 84 lbs
02956.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 209 gpm B. 52 gpm C. 105 gpm D. 314 gpm
02958.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 83% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 59 gpm B. 71 gpm C. 30 gpm D. 119 gpm
02959.	If it is necessary to prevent the rudder from moving while a repair is made on the steering system using the illustrated actuator (See illustration GS-0116)
	 A. screw in the locking pin, item "J" B. tighten the locking screws in item "S" C. tighten the locking pins, item "H" at each position of item "I" to keep the rudder from swinging D. secure the valves in the supply and return lines
02961.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 59 gpm B. 24 gpm C. 94 gpm D. 47 gpm
02963.	Which of the illustrated lathe tools should be used to produce the groove in the stock in figure VII? (See illustration GS-0009)
	A. B B. D C. E

- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 626 gpm
 - B. 134 gpm
 - C. 268 gpm
 - 537 gpm Ď.
- Newly developed refrigerants, used to reduce stratospheric ozone 02967. depletion, are sometimes referred to as azeotropic. This means that the resulting liquid
 - will condense at a temperature lower than the boiling point of the component with the lowest boiling point
 - boils at a temperature equal to the boiling point of the component В. with the lowest boiling point
 - will condense at a temperature equal to the highest condensation point of the component with a condensation point equal to any one of the components
 - boils at a temperature independent of any individual components in the mixture
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating 02970. with 83% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - В.
 - С.
 - 67 gpm 135 gpm 247 gpm 270 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 02971. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 30 gpm
 - 9 gpm В.
 - 36 gpm C.
 - 18 gpm
- In the illustrated system, which of the following readings should be 02972. indicated on the pressure gage? (See illustration GS-0062)
 - 800 psi Α.
 - В.
 - 8000 psi 80000 psi С.
 - 80 psi D.
- As shown in the illustration, a section of standard weight, seamless steel pipe, has an external diameter of 3.8 inches. When the pipe, is 02976. bent into a 90 degree turn, the length of the outside edge of the curve "A-B" will exceed the length of the inside edge of the curve "C-D" by (See illustration GC-0108)
 - 1.097 inches Α.
 - 1.571 inches В.
 - 4.712 inches C.
 - D. 5.969 inches

02977.	With regards to the illustrated rudder, the pivot point and connection to the vessel is provided by (See illustration GS-0131)			
	A. rudder stock B. stern post C. clevis post D. gudgeon and pintle			
02978.	The compressor in figure 4, if permitted to operate as illustrated will (See illustration GS-0159)			
	 A. loose its volumetric efficiency B. damage the bearings of the motor C. trip the breaker when being restarted for the first time after replacing the belts D. result in a constant enlargement of the clearance expansion volume 			
02979.	The entire cab and boom of the hydraulic crane illustrated can rotate. The direction and rate of rotation is controlled by the (See illustration GS-0161)			
	A. variable stroke pump (item #3) B. main pump (item #13) C. control valve (item #1) D. manual control valve (item #10)			
02980.	The wire rope drum used in the illustrated hydraulic crane for lifting loads is prevented from accidentally paying out by (See illustration GS-0161)			
	 A. slightly shifting the hoist valve into position "I" to hold the load in a steady position B. the installation of a braking valve in line "K" to the hydraulic motor C. the use of a spring set, electric solenoid released brake D. components labeled 4 and 5 			
02982.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "G" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 362 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)			
	A. 88 1bs B. 91 1bs C. 121 1bs D. 145 1bs			
02983.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?			
	A. 42 gpm B. 34 gpm C. 21 gpm D. 85 gpm			
02986.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?			
	A. 204 gpm B. 102 gpm C. 245 gpm D. 51 gpm			

02989.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 21 gpm B. 28 gpm C. 11 gpm D. 43 gpm
02990.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 126 gpm B. 63 gpm C. 251 gpm D. 31 gpm
02992.	The discharge valve to pump "O" in the system illustrated is only opened by 25%, this will result in (See illustration GS-0053)
	 A. a reduction in distillate purity B. the pump becoming vapor bound C. valve "S" being actuated and dumping to the bilges after a few hours of operation D. nothing unusual for the type of operation indicated
02993.	If oil under pressure is supplied to the area between "N" and the vane located at "P" in the illustration (See illustration GS-0116)
	 A. "O" will be hydraulically locked in place even though oil is returned to the main pump from the area between "N" and "I" B. "O" will rotate clockwise as oil is returned from the area between "N" and "I" C. "O" will rotate counter-clockwise as oil is returned from the area between "N" and "I" D. "Q" will rotate counter-clockwise as oil is returned from the area between "N" and "I"
02996.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 119 gpm B. 85 gpm C. 42 gpm D. 170 gpm
02997.	In the illustrated system, which of the following readings should be indicated on the pressure gage? (See illustration GS-0062)

A. 10000 psi B. 80000 psi C. 1250 psi D. 156.25 psi

02998.	Which single illustrated lathe tool could be used to turn down the stock in figure II? (See illustration GS-0009)
	A. A B. B C. C D. G
02999.	In the circle illustrated, the circumference is 56.52 inches. What is the area of the shaded portion? (See illustration GS-0134)
	A. 23.1 square inches B. 27.6 square inches C. 21.7 square inches D. 43.3 square inches
03000.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 45 gpm B. 36 gpm C. 18 gpm D. 72 gpm
03003.	The working depth of the gear illustrated is represented by (See illustration GS-0111)
	A. A B. B C. C D. I
03006.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 45 gpm B. 181 gpm C. 91 gpm D. 249 gpm
03007.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 84 gpm B. 50 gpm C. 101 gpm D. 202 gpm
03008.	In the illustrated system, which of the following readings should be indicated on the pressure gage? (See illustration GS-0062)
	A. 10000 psi B. 100000 psi C. 100 psi D. 1000 psi

03009.	In the illustrated system, which of the following readings should be indicated on the pressure gage? (See illustration GS-0062).
	A. 291 psi B. 832 psi C. 628 psi D. 220 psi
03010.	In the circle illustrated, the circumference is 157.6 inches. What is the area of the shaded portion? (See illustration GS-0134)
	A. 394.0 square inches B. 168.5 square inches C. 337.0 square inches D. 179.6 square inches
03011.	Oil is supplied to the steering gear illustrated (See illustration GS-0116)
	 A. through flexible hydraulic hoses via the connection ports located in the top surface of "O" B. via the connections indicated as "J" C. through high pressure piping at "A" and then internal ports provided in the housing assembly "U" D. via hydraulic hoses connected to the orifices in "B"
03012.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 19 gpm B. 7 gpm C. 14 gpm D. 28 gpm
03016.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "G" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 378 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 95 1bs B. 119 1bs C. 126 1bs D. 151 1bs
03017.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 73 gpm B. 44 gpm C. 87 gpm D. 174 gpm
03018.	The wire rope drum used in the illustrated hydraulic crane for lifting loads is prevented from accidentally paying out by (See illustration GS-0161)
	 A. using a bi-directional, variable stroke, hydraulic motor B. a counter balance valve similar to that used in the boom circuit C. the use of a spring set, hydraulically released brake and a braking valve D. barely shifting valve #8 into envelope #"I"

03019.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 47 gpm B. 35 gpm C. 140 gpm D. 70 gpm
03021.	In the illustrated system, which of the following readings should be indicated on the pressure gage? (See illustration GS-0062)
	A. 66.66 psi B. 8000 psi C. 55.55 psi D. 96000 psi
03022.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 73 gpm B. 291 gpm C. 145 gpm D. 349 gpm
03023.	In the circle illustrated, the circumference is 125.6 inches. What is the area of the shaded portion? (See illustration GS-0134)
	A. 234.0 square inches B. 107.0 square inches C. 114.1 square inches D. 214.0 square inches
03026.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 119 gpm B. 30 gpm C. 60 gpm D. 104 gpm
03027.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 100 gpm B. 43 gpm C. 172 gpm D. 86 gpm
03028.	In the illustration, line "K" is a (See illustration GS-0006)
	A. dimension line B. leader line C. cutting plane line D. phantom line

The illustrated shaft has an overall length of 42 inches. If the diameter of "E" = 4.750" and "F" = 6", with an indicated radius of "R" = .125" and the taper per foot, "L" = 1.5"; then the tapered length "X" . (See illustration GS-0133) 6.000 inches Α. 7.812 inches В. C. 8.000 inches 10.00 inches 03030. You are responsible for operating an 8,000 GPD evaporator similar to the unit illustrated. The salt water feed pump and pump "N" are identically constructed. If the vapor pressure in chamber "II" is 2.1 psia, with a feed temperature of 170 F; operating pump "N" with the . (See illustration GS-0053) discharge valve 100% open will A. produce the designed quantity of distillate B. contribute to chamber "II" and "III" operating at the same absolute pressure increase the purity of the distillate D. produce a higher than normal brine concentrate The illustrated shaft has an overall length of 15 inches. If the diameter of "E" = 2.5" and "F" = 3.5", with an indicated radius of "R" = .125" and the length of the tapered section "X" is to be 5"; then the 03032. amount of tailstock offset should be ? (See illustration GS-0133) 0.750" B. 0.833" C. 1.250" D. 1.500" 03033. If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 39 gpm В. 30 gpm C. 118 gpm 59 gpm D. The compressor in figure 5, if permitted to operate as illustrated will 03036. . (See illustration GS-0159) A. severely damage the V-grooves of the pulley B. displace the crankshaft and increase the side thrust on the pistons C. trip the breaker when being restarted for the first time after replacing the belts permit the new belts to slip off 03037. If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 8" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 106 gpm Α. B. 170 gpm C. 53 gpm 213 gpm In the circle illustrated, the circumference is 75.36 inches. What is 03038. the area of the shaded portion? (See illustration GS-0134) A. 65.0 square inches

1-50

B. 41.1 square inchesC. 38.5 square inchesD. 77.0 square inches

03039.	The valve in the line, labeled "C" in the illustrated system, should be opened (See illustration GS-0163)			
	A. when filling the tank B. when discharging the pulverized material after it has been fluidized and aerated. C. after the tank is full to check the level of bulk material D. when the tank is empty to prevent condensation from accumulating			
03040.	In the illustrated system, which of the following readings should be indicated on the pressure gage? (See illustration GS-0062).			
	A. 785 psi B. 353 psi C. 629 psi D. 283 psi			
03041.	The maximum diameter of the device illustrated is (See illustration GS-0008)			
	A. 1.275 inches B. 1.522 inches C. 1.749 inches D. 3.752 inches			
03042.	The section of flange illustrated and indicated as "D" is a(See illustration GS-0018)			
	A. van stone flange B. socket weld flange C. slip type and welded flange D. threaded flange			
03043.	Which of the listed welded joints represents the least amount of preparation? (See illustration GS-0077)			
	A. 1B B. 3A C. 3B D. 4A			
03044.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?			
	A. 140 gpm B. 186 gpm C. 70 gpm D. 279 gpm			
03046.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "G" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 394 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)			
	A. 70 1bs B. 82 1bs C. 99 1bs D. 131 1bs			

03050.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 68 gpm B. 56 gpm C. 34 gpm D. 135 gpm
03051.	The backlash of the gear illustrated is represented by (See illustration GS-0111)
	A. G B. M C. N D. O
03052.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 33 gpm B. 50 gpm C. 67 gpm D. 17 gpm
03053.	You are responsible for operating an 8,000 GPD evaporator similar to the unit illustrated. The salt water feed pump and pump "N" are identically constructed. If the vapor pressure in chamber "II" is 2.1 psia, with a feed temperature of 170°F; operating pump "N" with the discharge valve only 75% open, this will more than likely (See illustration GS-0053)
	 A. produce the designed quantity of distillate B. contribute to chamber "II" and "III" operating at the same absolute pressure C. increase the purity of the distillate D. decrease the purity of the distillate
03056.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 133 gpm B. 59 gpm C. 30 gpm D. 118 gpm
03057.	In the illustrated system, which of the following readings should be indicated on the pressure gage? (See illustration GS-0062).
	A. 255 psi B. 565 psi C. 942 psi D. 424 psi
03059.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 277 gpm B. 491 gpm C. 453 gpm D. 113 gpm

03060.	In the hydraulic anchor windlass system illustrated, pressure relief of the main pressure piping is provided by (See illustration GS-0160)				
	A. D B. E C. L D. M				
03061.	In the illustration which of the pair of letters represent the same physical features of the device shown? (See illustration GS-0033)				
	A. B and C B. A and D C. A and B D. B and D				
03066.	In the illustration, line "F" is a/an (See illustration GS-0006)				
	A. assembly line B. break line C. cutting plane line D. phantom line				
03067.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?				
	A. 134 gpm B. 347 gpm C. 267 gpm D. 67 gpm				
03068.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?				
	A. 196 gpm B. 98 gpm C. 137 gpm D. 49 gpm				
03069.	In the diagram, items "2A and 2B" represent the overboard discharge valves of the ballast system illustrated. Which of the following statements is correct if the length between perpendiculars is 500 feet, and the through hull opening is four feet above the summer loadline? (See illustration GS-0125)				
	 A. Valve 2A must be positive closing, in addition to the indicated automatic non-return valve. B. Valve 2B must be positive closing, in addition to the indicated automatic non-return valve. C. Both valves must be positive closing, in addition to the ability to provide automatic non-return. D. Only one valve is required, but must be positive closing and of the automatic non-return type. 				

03071.	with S=10 and T=50 lbs. When an 48 inch cheater bar is used instead, and V=50 lbs., as shown in Figure "II", how much does the torque on the
	valve stem increase with the use of the cheater bar? (See illustration GS-0109)

- A. 480%
- 102% В.
- 4900% C.
- 500% D.
- The illustrated shaft has an overall length of 42 inches. If the diameter of "F" = 6" and "X" = 6", with an indicated radius of "R" = .125" and a taper per foot, of "L" = 1.5"; then the small diameter "E" (See illustration GS-0133)
 - 5.000 inches Α.
 - B. 6.000 inches
 - 6.333 inches 7.812 inches C.
 - D.
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 33 gpm
 - B. 49 gpm
 - C. 49 gpm
 - 98 gpm
- 03076. If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "G" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 478 pound load stationary would be ____ (See illustration GS-0110)
 - Α. 82 1bs
 - 111 1bs 115 1bs В.
 - С.
 - 120 lbs
- 03077. In the illustrated system, which of the following readings should be indicated on the pressure gage? (See illustration GS-0062)
 - Α. 611 psi
 - В. 471 psi
 - C.
 - 942 psi 306 psi
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating 03078. with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 207 gpm
 - В. 483 gpm
 - C. 104 gpm
 - 414 gpm
- In the circle illustrated, the circumference is 35.84 feet. What is the 03079. area of the shaded portion? (See illustration GS-0134)
 - 2.7 square feet
 - В. 0.5 square feet
 - C. 9.3 square feet
 - 17.4 square feet

03080.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 244 gpm B. 570 gpm C. 122 gpm D. 488 gpm
03081.	A valve connected to the vent line labeled "C" in the illustration should be opened (See illustration GS-0163)
	 A. when flushing the pressure tank with firemain water B. by a pressure relief valve when the pressure exceeds the preset level, usually 42 psig (2.98 kg/cm2) C. at all times, except when the tank is pressurized for discharging or aerating the bulk material D. when filling the tank or to insure that the tank is not pressurized prior to entering for cleaning and inspection
03082.	In the hydraulic anchor windlass system illustrated, pressurized fluid flow to provide rotation of the wildcat is produced by (See illustration GS-0160)
	A. A B. F C. J D. K
03083.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 152 gpm B. 67 gpm C. 133 gpm D. 267 gpm
03086.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 226 gpm B. 113 gpm C. 204 gpm D. 57 gpm
03087.	The letter "H" of the illustrated gear, represents the (See illustration GS-0111)
	A. tooth profile B. tooth fillet C. bottom land D. top land
03088.	The safety feature for assisting the illustrated hydraulic crane to maintain the required boom angle is a function of the (See illustration GS-0161)
	A. braking valve B. counter-balance valve C. control valve (item #9) D. sequencing valve (item #7)

03089.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?				
	В.	267 134 347	gpm		

- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 03090. with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 81 gpm

D. 67 gpm

- B. 54 gpm C. 161 gpm
- D. 40 gpm
- The illustrated shaft has an overall length of 42 inches. If the diameter of "E" = 4.75" and "F" = 6", with an indicated radius of "R" = 03091. .125" and the length of "X" = 8"; then the TPF (taper per foot) is . (Šee illustration GS-0133)
 - 1.125 TPF Α.
 - 1.250 TPF 1.500 TPF В.
 - C.
 - 1.875 TPF
- In the hydraulic crane illustrated, the hydraulic motor shows signs of 03093. rotating with difficulty and is rising in temperature. The probable . (See illustration GS-0160) cause is the
 - item #5 is not opening
 - B. item #4 does not actuate and prevents the brake from releasing
 - drain line from the hydraulic motor casing has become blocked
 - hydraulic pump is producing a higher than designed flow rate
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating 03095. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 193 gpm
 - B. 75 gpm
 - 300 gpm С.
 - D. 150 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03096. with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 453 gpm B. 227 gpm

 - C. 491 gpm
 - 113 gpm
- 03097. In the illustrated system, which of the following readings should be indicated on the pressure gage? (See illustration GS-0062)
 - 318 psi
 - 796 psi В.
 - 314 psi C.
 - 785 psi

03098.	In the hydraulic anchor windlass system illustrated, pressurized fluid flow is provided to the main system for automatic replenisment and to (See illustration GS-0160)
	 A. release the spring set brake B. provide fluid flow to the servo control unit C. shift valve "L" to line up the fluid motor relief valve D. move stored oil across the indicated filter to maintain the oil in a water free condition
03099.	In the circle illustrated, the circumference is 43.96 feet. What is the area of the shaded portion? (See illustration GS-0134)
	A. 10.5 square feet B. 14.0 square feet C. 2.4 square feet D. 26.2 square feet
03102.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "G" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 594 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 149 lbs B. 160 lbs C. 198 lbs D. 238 lbs
03103.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 270 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 99 gpm B. 66 gpm C. 33 gpm D. 132 gpm
03105.	The physical feature indicated for each of the smallest diameter ends of the device illustrated is that they are (See illustration GS-0008)
	A. threaded B. smooth surfaced with opposing machined flats C. smoothed surfaced only D. threaded with opposing machined flats
03106.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 83% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 38 gpm B. 76 gpm C. 66 gpm D. 19 gpm
03107.	As shown in the illustration, the total number of materials indicated is(See illustration GS-0018)
	A. one B. three C. four D. five

03108.	In the circle illustrated, the circumference is 62.8 feet. What is the area of the shaded portion? (See illustration GS-0134)
	A. 28.5 square feet B. 38.5 square feet C. 15.1 square feet D. 53.5 square feet
03109.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 319 gpm B. 159 gpm C. 345 gpm D. 80 gpm
03115.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 35 gpm B. 11 gpm C. 21 gpm D. 42 gpm
03116.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 104 gpm B. 60 gpm C. 30 gpm D. 119 gpm
03117.	In the unit illustrated, the feedwater temperature is required to be increased to 165 F or greater and must exsist at this temperature when leaving (See illustration GS-0053)
	A. I B. III C. IV D. V
03118.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 220 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 29 gpm B. 49 gpm C. 59 gpm D. 15 gpm
03120.	In the diagram, items "2A and 2B" represent the overboard discharge valves of the ballast system illustrated. Which of the following statements is correct if the length between perpendiculars is 500 feet, and the through hull opening is eleven feet above the summer loadline? (See illustration GS-0125)
	A. Valve 2A must be positive closing, in addition to the indicated automatic non-return valve.
	B. Valve 2B must be positive closing, in addition to the indicated automatic non-return valve.C. Only one automatic non-return valve is required.
	D. Both valves are correct as indicated in the illustration.

03121.	In the hydraulic anchor windlass system illustrated, the main pressure relief valve opens as the load increases its strain on the system. The probable cause is the (See illustration GS-0160)
	 A. replenishing pump discharge check valves are continuously open B. relief valve control shuttle has shifted to the wrong position during the windlass operation C. manual transfer valve is in the wrong position for the main pump
	being operated D. spring set point for "I" is too high for normal loads
03122.	The illustrated shaft has an overall length of 42 inches. If the diameter of "E" = 2.500 " and "F" = 3.750 ", with an indicated radius of "R" = $.125$ " and the taper per foot, "L" = 1.5 "; then the tapered length "X" is (See illustration GS-0133)
	A. 5.000 inches B. 6.000 inches C. 8.000 inches D. 10.00 inches
03123.	The gear clearance of the illustrated gear is represented by (See illustration GS-0111)
	A. B B. D C. G D. M
03125.	A valve attached to line "H" in the illustration, should be opened (See illustration GS-0163)
	 A. to backflush the pressure vessel with jet air B. as a gravity discharge for the fluidized material if the discharge line becomes clogged C. to drain moisture and dirt from the bottom of the tank D. to precharge the bottom of the pressure vessel with dry nitrogen prior to discharging bulk material
03126.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 91 gpm B. 26 gpm C. 104 gpm D. 52 gpm
03129.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 172 gpm B. 343 gpm C. 400 gpm D. 86 gpm
03130.	The pitch radius of the gear illustrated is represented by (See illustration GS-0111)
	A. D B. E C. L D. P

03132.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 230 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 78% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 120 gpm B. 34 gpm C. 137 gpm D. 68 gpm
03133.	In the illustration, the area identified by 7/8" is an example of a (See illustration GS-0016)
	A. uniform diameter B. radius C. taper D. chamfer
03137.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 54 gpm B. 65 gpm C. 274 gpm D. 109 gpm
03139.	Line "C" as shown in the illustration represents (See illustration GS-0033)
	A. the diameter of the hole B. a mechanical connection between the two items illustrated C. a hidden line D. the center of the items illustrated
03140.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 217 gpm B. 403 gpm C. 434 gpm D. 108 gpm
03141.	If your ship burns 8 tons of fuel per hour at 15 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 18 knots?
	A. 13.8 tons B. 9.6 tons C. 11.5 tons D. 9.5 tons
03145.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "G" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 642 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 132 1bs. B. 161 1bs. C. 214 1bs. D. 257 1bs.

03146.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 210 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 62 gpm B. 108 gpm C. 31 gpm D. 123 gpm
03148.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 37 gpm B. 74 gpm C. 123 gpm D. 18 gpm
03151.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 80 gpm B. 27 gpm C. 107 gpm D. 53 gpm
03152.	Your ship has steamed 1786 miles at 17 knots using 515 tons of fuel oil. The distance remaining to your next port is 1922 miles. If you increase speed to 20 knots, how much fuel will be used to reach that port?
	A. 902 tons B. 767 tons C. 858 tons D. 652 tons
03155.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 27 gpm B. 108 gpm C. 54 gpm D. 81 gpm
03157.	The illustrated shaft has an overall length of 42 inches. If the diameter of "F" = 3.75" and "X" = 6", with an indicated radius of "R" = .125" and a taper per foot, of "L" = 1.5"; then the small diameter "E" is (See illustration GS-0133)
	A. 2.500 inches B. 4.333 inches C. 5.333 inches D. 10.00 inches
03158.	Which of the listed illustrated figures represents the lathe tool used for facing figure VI? (See illustration GS-0009)
	A. A B. B C. C D. F

- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 82% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - B. 55 gpm C. 62 gpm

 - 16 gpm
- 03161. Figure "I" shown in the illustration is a diagram of a valve handwheel, with S=12 and T=50 lbs. When an 30 inch cheater bar is used instead, and V=50 lbs., as shown in Figure "II", how much does the torque on the valve stem increase with the use of the cheater bar? (See illustration GS-0109)
 - Α. 150%
 - 250% В.
 - 4000% C.
 - 600% D.
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03162. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 145 gpm
 - В. 349 gpm

 - C. 291 gpm D. 73 gpm
- 03163. The compressor in figure 4, if permitted to operate as illustrated will (See illustration GS-0159)
 - Α. damage the bearings of the compressor
 - lose a percentage of its volumetric efficiency
 - C. trip the breaker when being restarted for the first time after replacing the belts
 - result in a constant enlargement of the clearance expansion volume D.
- 03165. If your ship burns 8 tons of fuel per hour at 15 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 19 knots?
 - A. 10.1 tons
 - B. 12.8 tons
 - C. 16.3 tons
 - D. 10.5tons
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03166.
 - A. 40 gpm
 - B. 80 gpm
 - C. 134 gpm
 - D. 20 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 49 gpm
 - B. 39 gpm
 - 25 gpm C.
 - 98 gpm

- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03169. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 206 gpm
 - 378 gpm В.
 - C. 103 gpm
 - 412 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 03171. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 21 gpm
 - В. 35 gpm
 - C. 11 gpm
 - 42 gpm
- The proper valve alignment for circulating mud in the starboard forward 03173. tank in the illustration, is for valves (See illustration GS-0162)

 - "E", "F", "J" and "K" open, and all other valves closed "E", "R", "J", "K" and "S" open and a weighted hose connecting "R" and "S"

 - "E", "F", "B" and "D" open and all other valves closed
 "E", "F", "A", "B" and "D" open, all other valves closed
- 03176. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 80% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 260 gpm Α.
 - 608 gpm 521 gpm 130 gpm В.

 - D.
- Your ship has steamed 1856 miles at 18 knots using 545 tons of fuel oil. The distance remaining to your next port is 1978 miles. If you increase speed to 22 knots, how much fuel will be used to reach that port?
 - Α. 1060 tons
 - В. 690 tons
 - 710 tons С.
 - D. 868 tons
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03178. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 52 gpm Α.
 - В.
 - 91 gpm 104 gpm С.
 - D. 26 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03185. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 104 gpm
 - 52 gpm В.
 - 91 gpm C.
 - D. 26 gpm

03187.	If your ship burns 8 tons of fuel per hour at 15 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 20 knots?
	A. 19.0 tons B. 10.7 tons C. 14.2 tons D. 11.7 tons
03188.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 220 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 29 gpm B. 49 gpm C. 15 gpm D. 59 gpm
03192.	Your ship has steamed 1940 miles at 21 knots using 635 tons of fuel oil. The distance remaining to your next port is 1833 miles. If you increase speed to 25 knots, how much fuel will be used to reach that port?
	A. 1012 tons B. 850 tons C. 455 tons D. 714 tons
03195.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 50 gpm B. 75 gpm C. 37 gpm D. 150 gpm
03196.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 80 gpm B. 160 gpm C. 96 gpm D. 40 gpm
03197.	In the illustration, line "B" is a/an (See illustration GS-0006)
	A. hidden line B. sectioning line C. outline D. phantom line
3198	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 109 gpm B. 54 gpm C. 95 gpm D. 27 gpm

03199.	strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 81 gpm B. 27 gpm C. 54 gpm D. 108 gpm
03201.	The illustrated shaft has an overall length of 42 inches. If the diameter of "E" = 2.5" and "F" = 6", with an indicated radius of "R" = .125" and the length of "X" = 8"; then the TPF (taper per foot) is (See illustration GS-0133)
	A. 0.125 TPF B. 1.250 TPF C. 1.500 TPF D. 1.875 TPF
03202.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 141 gpm B. 24 gpm C. 94 gpm D. 47 gpm
03203.	The base radius of the gear illustrated is represented by (See illustration GS-0111)
	A. D B. E C. L D. P
03205.	The letter "B" shown in the illustration represents(See illustration GS-0033)
	A. the minor diameter of threads to be machined B. a blind hole C. a continuous square hole D. only hidden lines
03207.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 47 gpm B. 94 gpm C. 59 gpm D. 24 gpm
03208.	If your ship burns 8 tons of fuel per hour at 15 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 21 knots?
	A. 11.2 tons B. 22.0 tons C. 15.7 tons D. 12.9 tons
	•

- 03210. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 64 gpm 129 gpm В.
 - 77 gpm C.
 - 32 gpm
- 03211. The proper valve alignment for discharging liquid mud from the starboard forward tank, in the illustrated system, is for valves . (See illustration GS-0162)
 - Α.
 - , "F", "J", "K" and "S" open, and all other valves closed, "R", "J", "K" and "S" open with the discharge hose connected "E" В. "E", "F to "S"
 - "A", "B" and "D" open to pressure the tank with the discharge valve "R" open and the discharge hose connected to "R", and all other valves closed
 - "B", "D", "E" and "S" open with the discharge hose connected at "S", and all other valves closed
- 03213. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 94 gpm
 - В. 206 gpm
 - C. 47 gpm
 - 187 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 80% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 608 gpm
 - B. 260 gpm
 - C. 130 gpm
 - 521 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 21 gpm
 - B. 28 gpm
 - C. 43 gpm
 - 11 gpm
- Your ship has steamed 1651 miles at 20 knots using 580 tons of fuel oil. The distance remaining to your next port is 1790 miles. If you increase speed to 20 knots, how much fuel will be used to reach that port?
 - A. 327 tons
 - B. 1422 tons
 - C. 384 tons
 - 452 tons

03220.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180
	strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating
	with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- A. 108 gpm B. 352 gpm C. 54 gpm
- 54 gpm
- D. 216 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 18 gpm Α.
 - B. 30 gpm
 - C. 36 gpm
 - 9 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 250 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating 03225. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 114 gpm Α.
 - В. 57 gpm
 - 86 gpm C.
 - 29 gpm D.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03226.
 - A. 327 gpm B. 163 gpm C. 82 gpm D. 425 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03229. with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 104 gpm B. 121 gpm

 - C.
 - 52 gpm 207 gpm
- If your ship burns 8 tons of fuel per hour at $15\ knots$, how many tons per hour will it burn at $22\ knots$?
 - Α. 11.7 tons
 - B. 17.2 tonsC. 14.2 tons

 - 25.2 tons
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 249 gpm 91 gpm В.
 - 45 gpm 181 gpm С.
 - D.

03235.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "F" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 262 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 52 1bs B. 59 1bs C. 66 1bs D. 87 1bs
03236.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 85 gpm B. 119 gpm C. 42 gpm D. 170 gpm
03237.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 49 gpm B. 98 gpm C. 39 gpm D. 25 gpm
03238.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 91 gpm B. 45 gpm C. 167 gpm D. 23 gpm
03241.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 174 gpm B. 87 gpm C. 73 gpm D. 44 gpm
03242.	Your ship has steamed 1945 miles at 21 knots using 635 tons of fuel oil. The distance remaining to your next port is 1750 miles. If you decrease speed to 16 knots, how much fuel will be used to reach that port?
	A. 332 tons B. 253 tons C. 1662 tons D. 435 tons
03243.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 8" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 856 gpm B. 428 gpm C. 214 gpm D. 695 gpm

03246.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? A. 202 gpm B. 101 gpm C. 84 gpm D. 50 gpm
03247.	(See illustration GS-0111)
	A. A B. C C. D D. L
03248.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 79% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 72 gpm B. 26 gpm C. 52 gpm D. 103 gpm
03252.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 94 gpm B. 188 gpm C. 78 gpm D. 47 gpm
03253.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 412 gpm B. 206 gpm C. 378 gpm D. 103 gpm
03255.	If your ship burns 5 tons of fuel per hour at 23 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 18 knots?
	A. 3.9 tons B. 2.4 tons C. 3.1 tons D. 3.3 tons
03256.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 98% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 108 gpm B. 216 gpm C. 90 gpm D. 54 gpm

03257.	In the illustration, line "D" is a/an (See illustration GS-0006)
	A. hidden line B. sectioning line C. outline D. phantom line
03258.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 270 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 15 gpm B. 62 gpm C. 31 gpm D. 52 gpm
03261.	The components labeled "T" in the illustration are arranged to (See illustration GS-0162)
	 A. take suction from all areas of the tank B. never point at the bottom of the tank C. prevent barite that settles to the bottom of the tank from reentering the system and preserving the weight of the mud D. introduce inert gas to all areas of the tank to prevent vapors from exceeding the lower explosive level
03266.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 79% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 59 gpm B. 71 gpm C. 30 gpm D. 119 gpm
03267.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 59 gpm B. 39 gpm C. 118 gpm D. 30 gpm
03268.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 98 gpm B. 196 gpm C. 137 gpm D. 49 gpm
03269.	Your ship has steamed 2014 miles at 22 knots using 680 tons of fuel oil. The distance remaining to your next port is 1766 miles. If you decrease speed to 18 knots, how much fuel will be used to reach that port?
	A. 327 tons B. 1220 tons C. 399 tons D. 488 tons

- 03270. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - B. 43 gpm C. 129 gpm
 - 32 gpm
- 03275. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 72 gpm

 - B. 36 gpm C. 45 gpm
 - 18 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating 03278. with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 57 gpm 115 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 29 gpm 115 gpm
- 03279. If your ship burns 6 tons of fuel per hour at 22 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 17 knots?
 - Α. 4.6 tons
 - B. 3.9 tonsC. 1.7 tons

 - D. 2.8 tons
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 207 gpm 236 gpm В.
 - C. 103 gpm
 - 414 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03286. with 98% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 210 gpm
 - В. 105 gpm

 - C. 52 gpm D. 147 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 03287. with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 14 gpm
 - 28 gpm В.
 - 19 gpm C.
 - 7 gpm D.

03289.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? A. 118 gpm B. 59 gpm
	B. 59 gpm C. 133 gpm D. 30 gpm
03290.	The tooth profile of the illustrated gear is represented by (See illustration GS-0111)
	A. F B. H C. I D. J
03291.	Your ship has steamed 2061 miles at 24 knots using 850 tons of fuel oil. The distance remaining to your next port is 1645 miles. If you decrease speed to 19 knots, how much fuel will be used to reach that port?
	A. 425 tons B. 337 tons C. 989 tons D. 537 tons
03292.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 157 gpm B. 78 gpm C. 176 gpm D. 39 gpm
03293.	Figure "I" shown in the illustration is a diagram of a valve handwheel with S=8 and T=50 lbs. When an 24 inch cheater bar is used instead, and V=50 lbs., as shown in Figure "II", how much does the torque on the valve stem increase with the use of the cheater bar? (See illustration GS-0109)
	A. 108% B. 3700% C. 300% D. 400%
03296.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 161 gpm B. 81 gpm C. 54 gpm D. 40 gpm
03298.	The branch circuits labeled "T" in the illustration are designed to (See illustration GS-0162)
	A. equalize mud flow through all of the nozzles B. flush all parts of the tank with seawater during washdown C. comply with oil pollution prevention regulations D. take suction 12" to 14" above the bottom of the tank

- Which of the following statements is correct if the length between perpendiculars is 500 feet, and the through hull opening is five feet above the summer loadline for the generator auxiliary circulating system? (See illustration GS-0125)
 - The inboard valve must be positive closing, in addition to being of the automatic non-return valve type.
 - The outboard valve must be positive closing, in addition to being of the automatic non-return valve type. Only one shutoff valve is required.

 - Two valves are required, and each must be of the automatic nonreturn type.
- 03301. If your ship burns 4 tons of fuel per hour at 21 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 16 knots?
 - 3.0 tons
 - В. 1.8 tons
 - 2.3 tons С.
 - 5.3 tons
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03305. with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 113 gpm
 - 226 gpm В.
 - 249 gpm C.
 - 57 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - В.
 - 48 gpm 96 gpm 176 gpm C.
 - 24 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 270 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 03308. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 31 gpm Α.
 - В.
 - 52 gpm 15 gpm C.
 - 62 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03309. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 86 gpm 100 gpm 172 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 43 gpm
- Your ship has steamed 1951 miles at 20 knots using 580 tons of fuel oil. The distance remaining to your next port is 1861 miles. If you 03311. increase speed to 24 knots, how much fuel will be used to reach that port?
 - 956 tons
 - 525 tons В.
 - 797 tons C.
 - D. 664 tons

03313.	Which of the figures illustrated would not be suitable for use as a set screw? (See illustration GS-0080)
	A. figure A B. figure F C. figure G D. figure L
03316.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 48 gpm B. 193 gpm C. 97 gpm D. 24 gpm
03317.	The device shown in the illustration is a/an (See illustration GS-0116)
	 A. diesel engine motor mount B. vane type steering gear C. oil scraper ring stuffing box for a crosshead engine D. mechanical shaft seal
03320.	The valve labeled "A" in the illustrated system should be opened to (See illustration GS-0162)
	 A. provide cooling for the diesel driven pump B. clean tanks once they are empty C. thin the mud because the weight is excessive D. fill tanks to improve stability by reducing free surface effect
03322.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 137 gpm B. 98 gpm C. 49 gpm D. 196 gpm
03323.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 68 gpm B. 56 gpm C. 34 gpm D. 135 gpm
03326.	If your ship burns 2.9 tons of fuel per hour at 20 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 15 knots?
	A. 2.2 tons B. 1.6 tons C. 6.2 tons D. 1.2 tons

03327.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180
	strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating
	with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- 187 gpm 312 gpm Α.
- В.
- C.
- 97 gpm 312 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 214 gpm
 - 275 gpm В.
 - C. 107 gpm
 - D. 427 gpm
- 03333. If your ship burns 3 tons of fuel per hour at 19 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 15 knots?
 - Α. 1.5 tons

 - B. 2.4 tonsC. 1.9 tons
 - 5.3 tons D.
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03336. with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - В.
 - 163 gpm 425 gpm 327 gpm C.
 - 82 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 03337. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 135 gpm Α.
 - В. 68 gpm
 - C. 56 gpm
 - 34 gpm
- If you have a simplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03338. with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 10 gpm 39 gpm 20 gpm В.
 - С.
 - 108 gpm
- Which of the figures illustrated is not suitable for use as a hexhead 03339. set screw? (See illustration GS-0080)
 - Α. figure C
 - В. figure D
 - C. figure G
 - fiğure L D.

Item "J" in the pump illustration _____. (See illustration GS-0129) should be replaced by a grease fitting for semi-annual lubrication will need to be piped to a fitting installed in place of the plug (in area "C") when the pump is used for hot water circulation will need to be piped to a fitting installed in place of the plug C. (in area "C") when the the pump is used for cool potable water is provided to vent the pump of collected non-condensable gases If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 03342. with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 35 gpm B. 140 gpm 70 gpm C. D. 47 gpm The operation of the device shown in the illustration is dependent upon 03343. . (See illustration GS-0116) all items, similar to "I" move as the rudder stock rotates all items, similar to "N" move as the rudder stock rotates Α. C. both "I" and "N" move as the rudder stock rotates
D. neither "I" nor "N" move as the rudder stock rotates If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03348. with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? A. 426 gpm B. 271 gpm C. 136 gpm D. 542 gpm If you have a simplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating 03349. with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 322 gpm Α. 81 gpm 161 gpm 268 gpm В. C. D. If you have a simplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 33 gpm Α. B. 16 gpm 8 gpm 27 gpm С. D. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 49 gpm Α. В. 98 gpm

C.

D.

33 gpm

25 gpm

03355.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "F" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 398 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 95 lbs B. 100 lbs C. 133 lbs D. 159 lbs
03356.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 266 gpm B. 89 gpm C. 44 gpm D. 178 gpm
03358.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 8" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 695 gpm B. 214 gpm C. 428 gpm D. 856 gpm
03360.	The valve labeled "A" in the illustrated system should be opened to (See illustration GS-0162)
	A. clean tanks once they are empty B. thin the mud to reduce its weight C. provide cooling for the diesel driven pump D. all the above
03361.	If you have a simplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 71 gpm B. 36 gpm C. 28 gpm D. 18 gpm
03363.	Which of the figures illustrated is known as an Allen head set screw? (See illustration GS-0080)
	A. figure B B. figure C C. figure F D. figure G
03375.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 133 gpm B. 152 gpm C. 267 gpm D. 67 gpm

03376.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 39 gpm B. 157 gpm C. 78 gpm D. 110 gpm
03378.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 262 gpm B. 60 gpm C. 119 gpm D. 238 gpm
03382.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 216 gpm B. 108 gpm C. 352 gpm D. 54 gpm
03385.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "F" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 398 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 97 1bs B. 102 1bs C. 111 1bs D. 147 1bs
03387.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 174 gpm B. 44 gpm C. 87 gpm D. 73 gpm
03389.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 91 gpm B. 45 gpm C. 167 gpm D. 23 gpm
03390.	The component labeled "B" in the illustration is the (See illustration GS-0163)
	A. suction line B. vent C. fill line D. fresh water sprinkler for fluidizing of pulverized material

- The illustration is drawn to a scale of 1/16 inch = 1 inch. What is the full size dimension of "X", if the scale lengths for "E" = 5/8", "F" = 1 3/8", "G" = 2 1/8", and "H" = 5 3/4"? (See illustration GS-0007) 03391.
 - 1.625 inches
 - 0.359 inches В.
 - C. 26.00 inches
 - 92.00 inches
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating 03392. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 150 gpm 193 gpm
 - В.
 - C.
 - 75 gpm 300 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03396. with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 25 gpm 98 gpm Α.
 - В.
 - 49 gpm С.
 - 181 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 129 gpm
 - В. 64 gpm
 - 32 gpm С.
 - 43 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03402.
 - 163 gpm
 - В. 33 gpm
 - 131 gpm С.
 - D. 65 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 8" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03405. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 479 gpm Α.
 - В. 240 gpm
 - 329 gpm С.
 - 120 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 330 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03406.
 - 78 gpm Α.
 - 39 gpm В.
 - 52 gpm C.
 - 19 gpm D.

03407.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160
	strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- A. 47 gpm B. 188 gpm
- 94 gpm
- D. 78 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a7" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 414 gpm
 - 207 gpm В.
 - 236 gpm
 - 103 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 12 gpm
 - 48 gpm В.
 - 24 gpm C.
 - 40 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03412. with 83% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 19 gpm 76 gpm В.
 - C. 38 gpm
 - 66 gpm
- The illustration is drawn to a scale of 1/8 inch = 1 inch. What is the full size dimension of "X", if the scale lengths for "E" = 5/8", "F" = 1.3/8", "G" = 2.1/8", and "H" = 5.3/4"? (See illustration GS-0007) 03413.
 - 1.625 inches
 - 0.719 inches В.
 - C. 46.00 inches
 - 13.00 inches
- If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "F" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 468 03415. pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
 - 103 1bs
 - В. 109 1bs
 - C. 113 1bs
 - 117 1bs
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03416. with 98% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 105 gpm Α.
 - В. 210 gpm
 - 147 gpm C.
 - 52 gpm D.

The component labeled "F" in the illustration is a _____. 03417. (See illustration GS-0163) A. differential valve B. fill connection C. pneumercator D. support stanchion If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03418. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? A. 113 gpm 225 gpm В. 270 gpm C. 56 gpm If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating 03420. with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? B. 72 gpm C. 36 gpm 109 gpm D. If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 220 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 03422. with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 59 gpm Α. B. 15 gpm C. 29 gpm D. 49 gpm The rudder shown in the illustration is correctly termed a/an 03425. __. (See illustration GS-0131) A. balanced rudder B. unbalanced rudder C. semi-balanced rudder contra-guided rudder If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03426. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? A. 170 gpm B. 85 gpm C. 42 gpm 119 gpm If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 03429. with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 21 gpm

B. 85 gpm C. 42 gpm D. 34 gpm

03431.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140
	strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- A. 157 gpm
- 39 gpm 79 gpm В.
- C.
- 217 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 83% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 71 gpm
 - В. 30 gpm
 - C.
 - 59 gpm 119 gpm
- The illustration is drawn to a scale of 1/4 inch = 1 inch. What is the 03435. full size dimension of "X", if the scale lengths for "E" = 5/8", "F" = 1 3/8", "G" = 2 1/8", and "H" = 5 3/4"? (See illustration GS-0007)
 - A. 2.167 inches
 - B. 6.500 inches
 - C. 1.625 inches
 - 7.667 inches
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03436. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 109 gpm
 - B. 54 gpm
 - 27 gpm C.
 - 95 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 03438. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 37 gpm
 - В. 150 gpm
 - C. 75 gpm
 - D. 50 gpm
- The purpose of the component labeled "F" in the illustration is 03439. (See illustration GS-0163)
 - determine the level of remaining pulverized material
 - prevent damage to the slope sheets
 - C. bleed excess air from the top of the tank
 - maintain a minimum of 15 psia difference between the aeration unit and the top head
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03442. with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 570 gpm
 - 285 gpm В.
 - 142 gpm C.
 - 488 gpm

- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03446. with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - B. 108 gpm
 - C. 10 gpm D. 39 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 98% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03448.

 - A. 147 gpm B. 105 gpm
 - 52 gpm C.
 - 210 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 83% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 297 gpm
 - B. 149 gpm C. 273 gpm
 - C.
 - 74 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03453.
 - 105 gpm
 - 52 gpm 227 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 26 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 03455. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 75 gpm
 - B. 150 gpm
 - C. 50 gpm
 - 37 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating 03456. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 32 gpm B. 129 gpm
 - C. 64 gpm
 - D. 77 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 108 gpm
 - 352 gpm В.
 - 216 gpm C.
 - 54 gpm

03459.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 42 gpm B. 170 gpm C. 85 gpm D. 119 gpm
03462.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 30 gpm B. 120 gpm C. 60 gpm D. 150 gpm
03463.	The illustration is drawn to a scale of $3/16$ inch = 1 inch. What is the full size dimension of "X", if the scale lengths for "E" = $5/8$ ", "F" = $1.3/8$ ", "G" = $2.1/8$ ", and "H" = $5.3/4$ "? (See illustration GS-0007)
	A. 1.078 inches B. 8.667 inches C. 30.667 inches D. 1.625 inches
03465.	The component labeled "E" in the illustration is a (See illustration GS-0163)
	 A. high level alarm/shutdown B. equalization line with filter C. differential safety line with a pressure regulating valve set for approximately 10.5 psig D. fresh water inlet to fluidize the pulverized material
03466.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 186 gpm B. 47 gpm C. 93 gpm D. 302 gpm
03467.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 250 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 79% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 75 gpm B. 132 gpm C. 150 gpm D. 38 gpm
03468.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 330 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 39 gpm B. 52 gpm C. 19 gpm D. 78 gpm

- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 206 gpm 378 gpm Α.
 - В.
 - 103 gpm С.
 - 412 gpm
- 03477. If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 145 gpm В.
 - С.
 - 73 gpm 349 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03486. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 388 gpm Α.
 - 149 gpm В.
 - С.
 - 75 gpm 298 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03487.
 - 38 gpm Α.
 - B. 19 gpm
 - C.
 - 9 gpm 25 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03488. with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 217 gpm
 - В.
 - 39 gpm 157 gpm C.
 - 79 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03489.
 - 67 gpm
 - 33 gpm В.
 - C. 50 gpm
 - 17 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03496. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 113 gpm Α.
 - В. 57 gpm
 - 28 gpm C.
 - 246 gpm

- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03499. with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 285 gpm 488 gpm 142 gpm 570 gpm В.
 - C.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03501.
 - Α.
 - 189 gpm 95 gpm В.
 - C. 110 gpm
 - D. 47 gpm
- 03502. The purpose of the component labeled "E" in the illustration is to . (See illustration GS-0163)
 - determine the level of pulverized material Α.
 - relieve pressure if the compressed air flow rate exceeds 600 CFM В.
 - equalize the pressure between the top of the tank and the aeration device when discharging material
 - equalize pressure on either side of the slope sheet when filling
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 03503. with 88% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 41 gpm B. 164 gpm
 - C. 82 gpm
 - 55 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating 03506. with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 281 gpm Α.
 - В.
 - 141 gpm 281 gpm C.
 - 70 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03507. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - В.
 - 60 gpm 238 gpm 119 gpm С.
 - 262 gpm D.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03508. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 167 gpm
 - В. 42 gpm

 - 83 gpm 229 gpm

- If the gap between the top of "B" and the facing area of "E" were to be reduced to half of the proper setting, the trap illustrated would tend ____.(See illustration GS-0002) A. remain closed for a longer period of time B. close slower than with the full gap C. remain open for a longer period of time D. open quicker than with full gap If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03511. with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 227 gpm 52 gpm В. C. 26 gpm 105 gpm If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03513. with 83% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? A. 19 gpm B. 76 gpm C. 38 gpm 66 gpm If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03515. A. 34 gpm B. 135 gpm C. 68 gpm D. 56 gpm If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 230 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03516. with 78% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? A. 34 gpm B. 137 gpm ·C. 68 gpm 120 gpm If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating 03518. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? A. 375 gpm B. 187 gpm C. 94 gpm 94 gpm 312 gpm 03520. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 8" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating
 - with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 428 gpm 856 gpm 695 gpm 214 gpm Α. В.

 - С.
 - D.

- 03522. If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 526 gpm Α.
 - 113 gpm В.
 - 226 gpm C.
 - 451 gpm
- 03523. What precaution should be taken when transporting oil based mud, with the system illustrated, as compared to water based mud? (See illustration GS-0162)
 - Α. The recirulation nozzles "T" need to be changed over to oil based
 - The seachest valve "A" should be closed to prevent the oil from В. entering the water.
 - A spill containment area must be provided under the tank vent.
 - The tank must be provided with a protective coating no less than 20 mil thick.
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03526. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 85 gpm B. 170 gpm C. 119 gpm

 - 42 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating 03528. with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 157 gpm
 - B. 78 gpm
 - 176 gpm C.
 - 39 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 108 gpm
 - B. 27 gpm
 - 54 gpm C.
 - 36 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03533. with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 302 gpm
 - B. 47 gpm
 - 186 gpm С.
 - D. 93 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 03536. with 98% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 216 gpm
 - B. 108 gpm
 - С. 54 gpm
 - 90 gpm

- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 352 gpm В.
 - 320 gpm C.
 - D. 80 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 75 gpm 300 gpm В.
 - 150 gpm 225 gpm С.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating 03543. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 115 gpm
 - 57 gpm 29 gpm В.
 - С.
 - 115 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03546. with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 145 gpm 349 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 73 gpm 291 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03547. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 246 gpm
 - 28 gpm В.
 - 113 gpm C.
 - D. 57 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 8" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 682 gpm 341 gpm Α.
 - В.
 - 170 gpm C.
 - 469 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating 03551. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - $\begin{array}{ccc} 32 \text{ gpm} \\ 129 \text{ gpm} \end{array}$ В.
 - C. 64 gpm
 - 77 gpm

- Α. 164 gpm
- В. 82 gpm
- 55 gpm С.
- D. 41 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 226 gpm
 - В.
 - C.
 - 57 gpm 113 gpm 204 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 03557. with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 12 gpm Α.
 - B. 48 gpm
 - C. 24 gpm
 - 40 gpm
- 03558. If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 169 gpm
 - B. 84 gpm
 - C. 152 gpm
 - 42 gpm
- The illustrated shaft has an overall length of 18 inches. If the diameter of "E" = 2.5" and "F" = 3.5", with an indicated radius of "R" = .125" and the length of the tapered section "X" is to be 8"; then the amount of tailstock offset should be ? (See illustration GS-0133)
 - Α. 0.111"
 - В. 0.506"
 - 0.625" С.
 - D. 1.125"
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 108 gpm Α.
 - В. 20 gpm
 - 10 gpm С.
 - 39 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 295 gpm Α.
 - 147 gpm В.
 - 354 gpm C.
 - D. 74 gpm

- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - $\begin{array}{c} 30 \text{ gpm} \\ 119 \text{ gpm} \end{array}$
 - В.
 - С.
 - 60 gpm 104 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 268 gpm
 - В.
 - 81 gpm 161 gpm C.
 - 322 gpm
- 03569. If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 45 gpm 167 gpm В.
 - C. 23 gpm
 - 91 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6 diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03570. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 74 gpm 297 gpm 149 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 273 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03572.
 - Α.
 - 42 gpm 170 gpm 85 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 119 gpm
- What precaution should be taken when transporting oil based mud, with 03573. the system illustrated, when compared to water based mud? (See illustration GS-0162)
 - The recirulation nozzles "T" need to be changed over to oil based nozzles.
 - All tank cleaning and disposal must be done at an approved disposal pit.
 - The seal cage line valve "C" must be shifted to fresh water to prevent damage to the pump seal.
 - The tank must be coated with a protective covering no less than 20 mil thick.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03576. with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 113 gpm B. 453 gpm
 - 227 gpm
 - 491 gpm

- 03578. If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 82% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 62 gpm
 - В. 31 gpm
 - 55 gpm C.
 - D. 16 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03581. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 298 gpm
 - B. 75 gpm C. 149 gpm

 - 388 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 4 diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03582. with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 158 gpm Α.
 - 39 gpm 79 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 237 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 526 gpm
 - 132 gpm В.
 - C. 263 gpm
 - 614 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 12 gpm Α.
 - В. 48 gpm
 - 24 gpm
 - 40 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 57 gpm B. 113 gpm
 - 246 gpm C.
 - 28 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 320 gpm Α.
 - 160 gpm В.
 - 80 gpm C.
 - 352 gpm

03596.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160
	strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating
	with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- 603 gpm Α.
- 301 gpm В.
- 151 gpm С.
- D. 560 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 4 diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03597. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 156 gpm
 - 339 gpm В.
 - С. 78 gpm
 - 254 gpm D.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03598. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 119 gpm
 - B. 30 gpm C. 60 gpm

 - 104 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating 03602. with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 109 gpm
 - В. 54 gpm
 - 27 gpm С.
 - 65 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03606. with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 109 gpm
 - В.
 - 54 gpm 217 gpm C.
 - 27 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating 03609. with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 107 gpm
 - В. 427 gpm
 - 214 gpm C.
 - 275 gpm D.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6 diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating 03612. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 378 gpm Α.
 - 189 gpm В.
 - 441 gpm C.
 - 95 gpm

03613.	If your vessel burns 8 tons of fuel per hour at 15 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 18 knots?
	A. 9.6 tons B. 13.8 tons C. 9.5 tons

- 03616. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 119 gpm B. 262 gpm C. 60 gpm D. 238 gpm

11.5 tons

- 03618. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 106 gpm B. 170 gpm C. 213 gpm D. 53 gpm
- 03621. If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "F" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 508 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
 - A. 127 1bs B. 145 1bs C. 169 1bs D. 203 1bs
- 03625. If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 8 diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 156 gpm B. 625 gpm C. 312 gpm D. 507 gpm
- 03626. If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 8" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 341 gpm B. 469 gpm C. 170 gpm D. 682 gpm
- 03628. If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating

with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

A. 352 gpm B. 80 gpm C. 320 gpm D. 160 gpm

- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 27 gpm 16 gpm
 - В.

 - C. 8 gpm D. 33 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 80% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 282 gpm
 - 94 gpm В.

 - C. 47 gpm D. 188 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 4 diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03639. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 144 gpm Α.
 - В. 36 gpm
 - 72 gpm C.
 - 216 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03642. with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 103 gpm
 - 336 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 52 gpm 207 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03646.
 - Α. 491 gpm
 - B. 113 gpm
 - 227 gpm C.
 - 453 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 03648. with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 28 gpm
 - B. 18 gpm
 - C. 36 gpm
 - 71 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6 diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03652. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 273 gpm Α.
 - B. 74 gpm

 - C. 149 gpm D. 297 gpm

03656.	If you have a duplex si	ingle acting reciproca	ating pump making	140
	strokes/minute, with a	5" diameter cylinder	, a 7" stroke and	operating
	with 94% volumetric eff	ficiency, what is the	capacity of this	pump?

- A. 110 gpm
- В.
- 39 gpm 157 gpm C.
- 78 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating 03658. with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 614 gpm
 - B. 132 gpm
 - 526 gpm C.
 - 263 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 4 diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03662. with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 237 gpm
 - В.
 - 39 gpm 158 gpm C.
 - 79 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03666. with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 301 gpm 560 gpm 151 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 603 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 03668. with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - В.
 - С.
 - 94 gpm 78 gpm 47 gpm 188 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03672. with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 217 gpm
 - В.
 - C.
 - 54 gpm 27 gpm 109 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 4 diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03673. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 78 gpm 254 gpm В.
 - 39 gpm C.
 - D. 156 gpm

If you have a duplex single acti		
strokes/minute, with a 6" diamet	ter cylinder, a 4" stroke an	d operating
with 94% volumetric efficiency,	what is the capacity of thi	s pump?

- 43 gpm Α.
- В. 64 gpm
- С.
- 32 gpm 129 gpm D.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 519 gpm
 - В. 130 gpm
 - C. 259 gpm
 - 605 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6 diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating 03685. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 441 gpm
 - 189 gpm В.
 - С.
 - 95 gpm 378 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03686. with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 229 gpm Α.
 - 42 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 83 gpm 167 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating 03688. with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 236 gpm
 - В.
 - С.
 - 103 gpm 207 gpm 141 gpm D.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 91 gpm
 - В. 45 gpm
 - 79 gpm С.
 - 23 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 8 diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03698. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 507 gpm
 - 156 gpm В.
 - С.
 - 312 gpm 625 gpm D.

03702.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 109 gpm B. 18 gpm C. 72 gpm D. 36 gpm
03706.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 250 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 17 gpm B. 68 gpm C. 34 gpm D. 57 gpm
03708.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 94 gpm B. 47 gpm C. 24 gpm D. 141 gpm
03711.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 4 diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 216 gpm B. 36 gpm C. 144 gpm D. 72 gpm
03718.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 105 gpm B. 52 gpm C. 227 gpm D. 26 gpm
03720.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 210 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 123 gpm B. 31 gpm C. 62 gpm D. 108 gpm
03721.	Figure "C" in the illustration, is an improperly installed hose, with the restriction developed at the (See illustration GS-0063)
	A. right hand fitting being small than required B. center of the hose C. sharp bend formed at the left D. 90 bend as required of the installation

03722.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 250
	strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating
	with 79% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- Α. 150 gpm
- 75 gpm 132 gpm
- C.
- D. 38 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - В.
 - C.
 - 149 gpm 273 gpm 149 gpm 273 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - В.
 - 226 gpm 451 gpm 526 gpm 113 gpm С.
 - D.
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03732. with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 93 gpm 302 gpm В.
 - 186 gpm С.
 - D. 47 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - В.
 - 83 gpm 229 gpm 167 gpm C.
 - 42 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating 03737. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 150 gpm Α.
 - В. 60 gpm 30 gpm
 - C.
 - D. 120 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 88% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03738.

 - $\begin{array}{cc} 205 & \text{gpm} \\ 102 & \text{gpm} \end{array}$ В.
 - 85 gpm C.
 - 51 gpm

- 03742. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 270 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 31 gpm
 - 62 gpm В.
 - C. 52 gpm
 - 15 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 82% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03746.
 - Α. 55 gpm
 - B. 16 gpm
 - C. 62 gpm
 - 31 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 250 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 114 gpm
 - B. 57 gpm C. 29 gpm

 - D. 86 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03752.

 - 542 gpm В.
 - C. 271 gpm
 - 426 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and open 03756. stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 183 gpm

 - B. 91 gpm C. 128 gpm
 - 46 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating 03758. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 312 gpm Α.
 - В.
 - C.
 - 94 gpm 187 gpm 375 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and open 03762. stroke and operating with 88% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 85 gpm Α.
 - В.
 - 51 gpm 205 gpm C.
 - D. 102 gpm

- 03766. If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 98% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 90 gpm
 - 108 gpm В.
 - C. 54 gpm
 - 216 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 03768. strokes/minute, with a 5 diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 101 gpm
 - B. 50 gpm
 - С. 40 gpm
 - 25 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating 03770. with 80% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 521 gpm
 - 260 gpm 608 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 130 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 50 gpm
 - В. 38 gpm
 - C. 75 gpm
 - 150 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating 03778. with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 519 gpm Α.
 - 259 gpm В.
 - 605 gpm C.
 - 130 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03781. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 22 gpm Α.
 - B. 89 gpm
 - 45 gpm C.
 - 78 gpm
- 03786. If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 124 gpm
 - В. 31 gpm
 - 129 gpm C.
 - D. 62 gpm

- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 62 gpm 124 gpm 170 gpm В. C. D. 31 gpm If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operation 03790. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 349 gpm Α. B. 73 gpm 145 gpm C. 291 gpm D. If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating 03793. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 139 gpm B. 35 gpm C. 69 gpm 83 gpm If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating 03796. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? A. 150 gpm B. 225 gpm 75 gpm С. 300 gpm If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03798. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 251 gpm B. 31 gpm C. 63 gpm 126 gpm If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03802. with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 49 gpm В. 181 gpm C. 25 gpm 98 gpm D. If "E" is moved closer to the top of "B" as shown in the illustration, 03803. . (See illustration GS-0002) efficiency of the heat exchanger operation will be increased point of condensation will be moved closer to the steam inlet of the heat exchanger point of condensation will be moved closer to the condensate outlet

steam pressure set point will automatically be increased

of the heat exchanger

03806.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 149 gpm B. 273 gpm C. 297 gpm D. 74 gpm
03807.	The devices labeled "C" in the illustration, are used as (See illustration GS-0162)

- pressure regulating valves to insure excessive pressure does not damage the manifold nozzles
- mud by-pass valves that protects a pump that fails when both pumps are on line
- pressure relief valves to protect the pump in the event of a clog C. in the discharge line
- a sealing water supply to the pump lantern gland
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03808. with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 301 gpm Α.
 - В. 560 gpm
 - 603 gpm 151 gpm C.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating 03809. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - В.
 - 67 gpm 135 gpm 247 gpm C.
 - 270 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03810. with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 425 gpm
 - 163 gpm В.
 - С.
 - 82 gpm 327 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03812. with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 314 gpm
 - В.
 - 52 gpm 209 gpm C.
 - 105 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 03813. with 88% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 164 gpm
 - 82 gpm В.
 - 55 gpm С.
 - D. 41 gpm

03816.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 250 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 34 gpm B. 57 gpm C. 17 gpm D. 68 gpm
03817.	The part labeled "C" of the illustrated bearing is called the (See illustration MO-0001)
	A. thrust ring B. outer race C. inner race D. cage
03819.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 72 gpm B. 216 gpm C. 36 gpm D. 144 gpm
03821.	A micrometer scale reading is indicated as 0.453 inches and is represented in the illustration by (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. Figure A B. Figure C C. Figure G D. Figure H
03822.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 134 gpm B. 537 gpm C. 268 gpm D. 626 gpm
03824.	When a refrigeration compressor is in the "off" cycle, the thermal expansion valve will
	A. always be wide open the compressor restarts B. continue to operate as if the system were in operation C. open until evaporator pressure equalizes until compressor restarts D. always be completely closed until the compressor restarts
03827.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 270 strokes/minute with 4" diameter cylinder, and a 7" stroke with 81% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 83 gpm B. 167 gpm C. 146 gpm D. 42 gpm

03828.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a ll" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 542 gpm B. 271 gpm C. 426 gpm D. 136 gpm
03829.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 121 gpm B. 104 gpm C. 52 gpm D. 207 gpm
03833.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 41 gpm B. 52 gpm C. 21 gpm D. 83 gpm
03834.	The pressure in a low pressure refrigeration system about to be opened for repair should be
	A. 10 to 12 psig B. 4 to 7 psig C. 0 to 1 psig D. 25 inches of hg vacuum
03836.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 250 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 79% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 132 gpm B. 75 gpm C. 38 gpm D. 150 gpm
03838.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 176 gpm B. 44 gpm C. 88 gpm D. 157 gpm
03839.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 204 gpm B. 57 gpm C. 113 gpm D. 226 gpm

03840.	The lathe tool shown as figure "T" in the illustration is commonly known as a/an (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. right-cut roughing tool B. left-cut side-facing tool C. right-cut side-facing tool D. left-cut roughing tool
03842.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 268 gpm B. 626 gpm C. 134 gpm D. 537 gpm
03843.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 230 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 78% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 68 gpm B. 120 gpm C. 34 gpm D. 137 gpm
03845.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 25 gpm B. 19 gpm C. 9 gpm D. 38 gpm
03846.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 80 gpm B. 40 gpm C. 20 gpm D. 134 gpm
03847.	The lathe tool shown as figure "Q" in the illustration is commonly known as a/an (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. right-cut roughing tool B. left-cut side-facing tool C. right-cut side-facing tool D. left-cut roughing tool
03849.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute with 3" diameter cylinder, and a 4" stroke with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 14 gpm B. 28 gpm C. 19 gpm D. 7 gpm

03850.	The lathe tool shown as figure "S" in the illustration is commonly known as a/an (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. right-cut roughing tool B. left-cut side-facing tool C. right-cut side-facing tool D. left-cut roughing tool
03853.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 149 gpm B. 388 gpm C. 75 gpm D. 298 gpm
03855.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "F" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 250 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 43 1bs. B. 63 1bs. C. 83 1bs. D. 100 1bs.
03856.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 250 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 34 gpm B. 57 gpm C. 17 gpm D. 68 gpm
03857.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 110 gpm B. 47 gpm C. 95 gpm D. 189 gpm
03858.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 54 gpm B. 40 gpm C. 81 gpm D. 161 gpm
03859.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 113 gpm B. 451 gpm C. 226 gpm D. 526 gpm

- The lathe tool shown as figure "P" in the illustration is commonly used for _____ . (See illustration GS-0090) cutting-off left hand rough side facing C. right hand rough turning D. machining a smooth surface If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03863. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 147 gpm 354 gpm Α. В. 295 gpm С. 74 gpm If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 210 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03864. with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 123 gpm B. 62 gpm C. 108 gpm 31 gpm A high reading is indicated at the salinity cells labeled "Y", "Q", and "6" shown in the illustration. This would be the probable result of ___. (See illustration GS-0053) A. a leak in item"I" B. faulty cells at each location C. erosion of item "2"
 D. carryover from "III" If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 62 gpm B. 37 gpm C. 148 gpm 74 gpm If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 113 gpm Α. B. 453 gpm 227 gpm С. 491 gpm Figure "I" shown in the illustration is a diagram of a valve handwheel, with S=5" and T=50 lbs. When an 18 inch cheater bar is used instead,
- 03868. and V=50 lbs., as shown in Figure "II", how much does the torque on the valve stem increase with the use of the cheater bar? (See illustration GS-0109)
 - 115%
 - В. 154%
 - 250% C.
 - D. 360%

03869.	illustration is (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. 0.403 inch B. 0.425 inch C. 0.453 inch D. 0.504 inch
03870.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "F" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 348 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 57 lbs B. 66 lbs C. 79 lbs D. 87 lbs
03871.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 259 gpm B. 605 gpm C. 130 gpm D. 519 gpm
03872.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 80% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 98 gpm B. 196 gpm C. 272 gpm D. 49 gpm
03875.	If your vessel burns 4 tons of fuel per hour at 21 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 16 knots?
	A. 3.0 tons B. 5.3 tons C. 2.3 tons D. 1.8 tons
03876.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 50 gpm B. 101 gpm C. 76 gpm D. 25 gpm
03878.	In a small appliance using HFC-134a you would expect to see the greatest temperature drop across the
	A. evaporator B. capillary tube C. compressor D. receiver

- 03879. If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - В.
 - C.
 - 36 gpm 27 gpm 108 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03881. with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 54 gpm 217 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 27 gpm 109 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03882.
 - 181 gpm Α.
 - 49 gpm В.
 - 25 gpm С.
 - 98 gpm
- 03883. The reading indicated on a vernier micrometer caliper scale is .3128 inches. Which of the figures in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0091)
 - Α. Figure B
 - B. Figure C
 - C. Figure E
 - D. Figure F
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03886. with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 91 gpm Α.
 - 128 gpm В.
 - C. 183 pm
 - D. 46 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 330 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 03888. with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 78 gpm
 - В. 39 gpm
 - 52 gpm C.
 - 19 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 132 gpm
 - B. 82 gpm
 - 41 gpm
 - 164 gpm

- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 03896. with 98% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 108 gpm
 - 90 gpm В.
 - C. 54 pm
 - D. 216 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 03898. with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 75 gpm
 - 50 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 38 gpm 150 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03901.
 - 152 gpm Α.
 - B. 42 gpm
 - C.
 - 84 gpm 169 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 03903. with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 207 gpm Α.
 - 103 gpm В.
 - 52 gpm С.
 - 336 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 03906. with 88% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 205 gpm
 - B. 102 gpm
 - C. 85 pm
 - 51 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 80% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 188 gpm Α.

 - B. 94 gpm C. 282 gpm
 - D. 47 gpm
- 03913. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 254 gpm Α.
 - 39 gpm В.
 - 156 gpm C.
 - D. 78 gpm

- 03916. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 140 gpm В.
 - C. 47 pm
 - 35 gpm D.
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 270 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 81% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 167 gpm
 - B. 83 gpm
 - 42 gpm C.
 - 146 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 378 gpm Α.
 - В. 189 gpm
 - 441 gpm C.
 - 95 gpm
- 03926. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 8" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 263 gpm
 - 363 gpm 527 gpm В.
 - C.
 - 132 gpm
- 03936. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 47 gpm
 - 141 gpm В.
 - C. 24 gpm
 - D. 94 gpm
- 03937. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 8" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 312 gpm B. 625 gpm C. 507 gpm

 - 156 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 8" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating 03946. with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 682 gpm 341 gpm Α.
 - В.
 - C. 469 gpm
 - 170 gpm

- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 250 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 70% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - B. 29 gpm C. 57 gpm
 - 114 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 03956. with 80% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 94 gpm
 - 188 gpm В.
 - 282 gpm C.
 - 47 gpm
- 03962. If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 40 gpm 25 gpm В.
 - C. 101 gpm
 - 50 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03966.
 - 150 gpm Α.
 - В. 225 gpm
 - 300 gpm С.
 - 75 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 03973. with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 45 gpm Α.
 - 78 gpm В.
 - 22 gpm C.
 - D. 89 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 03976. with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 50 gpm В.
 - 38 gpm С.
 - 150 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute with 5" diameter cylinder, and a 6" stroke with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 03985.
 - 96 gpm
 - B. 80 gpm
 - 40 gpm C.
 - 160 gpm

If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating
with 77% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- A. 40 gpm B. 134 gpm
- C. 20 gpm
- 80 gpm D.
- 03994. The pressure in a small appliance refrigeration system about to be opened for repair should be
 - A. 15 inches Hg

 - B. 14.7 psigC. 1 to 2 psig
 - 4 inches Hg vacuum
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating 03996. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 101 gpm
 - B. 254 gpm
 - C. 50 gpm
 - 76 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating 03999. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 60 gpm

 - B. 150 gpm C. 120 gpm
 - D. 30 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating 04003. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 25 gpm B. 50 gpm C. 101 gpm
 - 76 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 270 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating 04013. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 66 gpm 99 gpm
 - 33 gpm
 - 132 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 04016. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 74 gpm B. 295 gpm C. 147 gpm
 - 354 gpm

04017.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 291 gpm B. 145 gpm C. 349 gpm D. 73 gpm
04020.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "F" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 508 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 127 1bs B. 145 1bs C. 169 1bs D. 203 1bs
04022.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "F" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 376 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 94 1bs B. 119 1bs C. 125 1bs D. 150 1bs
04025.	The safety feature for assisting the illustrated hydraulic crane to maintain the required boom angle is a function of the (See illustration GS-0161)
	A. braking valve B. counter-balance valve C. control valve (item #9) D. sequencing valve (item #7)
04027.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 101 gpm B. 50 gpm C. 40 gpm D. 25 gpm
04041.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 45 gpm B. 89 gpm C. 78 gpm D. 22 gpm
04044.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 123 gpm B. 61 gpm C. 51 gpm D. 31 gpm

- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 60 gpm
 - B. 238 gpm C. 119 gpm

 - 262 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating 04052. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 69 gpm B. 83 gpm

 - C. 139 gpm
 - D. 35 gpm
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating 04058. with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 9 gpm 36 gpm В.
 - C. 18 gpm
 - 30 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 04063.
 - 41 gpm
 - В. 52 gpm
 - 21 gpm С.
 - 83 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute with 3" diameter cylinder, and a 4" stroke with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 04075.
 - 38 gpm
 - B. 19 gpm
 - C. 25 gpm
 - 9 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 04078. strokes/minute with 4" diameter cylinder, and a 11" stroke with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 91 gpm
 - B. 181 gpm C. 249 gpm
 - C.
 - 45 gpm
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 04086. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 95 gpm B. 189 gpm C. 110 gpm
 - D. 47 gpm

- 04097. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 74 gpm 62 gpm
 - В.
 - 148 gpm C.
 - 37 gpm
- The nut and bolt pictured in the center of the shaft, just below "B" is 04110. _____. (See illustration GS-0129) used to
 - prevent the shaft sleeve from sliding
 - hold the impeller onto the shaft
 - maintain the two shaft sections together during rotation
 - D. hold the packing gland in place
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - 87 gpm 73 gpm 44 gpm В.
 - С.
 - 174 gpm
- 04115. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 132 gpm Α.
 - 526 gpm В.
 - 263 gpm С.
 - 614 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 04118.
 - 672 gpm Α.
 - 97 gpm 390 gpm В.
 - С.
 - 195 gpm
- If your vessel burns 3 tons of fuel per hour at 19 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 15 knots? 04120.
 - 5.3 tons
 - 2.4 tons В.
 - 1.9 tons С.
 - 1.5 tons
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating 04122. with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 108 gpm Α.
 - 54 gpm В.
 - С.
 - 36 gpm 27 gpm

04129.	What is the reading of the vernier micrometer caliper scale shown in figure "E" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0091)
	A. 0.2997 inch B. 0.3007 inch C. 0.3017 inch D. 0.3107 inch
04130.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "B" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. 0.113 inch B. 0.311 inch C. 0.361 inch D. 0.453 inch
04133.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 82 gpm B. 164 gpm C. 132 gpm D. 41 gpm
04145.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 84 gpm B. 152 gpm C. 169 gpm D. 42 gpm
04151.	strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 61 gpm B. 30 gpm C. 38 gpm D. 15 gpm
04153.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 78 gpm B. 176 gpm C. 39 gpm D. 157 gpm
04155.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 149 gpm B. 273 gpm C. 74 gpm D. 297 gpm

04161.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
·	A. 83 gpm B. 21 gpm C. 41 gpm D. 52 gpm
04165.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 79% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 72 gpm B. 52 gpm C. 26 gpm D. 103 gpm
04166.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 158 gpm B. 79 gpm C. 237 gpm D. 39 gpm
04172.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 230 strokes/minute with 4" diameter cylinder, and a 7" stroke with 78% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 68 gpm B. 120 gpm C. 34 gpm D. 137 gpm
04173.	A micrometer scale reading is indicated as 0.137 inches and is represented in the illustration by (See illustration GS-0013)
	A. Figure D B. Figure E C. Figure F D. Figure I
04177.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 69 gpm B. 139 gpm C. 83 gpm D. 35 gpm
04180.	Which of the figures in the fastener illustration GS-0080 would be used with figure "D" in illustration GS-0015? (See illustration GS-0080 and GS-0015)
	A. figure D B. figure E C. figure J D. figure M

04181.	In the circle illustrated, the circumference is 48.62 feet. What is the area of the shaded portion? (See illustration GS-0134)
	A. 16.1 square feet B. 4.2 square feet C. 32.1 square feet D. 17.1 square feet
04186.	The shaft shown in illustration GS-0008 needs to be replaced. Which lathe tools in illustration GS-0090 should be used to turn down a piece of stock for this job? (See illustration GS-0090 and GS-0140)
	A. O, T, S, L, and P B. L, S, R, M, and P C. Q, U, R, P, and V D. T, Q, P, U, and L
04187.	What is the reading of the vernier caliper scale shown in figure "A" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0092)
	A. 3.8900 inch B. 3.9150 inch C. 4.2150 inch D. 4.8900 inch
04188.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 226 gpm B. 113 gpm C. 57 gpm D. 249 gpm
04195.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 275 gpm B. 214 gpm C. 107 gpm D. 427 gpm
04196.	The device shown in the illustration is known as a/an (See illustration GS-0069)
	A. viscosimeter B. flow meter C. reid vapor pressure analyzer D. pensky-martens cup
04197.	The rupture disc on a low pressure centrifugal unit is used as an over pressure protection device for the
	A. economizer B. condenser C. compressor D. chiller barrel

04199.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 74 gpm B. 37 gpm C. 123 gpm D. 18 gpm
04200.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 81% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 50 gpm B. 25 gpm C. 59 gpm D. 99 gpm
04201.	Regarding the hydraulic hose installation illustrated, the hose (See illustration GS-0064)
	A. will expand under pressure to the left of center with flow from
	left to right B. will expand under pressure to the right of center with flow from
	left to right C. is properly installed D. can pull away from the right hand pipe fitting with flow from left to right
04202.	The small piston valve shown in the illustration will move from the open to closed position when(See illustration GS-0002)
	A. saturated steam enters the trap B. saturated condensate enters the trap C. temperature of condensate is approximately 30 F below steam supply saturation temperature
	D. temperature of condensate is 30 F above saturated temperature
04203.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 113 gpm B. 453 gpm C. 227 gpm D. 491 gpm
04205.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 24 gpm B. 94 gpm C. 47 gpm D. 59 gpm
04208.	Which of the figures illustrated correctly identifies the position of the journal shortly after it has begun to rotate? (See illustration GS-0121)
	A. A B. B C. C D. D
	1.121

- 04211. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α.
 - 119 gpm В.
 - C. 60 gpm
 - D. 104 gpm
- 04213. If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 43 gpm
 - В. 11 gpm
 - 21 gpm C.
 - 28 gpm
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 04215. with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 113 gpm
 - 453 gpm 227 gpm В.
 - С.
 - D. 491 gpm
- 04220. The reading indicated on a vernier micrometer caliper scale is .2470 inches. Which of the figure in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0083)
 - Figure A
 - В. Figure E
 - C. Figure F
 - Figure G
- 04223. What is the reading of the vernier micrometer caliper scale shown in figure "F" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0083)
 - 0.6153 inch Α.
 - 0.6203 inch В.
 - 0.6253 inch C.
 - 0.6383 inch
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 04225. with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 207 gpm Α.
 - В. 104 gpm
 - С.
 - 52 gpm 121 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating 04233. with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 122 gpm
 - В. 488 gpm
 - 244 gpm C.
 - D. 570 gpm

04236.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 148 gpm B. 74 gpm C. 62 gpm D. 37 gpm
04247.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 30 gpm B. 118 gpm C. 59 gpm D. 39 gpm
04258.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 279 gpm B. 70 gpm C. 140 gpm D. 186 gpm
04268.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "D" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 383 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 57 lbs B. 77 lbs C. 128 lbs D. 153 lbs
04269.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 118 gpm B. 59 gpm C. 30 gpm D. 133 gpm
04280.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 226 gpm B. 113 gpm C. 249 gpm D. 57 gpm
04286.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "F" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 324 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 81 1bs B. 108 1bs C. 116 1bs D. 130 1bs

- 04291. If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - A. 24 gpm B. 97 gpm C. 48 gpm D. 193 gpm
- 04293. In the circle illustrated, the circumference is 50.24 feet. What is the area of the shaded portion? (See illustration GS-0134)
 - 18.3 square feet
 - В. 18.2 square feet
 - 5.0 square feet С.
 - D. 34.2 square feet
- 04299. If your vessel burns 2.9 tons of fuel per hour at 20 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 15 knots?
 - A. 1.2 tons
 - B. 2.2 tons
 - C. 1.6 tons
 - D. 6.2 tons
- If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating 04302. with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - 267 gpm
 - В. 67 gpm
 - 134 gpm С.
 - 347 gpm
- 04303. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 32 gpm
 - В. 129 gpm
 - С. 64 gpm
 - 43 gpm D.
- If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

 - A. 70 gpm B. 279 gpm
 - C. 140 gpm
 - D. 186 gpm
- 04309. If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
 - Α. 142 gpm
 - 570 gpm В.
 - 285 gpm C.
 - D. 488 gpm

If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this	operating
with 9/% volumetric erriciency, what is the capacity or only	P P ·

- 50 gpm Α.
- 202 gpm В.
- С. 101 gpm
- 84 gpm D.

If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating 04313. with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- Α.
- В.
- 414 gpm 207 gpm 104 gpm 483 gpm С.
- D.

If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 190 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 04315. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- 27 gpm Α.
- В. 109 gpm
- С. 54 gpm
- 95 gpm

If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating 04319. with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- Α.
- 23 gpm 91 gpm В.
- C. 45 gpm
- 79 gpm

If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating 04321. with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- 33 gpm Α.
- В. 131 gpm
- 65 gpm С.
- 163 gpm

If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- 267 gpm
- 134 gpm 347 gpm В.
- С.
- 67 gpm

If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 110 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- 8 gpm
- 33 gpm В.
- 16 gpm 27 gpm C.
- D.

04333.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 96% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 47 gpm B. 188 gpm C. 94 gpm D. 78 gpm
04336.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 39 gpm B. 154 gpm C. 79 gpm D. 237 gpm
04342.	As shown in the illustration, a section of standard weight, seamless steel pipe, has an external diameter of 3.5 inches. When the pipe, is bent into a 90 degree turn, the length of the outside edge of the curve "A-B" will exceed the length of the inside edge of the curve "C-D" by (See illustration GS-0108)
	A. 1.050 inches B. 1.257 inches C. 2.670 inches D. 6.912 inches
04347.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 249 gpm B. 113 gpm C. 57 gpm D. 226 gpm
04349.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 120 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 27 gpm B. 109 gpm C. 54 gpm D. 65 gpm
04350.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "C" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0093)
	A. 0.200 inch B. 0.201 inch C. 0.220 inch D. 0.224 inch
04353.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 39 gpm B. 157 gpm C. 78 gpm D. 110 gpm

04358.	If you have a duplex, single acting, reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute with a 3" diameter cylinder, and a 12" stroke with a 94%
	volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- 193 gpm
- B. 24 gpm
- 48 gpm
- 97 gpm

If your vessel burns 8 tons of fuel per hour at 15 knots, how many tons per hour will it burn at 22 knots?

- 11.7 tons
- B. 17.2 tons
- 14.2 tons
- 25.2 tons

If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 04369.

- 347 gpm
- 67 gpm
- 267 gpm
- 134 gpm

If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- 81 gpm
- 322 gpm
- C. 161 gpm
- 268 gpm

If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- Α. 79 gpm
- 23 gpm
- 91 gpm
- 45 gpm

If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- 207 gpm
- 483 gpm
- 104 gpm C.
- 414 gpm

If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?

- 347 gpm
- В.
- 134 gpm 67 gpm С.
- D. 267 gpm

04396.	strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 50 gpm B. 202 gpm C. 101 gpm D. 84 gpm
04402.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 237 gpm B. 39 gpm C. 79 gpm D. 158 gpm
04405.	The reading on the vernier caliper scale shown in figure "A" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0082)
	A. 1.250 inches B. 1.500 inches C. 2.150 inches D. 2.500 inches
04407.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 24 gpm B. 96 gpm C. 48 gpm D. 176 gpm
04413.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 249 gpm B. 57 gpm C. 226 gpm D. 113 gpm
04419.	The reading on the vernier caliper scale shown in figure "B" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0082)
	A. 3.38 inches B. 3.48 inches C. 3.83 inches D. 4.45 inches
04420.	The illustrated valve needs to be repaired due to a leak across the valve disk. To repair the valve you should (See illustration GS-0140)
	A. replace the entire valve bonnet and stem as a unit as provided by the manufacturer
	 B. remove the handwheel, then remove part #4 and #5, then replace the item #6 and reassemble in the reverse order C. disassemble the valve and renew the replaceable valve disk seat
	D. disassemble and renew the replaceable valve body seat

04422.	What is the reading of the vernier micrometer caliper scale shown in figure "C" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0091)
	A. 0.3715 inch B. 0.4715 inch C. 0.4725 inch D. 0.4815 inch
04428.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 10" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 37 gpm B. 123 gpm C. 18 gpm D. 74 gpm
04431.	As shown in the illustration, a section of standard weight, seamless steel pipe, has an external diameter of 8.5 inches. When the pipe, is bent into a 90 degree turn, the length of the outside edge of the curve "A-B" will exceed the length of the inside edge of the curve "C-D" by (See illustration GS-0108)
	A. 7.697 inches B. 9.176 inches C. 11.519 inches D. 13.352 inches
04432.	All refrigerant recovered from small appliances must be
	A. sent to a designated reclaim facility for processing B. contained in a refillable recovery cylinder C. destroyed as unusable D. used to clean out burn-outs
04433.	The reading on a vernier caliper scale is indicated as 3.360 inches. Which of the figures shown in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0082)
	A. Figure B B. Figure C C. Figure E D. Figure F
04437.	If a block and tackle arrangement were rigged as shown in figure "C" in the illustration, the amount of force "P" required to hold the 250 pound load stationary would be (See illustration GS-0110)
	A. 83.33 lbs B. 104.16 lbs C. 125.00 lbs D. 250.00 lbs
04439.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 270 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 75% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 132 gpm B. 33 gpm C. 66 gpm D. 99 gpm

04443. In a small appliance using HFC-134a you would expect to see the greatest temperature drop across the ____ evaporator B. receiver C. compressor D. condenser The lathe tool shown as figure "L" in the illustration is commonly 04445. known as a/an _____. (See illustration GS-0090) A. boring tool B. external threading tool C. internal threading tool D. universal turning tool If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 14" stroke and operating 04447. with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? 122 gpm B. 488 gpm C. 244 gpm D. 570 gpm If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating 04449. with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump? Α. 193 gpm 24 gpm В. С. 48 gpm D. 97 gpm What is the reading of the vernier caliper scale shown in figure "E" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0092) 4.112 inch B. 4.125 inch C. 5.112 inch D. 6.112 inch What is the reading of the vernier caliper scale shown in figure "D" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0092) 2.8350 inch Α. 3.3750 inch В. C. 3.8350 inch 4.8350 inch In the diagram, items "2A and 2B" represent the overboard discharge valves of the ballast system illustrated. Which of the following 04456. statements is correct if the length between perpendiculars is 500 feet, and the through hull opening is seven feet above the summer loadline? (See illustration GS-0125) Valve 2A must be positive closing, in addition to the indicated automatic non-return valve. Valve 2B must be positive closing, in addition to the indicated В. automatic non-return valve. Both valves must be positive closing, in addition to the ability to provide automatic non-return.

Both valves are correct as indicated in the illustration.

04457.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 44 gpm B. 88 gpm C. 157 gpm D. 176 gpm
04458.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 5" stroke and operating with 92% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 42 gpm B. 21 gpm C. 11 gpm D. 35 gpm
04459.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 8" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 53 gpm B. 213 gpm C. 106 gpm D. 170 gpm
04461.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 113 gpm B. 453 gpm C. 227 gpm D. 491 gpm
04463.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "I" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0095)
	A. 0.455 inch B. 0.500 inch C. 0.505 inch D. 0.550 inch
04466.	The reading on a vernier caliper scale is indicated as 4.340 inches. Which of the figures shown in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0082)
	A. Figure B B. Figure C C. Figure D D. Figure E
04470.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 91% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 104 gpm B. 52 gpm C. 91 gpm D. 26 gpm
	•

04471.	inches. Which of the figures in the illustration represents this reading? (See illustration GS-0091)
	A. Figure A B. Figure C C. Figure D D. Figure G
04472.	The shaft sleeve for the pump illustrated is identified by the item numbered as (See illustration GS-0143)
	A. 14 B. 17 C. 27 D. 68
04473.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 140 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 9" stroke and operating with 94% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 39 gpm B. 157 gpm C. 79 gpm D. 217 gpm
04475.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 3" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 24 gpm B. 96 gpm C. 48 gpm D. 176 gpm
04476.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 270 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 7" stroke and operating with 81% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 83 gpm B. 146 gpm C. 42 gpm D. 167 gpm
04481.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 180 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 6" stroke and operating with 87% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 40 gpm B. 160 gpm C. 80 gpm D. 96 gpm
04482.	The reading on the micrometer scale shown in figure "2" in the illustration is (See illustration GS-0094)
	A. 0.200 inch B. 0.220 inch C. 0.250 inch D. 0.300 inch

04483.	What is the reading of the vernier micrometer caliper scale shown in figure "F" in the illustration? (See illustration GS-0091)
	A. 0.3107 inch B. 0.3128 inch C. 0.3220 inch D. 0.3228 inch
04487.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 97% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 114 gpm B. 456 gpm C. 228 gpm D. 456 gpm
04489.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 160 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 12" stroke and operating with 85% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 44 gpm B. 178 gpm C. 89 gpm D. 266 gpm
04490.	If you have a duplex single acting reciprocating pump making 100 strokes/minute, with a 6" diameter cylinder, a 4" stroke and operating with 90% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 44 gpm B. 22 gpm C. 20 gpm D. 88 gpm
04492.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 130 strokes/minute, with a 5" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 93% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 113 gpm B. 226 gpm C. 249 gpm D. 57 gpm
04493.	Which of the following listed illustrated joint preparations correctly depicts a single "J" groove? (See illustration GS-0077)
	A. 3A B. 4A C. 5A D. 6A
04494.	The lathe tool shown as figure "U" in the illustration is commonly known as a/an (See illustration GS-0090)
	A. cutting-off tool B. left cut side-facing tool C. right side end facing tool D. universal turning tool

04496.	In the hydraulic anchor windlass system illustrated, if the power to the electric motor is on, but the wildcat does not turn, the pressure developed on either side of the system increases to half of the normal operating pressure regardless of the direction of movement in which the servo control is placed, the probable cause is the (See illustration GS-0160)
	 A. replenishing pump coupling is broken B. relief valve is not opening C. manual transfer valve is in the wrong position for the main pump being operated D. spring set point for "I" is too high
04497.	If you have a simplex single acting reciprocating pump making 150 strokes/minute, with a 7" diameter cylinder, a 13" stroke and operating with 95% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 113 gpm B. 453 gpm C. 227 gpm D. 491 gpm
04498.	Item "B" in the pump illustration is the (See illustration GS-0129)
	A. packing gland B. stuffing box C. shaft sleeve D. wearing ring
04499.	If you have a duplex double acting reciprocating pump making 170 strokes/minute, with a 4" diameter cylinder, a 11" stroke and operating with 89% volumetric efficiency, what is the capacity of this pump?
	A. 91 gpm B. 181 gpm C. 249 gpm D. 45 gpm
04500.	The valve shown in the illustration is used to (See illustration RA-0006)
	A. provide the function of compressor unloading B. regulate refrigerant flow into the evaporator by reacting directly to the evaporator pressure
	 C. maintain back pressure in the evaporator coils at a pressure higher than the remaining coils in a multi-box system D. A bellows operated condenser water regulating valve
04501.	The hydraulic graphic symbol illustrated as Fig. C is used to depict a/an (See illustration GS-0068)
	A. bi-directional rotating motor B. unidirectional rotating motor C. variable output, single direction flow pump D. bi-directional flow pump

00023	R	02438 В	02679	ח	02831 C
00023		02439 C	02680		02833 D
00068	C	02445 A	02681	В	02838 A
00068		02448 B	02683		02839 D
00073		02458 B 02459 D	02686 02687		02840 A 02841 B
00080 00082		02469 C	02688		02842 C
00104		02478 D	02689		02846 B
00113	D	02487 D	02700	C	02847 D
00121		02489 C	02701	В	02848 D
00123 00127	A	02503 A 02505 A	02706 02707	C	02850 D 02851 D
00127	A	02506 D	02707		02853 B
00173	C	02507 C	02709	В	02856 D
00191		02508 A	02710		02858 A
00206		02510 C	02718		02859 C 02860 C
00210 00221	Δ .	02516 C 02518 D	02719 02720	D D	02862 D
00232	A	02527 B	02721	Č	02866 A
00241	В	02539 A	02728	A	02867 В
00242		02540 B	02729		02870 В
00252 00259		02541 C 02542 B	02730 02732		02872 C 02873 D
00239	A	02546 B	02733	В	02875 B
00272		02547 C	02736	Ā	02876 C
. 00276	Α	02550 A	02738	C	02879 В
00293	C	02552 C	02739	D	02880 A
00348 00359		02553 B 02558 D	02741 02742		02881 B 02882 C
00369	A	02559 B	02748		02883 C
00429	D	02562 D	02749	A	02886 D
00440	D .	02582 C	02750		02887 D
00441	В	02583 C	02751		02888 C
00446 00462		02586 B 02588 D	02752 02760		02890 D 02891 A
00470	В	02589 A	02761		02892 B
00484	В	02590 A	02762	D	02893 C
00493		02592 B	02763		02895 D
00496		02594 B	02768		02896 A
00516 00524		02596 В 02597 С	02770 02772		02899 В 02900 С
00532		02603 C	02773	Č	02902 C
00545	A	02604 C	02776	C	02903 D
00551		02608 A	02777		02906 A
00553 00569		02611 C 02617 C	02779 02780		02908 В 02909 С
00573		02620 C	02781		02910 D
00633	C	02621 C	02782	В	02911 A
00669		02622 D	02788	В	02912 B
00804		02626 B	02789 02790	C	02914 C 02916 A
00820 00899	C	02628 D 02630 C	02793	B ·	02910 A 02917 C
00969		02632 B	02796	Č	02920 D
00989	D	02633 A	02797	D	02922 D
01019		02636 B	02799		02923 A
01046 01124		02638 A 02640 D	02800 02801	A	02926 C 02928 A
01124		02646 B	02802	C	02929 B
01179	В	02649 D	02803	D	02930 C
01971	D	02650 C	02808	D	02931 D
02193	C	02651 C	02809		02932 A
02266 02289	A C	02652 A 02657 C	02810 02811	A B	02936 В 02937 С
02209		02659 D	02812	č	02938 D
02417	С	02662 A	02818	C	02940 A
02420		02666 D	02819		02942 B
02423		02668 D 02669 B	02820 02821		02943 C 02946 C
02427 02428		02670 A	02822		02948 C 02949 C
02429	A	02671 A	02823	A	02950 A
02436	A	02672 C	02828	D	02951 B
02437	D	02676 В	1-135 02830	R	02953 D

03068 D 03187 A 03320 B 03467 C 03069 D 03188 D 1-136 03322 B 03468 D	02956 B 02958 C 02959 D 02961 D 02963 D 02966 C 02967 D 02970 D 02971 D 02972 A 02976 D 02977 D 02978 B 02979 D 02980 D 02982 B 02983 A 02986 A 02989 A 02990 D 02992 C 02993 B 02996 B 02997 C 02998 B 02996 B 03000 B 03000 B 03001 C 03012 C 03016 A 03017 C 03018 C 03019 D 03011 C 03012 A 03022 A 03021 A 03022 A 03023 C 03026 B 03027 D 03028 D 03029 A 03030 B 03030 B 03030 B 03030 B 03030 B 03030 B 03031 C 03016 A 03017 C 03018 C 03018 C 03018 C 03019 D 03021 A 03022 A 03023 C 03040 C 03041 C 03042 B 03043 A 03044 A 03044 A 03045 C 03055 D 03050 C 03061 D 03057 D 03059 C 03060 C 03061 D 03059 C 03066 C 03061 D	03071 A 03072 A 03073 B 03076 D 03077 A 03078 D 03079 C 03080 D 03081 D 03082 A 03083 C 03086 A 03087 B 03088 C 03089 A 03090 C 03091 A 03093 C 03096 A 03097 B 03098 A 03099 B 03102 A 03103 B 03102 A 03103 B 03104 C 03116 B 03117 D 03118 C 03120 C 03121 C 03122 B 03123 A 03125 C 03126 D 03129 B 03130 B 03131 C 03129 B 03133 C 03129 B 03129	03192 B 03196 A 03197 C 03198 A 03199 C 03201 C 03202 D 03203 D 03205 D 03207 B 03210 B 03211 D 03213 D 03216 B 03219 C 03220 A 03222 C 03225 A 03226 C 03229 D 03230 D 03233 B 03236 D 03237 B 03238 D 03241 A 03242 A 03244 C 03245 C 03255 B 03256 B 03257 A 03248 C 03258 B 03257 A 03258 B 03257 A 03258 B 03257 A 03268 C 03269 C 03269 C 03275 A 03269 C 03275 A 03278 D 03279 D 03282 D 03282 D 03282 D 03283 B 03293 C 03291 A 03291 A 03292 A 03293 C 03291 A 03292 A 03293 C 03293 C 03293 C 03293 C 03301 B 03305 B 03306 B 03307 C 03311 C 03311 C	03323 D 03326 D 03327 D 033327 D 03333 A 03333 A 03333 A 03333 A 03334 A 03334 B 03342 A 03344 B 03344 B 03344 B 03345 B 0335 B 0335 B 0335 B 0335 C 0336 A 0336 D 0336 D 0336 D 0336 D 0336 D 0337 A 0337 B 0337 B 0338 C 0338 C 0348 C 0348 B 0349 D 0341 B 0341 A 0341 B 0341 B 0341 B 0341 B 0341 B 0342 C 0343 C 0345 C
	03066 В	03178 C	03316 C	03465 B
	03067 С	03185 A	03317 B	03466 B
	03068 D	03187 A	03320 B	03467 C

03486 B	04058 B 04063 D 04075 A 04078 B 04075 A 04078 B 04086 B 04097 C 04110 D 04111 D 04115 D 041120 D 04122 A 04129 D 04123 B 04125 A 04153 A 04155 B 04165 B 04165 B 04165 B 04165 B 04172 B 04173 B 04173 B 04173 B 04174 B 04188 C 04195 B 04196 A 04197 D 04201 A 04202 C 04203 A 04205 A 04205 B 04211 D 04213 B 04213 B 04213 B 04215 B 04223 C 04236 D 04247 A 04258 B 04268 C 04269 C 04230 D 04225 C 04236 D 04247 A 04258 B 04211 D 04213 B 04215 B 04225 C 04236 D 04247 A 04258 B 04268 C 04269 C 04280 D 04286 A 04291 A 04293 A 04293 A 04303 B

04336 A 04342 C 04347 B 04487 B 04489 B 04490 A 04492 B 04493 C 04494 A 04496 C 04497 B 04498 A 04499 B

04501 C

ELECTRICITY

00140.	A load is connected to the secondary of the device illustrated and the current through the load is 10 amps. If the step-up ratio is 10 to 1 and the input voltage is 110 VAC, what will be the current flow through the primary? (See illustration EL-0055) A. 1 amp B. 10 amps
	C. 100 amps D. 1000 amps
00148.	The illustrated lead acid battery is about to be placed in service, the positive plate labeled "D" is made of (See illustration EL-0031)
	A. sponge lead (Pb) B. lead peroxide (PbO2) C. lead sulfate (PbSO4) D. a depolarizing mix
00149.	The illustrated lead acid battery is about to be placed in service, the negitive plate, labeled "E", is made of (See illustration EL-0031)
	A. sponge lead (Pb) B. lead peroxide (PbO2) C. lead sulfate (PbSO4) D. zinc oxide (ZnO2)
00154.	In the illustration, the component labeled "G" is (See illustration EL-0031)
	A. hard rubber, plastic or bituminous composition B. porous inside to absorb excess positive ions C. precharged for (-) and (+) in manufacturing D. All the above
00219.	A load with an impedance of 440 ohms is connected across the secondary of the device illustrated. If the input voltage is 110 VAC and the step-up ratio is 10 to 1, what will be the primary current? (See illustration EL-0055)
	 A. 2.5 amps B. 25 amps C. 250 amps D. current cannot be determined with information given
00366.	The schematic symbol for an operational amplifier in an analog circuit is a
	A. circle B. square C. trapezoid D. triangle
00381.	When a solid-state component of an electronic circuit is mounted to a metallic mass, the general purpose of that mass is to
	 A. prevent vibration damage to delicate components B. prevent mechanical damage to solid-state components C. dissipate stray magnetic currents D. act as a heat sink

00411.	In the illustration, if the device in figure "A" has a step-up ratio of 10 to 1, what voltage should be measured at the secondary shortly after the primary of the device is connected to 110 volts DC? (See illustration EL-0059)
	A. 0 volts B. 110 volts C. 11 volts D. 1100 volts
00486.	A lead-acid battery may become hotter than normal during a charge if the
	A. battery has a shorted cell B. charging voltage is too low C. specific gravity is too high D. battery room door is secured
00523.	The illustrated circuit is a (See illustration EL-0024)
	A. megohm meter B. Gauss meter C. wheatstone bridge D. germanium diode tester
00560.	What is the total power consumed by the illustrated circuit if the supply is 24 volts and the resistances of R1 is 3 ohms, R2 is 4 ohms, and R3 is 5 ohms? (See illustration EL-0020)
	A. 2 watts B. 12 watts C. 48 watts D. 288 watts
00616.	What is the power consumed by "R1" in the circuit illustrated if the supply is 24 volts and the resistance of R1 is 3 ohms, R2 is 4 ohms, and R3 is 5 ohms? (See illustration EL-0020)
	A. 2 watts B. 3 watts C. 6 watts D. 12 watts
00651.	If the illustrated motor fails to start and gives a loud hum when the start button is pushed, the problem is (See illustration EL-0007)
	 A. one of the phases to the motor is not energized because of an open motor lead B. the "Disc.sw." is open
	C. power to "Ll" at the "Disc.sw." is not energized because of a problem with the ship's electrical distribution system
	D. "OL1" is open because of "T1" overload causing the motor to single phase
00660.	What is the power consumed by "R2" in the circuit illustrated, if the supply is 24 volts and the resistance of R1 is 3 ohms, R2 is 4 ohms, and R3 is 5 ohms? (See illustration EL-0020)
	A. 16 watts B. 20 watts
	C. 24 watts D. 28 watts

- 00668. How much current will flow in the illustrated circuit if the supply is 24 volts and the resistances of R1 is 3 ohms, R2 is 4 ohms, and R3 is 5 ohms? (See illustration EL-0020)
 - A. 2 amps
 - B. 6 amps
 - C. 8 amps
 - D. 10 amps
- 00670. What is the total current in the illustrated circuit with a 6 volt battery if the resistance of R1 is 2 ohms, R2 is 4 ohms, and R3 is 4 ohms? (See illustration EL-0021)
 - A. 0.6 amp
 - B. 1 amp
 - C. 4 amps
 - D. 6 amps
- 00676. What is the voltage across "R1" of the illustrated circuit if the supply is 24 volts and resistance of R1 is 3 ohms, R2 is 4 ohms, and R3 is 5 ohms? (See illustration EL-0020)
 - A. 2 volts
 - B. 6 volts
 - C. 8 volts
 - D. 10 volts
- 00696. What is the power consumed by "R3" in the circuit illustrated if the supply is 24 volts and resistance of R1 is 3 ohms, R2 is 4 ohms, and R3 is 5 ohms? (See illustration EL-0020)
 - A. 12 watts
 - B. 20 watts
 - C. 24 watts
 - D. 48 watts
- 00732. What is the current flowing through Rl of the illustrated circuit with a 6 VDC battery if the resistance of Rl is 2 ohms, R2 is 4 ohms and R3 is 4 ohms? (See illustration EL-0021)
 - A. 0.5 amp
 - B. 1.5 amp
 - C. 3.0 amps
 - D. 6 amps
- 00740. What is the voltage across "R2" of the illustrated circuit if the supply is 24 volts and the resistance of R1 is 3 ohms, R2 is 4 ohms, and R3 is 5 ohms? (See illustration EL-0020)
 - A. 2 volts
 - B. 6 volts
 - C. 8 volts
 - D. 10 volts
- 00742. What is the current flow through Rl of the circuit illustrated if the resistance of Rl is 2 ohms, R2 is 3 ohms and R3 is 6 ohms with a 12 VDC battery? (See illustration EL-0021)
 - A. 2 amps
 - B. 4 amps
 - C. 6 amps
 - D. 12 amps

- 00766. What is the voltage across "R3" of the illustrated circuit if the supply is 24 volts and the resistance of R1 is 3 ohms, R2 is 4 ohms, and R3 is 5 ohms? (See illustration EL-0020)
 - A. 2 volts
 - B. 6 volts
 - C. 8 volts
 - D. 10 volts
- 00780. What is the current through R2 of the circuit illustrated if the resistances of R1 is 2 ohms, R2 is 4 ohms, and R3 is 4 ohms with a 6 volt battery? (See illustration EL-0021)
 - A. 0.5 amp
 - B. 1.5 amps
 - C. 3.0 amps
 - D. 6 amps
- 00793. What is the current flowing through R2 of the illustrated circuit if the voltage is 12 VDC and the resistance of R1 is 2 ohms, R2 is 3 ohms and R3 is 6 ohms? (See illustration EL-0021)
 - A. 2 amps
 - B. 4 amps
 - C. 6 amps
 - D. 12 amps
- 00829. What is the current flowing through R3 of the illustrated circuit if the battery is 12 VDC and resistance of R1 is 2 ohms, R2 is 3 ohms, and R3 is 6 ohms? (See illustration EL-0021)
 - A. 2 amps
 - B. 4 amps
 - C. 6 amps
 - D. 12 amps
- 00868. If the motor fails to start and a voltmeter reading between 1 and 6, as illustrated, indicates line voltage, your next step should be to _____. (See Illustration EL-0007)
 - A. replace fuse "10a"
 - B. replace or repair contact "Ma"
 - C. reset the overload and try restarting
 - D. check line voltage between L1 and L3
- 00946. The circuit illustrated represents a single phase AC ground detecting system. If a ground occurs on line "B", which of the lamps will burn the brightest? (See illustration EL-0008)
 - A. X
 - B. Y
 - C. Both will be equal brightness.
 - D. both will go out.
- 00965. In the illustrated motor controller, the motor fails to start. A voltmeter reading between 1 and 6 reads line voltage, while the voltmeter reading between 2 and 6 reads 0 VAC. The problem is _____. (See illustration EL-0007)
 - A. the control fuse is the wrong amperage not allowing full current to pass through
 - B. the stop switch is open
 - C. an open in the "M" coil, "Ma" contact/start switch or overload contacts
 - D. fuse "10a" is blown

00968.	In the illustration, the component labeled "EXC" is (See illustration EL-0003)
	A. a separate class II regulated DC generator for critical direct
	current loads B. a generator feeding the FLD winding through the voltage regulator. C. the controller to drive the governor for turbogenerator speed. D. the electronic driver for the switchboard metering circuits
00994.	Before servicing the device labeled "A" in the illustration, the device labeled "CT" must (See illustration EL-0003)
	A. have the disconnected leads taped to prevent short circuiting. B. only be connected to multimeter on the ammeter setting
	C. be short circuited D. have one lead grounded to discharge static electricity for the prevention of damage to electronic components
00995.	The devices labeled "L" in the illustration are (See illustration EL-0003)
	A. load lights indicating that the generator breaker is closed and the
	generator is supplying power to the main bus B. synchronizing lights, when the synchroscope is at the 12 o'clock position the lights are on at their brightest indicating that the
	generators are in phase C. emergency lighting for the switchboard to enable the meters to be
	read in case of power failure D. synchronizing lights, when the synchroscope is at the 12 o'clock position the lights are at their dimmest or out indicating the the generators are in phase
00996.	The device labeled "REG SW" in the illustration is used to(See illustration EL-0003)
	A. shift from the automatic voltage regulator to the manual voltage
·	regulator B. shift the governor control from manual to automatic/zero droop C. enable the operator to read the field voltage on device "REG ADJ" or device "MAN ADJ"
	D. supply regulated control power to the switchboard
01006.	In the illustration, if one of the devices labeled "TURBO" should fail the (See Illustration EL-0003)
	A. device labeled "EXC" will drive the alternator B. device labeled "BKR" for that alternator should automatically open because of the reverse power relay
	C. operator must open all the devices labeled "BKRS" to reduce the
	D. emergency generator should automatically start and be placed on line to supply emergency load centers

01010.	In the illustration, "D" is the symbol for a/an $_$. (See Illustration EL-0005)
	A. thermal overload heater B. portable cable C. fuse
	D. indicating lamp
01030.	In the illustration the symbol for an N/O contact is (See illustration EL-0005)
	A. A B. B C. C D. D
01038.	The motor starts when the start button in the illustration is pushed, but stops when the button is released the trouble is (See illustration EL-0007)
	A. the incorrect thermal overload coil
	B. a faulty "M" coilC. a dirty contact on the Disc.Sw. at "L3"D. a faulty holding relay contact
01042.	The illustrated motor fails to start and gives a loud hum when the start button is depressed, your first action should be to (See illustration EL-0007)
	 A. disassemble the motor to fix the centrifical switch so the start windings will be energized B. push the stop button to deenergize the "M" coil C. reset the thermal overload D. hold the "M" contactor closed by hand while wearing electrical
	D. hold the "M" contactor closed by hand while wearing electrical safety gloves to get motor started
01050.	In the illustration what is the minimum wattage needed for a 3 ohm resistor with a 12 VDC power source in circuit "A"? (See illustration EL-0041)
	A. 12 watts B. 48 watts C. 64 watts D. 232 watts
01055.	In the illustrated circuit "A", what power is consumed by a 3 ohm resistor with a 12 volt source? (See illustration EL-0041)
	A. 12 watts B. 48 watts C. 64 watts D. 232 watts
01058.	If the battery in the illustration is rated for 120 amp-hours, how long before the voltage will drop to 1.75 volts per cell? (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 12 hours B. 1.25 days C. 64 hours D. 2.5 days

01059.	The circuit illustrated represents a 2 wire DC ground detecting system. If the positive bus is grounded and the test button is pushed, which of the lamps will be brightest? (See illustration EL-0008)
	A. X B. Y C. both will be equal brightness. D. both will go out.
01065.	In the illustration, the assembly labeled 2 is a (See illustration EL-00001)
	A. wound rotor and shaft for a single phase induction motor B. conduction rotor and shaft for a polyphase induction motor C. squirrel cage rotor and shaft for a polyphase motor D. squirrel cage rotor for a single phase induction motor
01066.	In the illustration the rotor is constructed of (See illustration EL-0001)
	A. aluminum windings poured into a slotted laminated core pressed onto
	a shaft B. copper windings wound into a laminated iron core with end ring cooling fins pressed onto a shaft C. aluminum windings fitted into an insulation block pressed onto a
	shaft D. copper start and run windings wound on a laminated iron core with cooling fins pressed onto a shaft
01068.	(See illustration EL-0001)
	A. of their ability to absorb moderate thrust loads B. they electrically insulate the rotor from the frame reducing cross-
	currents C. the shafting and end bells do not require as close a tolerance to properly fit this type of bearing D. the clearance between the rotor and stator is generally as close as
	mechanical tolerance will permit
01069.	In the illustrated device, the part labeled "lA" (See illustration EL-0001)
	A. are start and run windings for a single phase shaded pole induction
	motor B. is the stator for a polyphase induction motor C. is the armature for a squirrel cage rotor motor D. are direct current shunt field windings for a universal motor
01080.	((C GER) require the lamps in the illustrated
	A. of a high impedance type to prevent damage to the distribution
	system. B. between 5 and 25 watts at one half line voltage when operating in
	the absence of a ground C. isolated from the distribution system by an isolation transformer D. of equal voltage and wattage

01085.	In the illustrated ground detection system with a ground on phase A, if the switch is opened (See illustration EL-0009)
	 A. lamp A will dim or go out depending on the severity of the ground B. all three lamps will return to their normal brightness indicating that the bulbs are not burnt out C. lamps B and C will dim lamp A will be brighter D. lamp A will start flickering if the ground is in an AC induction motor
01088.	On the meter scale illustrated, while using the R X 100 scale, the reading at "A" will be (See illustration EL-0047) A. 2,000 ohms B. 20 Kohms C. 200 Kohms
01093.	D. 3 Megohms On the meter scale illustrated while using the P v 100 access the
	reading at "D" will be (See illustration EL-0047) A. 3.6 ohms B. 36 ohms C. 193 ohms D. 360 ohms
01095.	On the meter scale illustrated, while using the R X 100 scale, the reading at "C" will be (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 13 ohms B. 120 ohms C. 130 ohms D. 13 kohms
01096.	On the meter scale illustrated, while using the R X 100 scale, the reading at "B" will be (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 70 ohms B. 35 ohms C. 700 ohms D. 7 kohms
01098.	On the meter scale illustrated, while using the R X 100 scale, the reading at "F" will be (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 300 ohms B. 240 ohms C. 30 ohms D. 3 kohms
01106.	On the meter scale illustrated, while using the R X l scale, the reading at "Z" will be (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 30 ohms B. 72 ohms C. 720 ohms D. 7.2 Kohms

- What is the resistance value indicated by the multimeter scale illustrated, if the range switch is set at R X l and the needle is at the position indicated by the letter "Y"? (See illustration EL-0047)
 - 2.2 ohms
 - 24 ohms В.
 - 240 ohms C.
 - 2,400 ohms
- The transistors in the illustrated circuit are connected using what 01109. type of coupling? (See illustration EL-0050)
 - A. RC coupling
 - В. transformer coupling
 - Impedance coupling
 - D. direct coupling
- What is the resistance value indicated by the multimeter scale 01113. illustrated, if the range switch is set at R X 1, and the needle is at the position indicated by the letter "B"? (See illustration EL-0047)
 - 1.45 ohms
 - 7.2 ohms В.
 - 37 ohms С.
 - 70 ohms
- What is the resistance value indicated by the multimeter scale illustrated, if the range switch is set at R X 1, and the needle is at the position indicated by the letter "C"? (See illustration EL-0047)
 - 1.3 ohms Α.
 - 4.8 ohms В.
 - 13 ohms С.
 - 121 ohms
- 01118. What is the resistance value indicated by the multimeter scale illustrated, if the range switch is set at R X 1, and the needle is at the position indicated by the letter "X"? (See illustration EL-0047)
 - Α.
 - 8 ohms 6.2 ohms В.
 - 1.57 ohms C.
 - 150 ohms
- What is the resistance value indicated by the multimeter scale illustrated, if the range switch is set at R X 1, and the needle is at 01119. the position indicated by the letter "R"? (See illustration EL-0047)
 - Α. 6 ohms
 - 6.8 ohms В.
 - 1.7 ohms С.
 - 167 ohms D.

01120.	What is the resistance value indicated by the multimeter scale illustrated, if the range switch is set at R X 1, and the needle is at the position indicated by the letter "D"? (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 7.8 ohms B. 8 ohms C. 3.8 ohms D38 ohms
01126.	What is the resistance value indicated by the multimeter scale illustrated, if the range switch is set at R X 1, and the needle is at the position indicated by the letter "F"? (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 0.6 ohms B. 6 ohms C. 9.6 ohms D38 ohms
01128.	If reading the AC voltage from a typical wall outlet, the range switch of the device illustrated should be set to (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 1,000 V B. 250 V C. R X 10,000 D. 10 ma/amps
01129.	If reading the AC voltage from the line lead of a 440 VAC controller the range switch illustrated should be set to (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 1,000 V B. 250 V C. R X 10,000 D. Unable to safely read with this meter.
01136.	If reading the AC current with the illustrated device and are unsure of the range, the range switch should be set to (See illustration EL-0047)
	 A. 10 MA/ 10 AMP with leads in the (-10 A) and (+10 A) jacks B. 10 MA/ 10 AMP with leads in the (-COMMON) and (+) jacks C. 10 MA/ 10 AMP with leads in the (-COMMON) and (+10 A) jacks D. unable to measure current with this device because it needs to be connected in series
01139.	If reading AC current with the illustrated device and unsure of the range, the first step should be to (See illustration EL-0047)
	 A. secure power and test for voltage B. disconnect the lead to be tested and connect the meter in series C. connect the meter to measure resistance and use Ohm's law to calculate current D. unable to safely measure current with the device
01140.	In the illustration, the component "B" is attached to the component "G" by (See illustration EL-0031)
	A. melting the top of "G" and pressing "B" onto it B. "C" holding it in place C. sealing compound made of bituminous substance D. vacuum created in the battery by electrolytic action

01146.	In the illustration, the component labeled "G" (See illustration EL-0031)
	A. is lined with cardboard to maintain a moisture (electrolyte)
	barrier between cells B. is a one piece container with compartments for each individual cell C. must be UL approved for shipboard use D. can only contain one cell
01148.	The transistors in the illustrated circuit are connected using what type of coupling? (See illustration EL-0051)
	A. RC coupling B. transformer coupling C. impedance coupling D. direct coupling
01156.	Federal Regulations (46 CFR) require the circuit in the illustration to (See illustration EL-0009)
	A. be at the vessel's ship's service generator distribution switchboard for normal power, normal lighting and emergency
	lighting systems. B. not have any resulting ground currents flow through hazardous locations on a tank vessel where line to line voltage exceeds 3,000
	VAC C. not be used on systems where the resulting ground will interfere
	with the operation of electronic equipment D. All the above are correct
01158.	In the illustration, the purpose of part B is to (See illustration EL-0033)
	A. increase resistance in series with the contacts as they close to
	prevent arcing B. create a magnetic field in the steel plates that interacts with the
	arc to cool and extinguish the arc
	D. provide ventilation to the contact when the breaker is close to rated capacity
01161.	In the illustration, the the device E is the
	A. bimetal strip B. moving contact
	C. trip bar
	D. handle
	The component F in the illustrated device is for
01163.	(See illustration EL-0033)
	 A. short circut protection B. latching the trip unit closed after resetting the breaker C. overload protection D. providing a flexible connection between the input terminal G and the tripping unit E
	cue errhhrug ames -

01164.	In the illustration the component C is the (See illustration EL-0033)
	A. fixed contact B. moving contact C. connection terminal D. trip bar
01166.	The transistors in the illustrated circuit are connected using what type of coupling? (See illustration E1-0048)
	A. RC coupling B. transformer coupling C. LC coupling D. direct coupling
01167.	In the illustrated 450 VAC system, what should be provided between the bus and the device labeled "F"? (See illustration EL-0003)
	 A. a potential transformer B. a current transformer C. an emergency disconnect device D. an audible alarm and indicating light
01168.	The transistors in the illustrated circuit are connected using what type of coupling? (See illustration EL-0049)
	A. RC coupling B. transformer coupling C. LC coupling D. direct coupling
01169.	On the meter scale illustrated, while using the R X l scale, the reading at "F" will be (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 1.8 ohms B. 6.0 ohms C. 9.4 ohms D. 0.6 ohms
01176.	On the meter scale illustrated, while using the R X 1 scale, the reading at "E" will be (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 1.8 ohms B. 18.0 ohms C. 8.8 ohms D. 11.8 ohms
01180.	If the illustrated lighting branch distribution box is not for cargo or deck lighting, the Code of Federal Regulations require the designed load attached to Branch NO.2 to be (See illustration EL-0013)
	A. 5 amps B. 16 amps C. 30 amps D. 50 amps

01186.	In the illustration if BRANCH NO. 1 is a lighting circuit for crew's berthing, Federal Regulations (46 CFR) require the maximum fuse rating for that branch to be (See illustration EL-0013)
	A. 15 amps B. 80% of the connected load C. 20 amps D. 30 amps
01188.	If reading the AC current with the illustrated device and are unsure of the range, the range switch should be set to (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 500 MA B. 10 MA/ 10 AMP with leads in the (-COMMON) and (+) jacks C. 10 MA/ 10 AMP with leads in the (-COMMON) and (+10 A) jacks D. 10 MA/ 10 AMP with leads in the (-10 A) and (+10 A) jacks
01189.	Federal Regulations (46 CFR) require that, in the system illustrated, the switch must (See illustration EL-0009)
	 A. be normally-open, spring return-to-normal B. have an amperage rating equal to at least 1 1/2 times the fuse amperage rating C. be connected between the lamps and ground D. all the above are correct
01195.	In the illustration, the component labeled C is (See illustration EL-0033)
	A. moving contact B. fixed contact C. trip bar D. bimetallic strip
01198.	In the illustration, the large battery and $R(L)$ are in the circuit to (See illustration EL-0022)
	A. forward bias the emitter-base B. reverse bias the emitter-base C. forward bias the emitter/collector D. reverse bias the emitter/collector
01199.	When a voltage of 115 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 1.74 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 66.09 amps B. 116.74 amps C026 amps D015 amps
01200.	What is the total resistance of the electrical circuit illustrated if the resistance of R1 is 2 ohms, R2 is 4 ohms, and R3 is 4 ohms with a 6 volt battery? (See illustration EL-0021)
	A. 0.01 ohms B. 0.10 ohms C. 1.00 ohms D. 10.00 ohms

01201.	When a voltage of 95 VDC is applied to the circuit illustrated with a resistance of 17.8 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A187 amps B. 3.34 amps C. 5.34 amps D. 112.8m amps
01205.	In the illustration, the function generators will accept only a signal of a given polarity, if negative is used for ahead and positive for astern, moving the bridge reference in the direction indicated will (See illustration SE-0002)
	 A. pass through the amplifier M to the astern function generator to open the astern steam valve B. pass through the amplifier M to the ahead function generator to open the ahead steam valve C. do nothing because engineroom control is selected
	D. not cause a speed change until the output voltage exceeds the value of the lube oil pressure override
01206.	In the illustration, moving the engine room reference in the direction indicated will (See illustration SE-0002)
	A. cause a positive signal to be sent to the ahead function generator creating a more positive signal at the ahead motor supply (SCR's) causing the ahead valve to open
	B. cause no change unless the ahead speed error contact is closed C. not cause a change until the feedback signal from the ahead turbine pressure reaches a preset level
	D. not cause the ahead valve to open until the negative signal exceeds the low lube oil pressure override signal
01216.	In the illustration, the tan and white wires are connected to the solenoid valve. The solenoid valve is (See illustration EL-0042)
	 A. in the liquid line before the TXV B. energized and open whenever the unit is plugged in C. not grounded so the unit must be modified before using aboard
	ship D. the water inlet for the ice maker
01218.	In the illustration if the compressor fails to start but the condenser fan motor is running the problem is (See illustration EL-0043)
	A. no power between L1 and L2 B. the yellow wire is open at the freezer temperature control switch C. the overload open D. the blue wire from the defrost heater is open
01219.	The reading at "P" on the megger scale shown in the illustration, is (See illustration EL-0044)
	A. 15 meg ohms B. 1.5 meg ohms C. 1.5 kilo ohms D. 150,000 ohms

01226.	The reading at "V" on the megger scale shown in the illustration, is (See illustration EL-0044)						
	A. 40 meg ohms B. 0.40 meg ohms C. 4.0 kilo ohms D. 40,000 ohms						
01228.	In the illustrated circuit, the amplifier is connected in what basic configuration? (See illustration EL-0045)						
	A. common emitter B. common collector C. darlington paired, capacitor coupled D. common base						
01229.	The advantage of using the illustrated circuit configuration is (See illustration EL-0045)						
	 A. high input resistance B. high current gain C. the best stability with an increase in temperature D. the input and output are 180 degrees out of phase 						
01230.	In the illustrated electronic governor, the circuit card connected to the potential and current transformers is for (See illustration EL-0046)						
	A. increasing the signal strength to the governor to maintain constant engine speed with increased load						
	B. send a kilowatt signal to the metering circuit C. shutting down the prime mover in the event of reverse power to protect from motorization The protect from motorization application a						
	D. conditioning the load through the use of a magnetic amplified current transformer						
01235.	In the illustration, the contacts between terminals 26 and 27 should be closed when (See illustration EL-0046)						
	 A. using one generator in isochronous mode only B. using two or more generators in parallel only C. the prime mover speed is to remain constant through varying loads in parallel or single operation D. the circuit breaker is closed for that generator 						
01245.	In the illustration, the diode between terminals 16 and 17 is to						
	A. insure that the voltage across the governor coil (EG-3P) never exceeds .6 VDC B. compensate for the temperature difference of the governor oil heating up C. protect the electronic governor from counter EMF D. act as a filter to prevent hunting						
01246.	the state of the s						
	A. act as a short circuit for the sensing coil when CEMF is applied B. insure that the voltage across the coil does not exceed 9 volts C. improve response time D. act as a filter to prevent hunting						

- 01248. In the illustration, the component VRl on the AlAl PCB is (See illustration EL-0060) a zener diode to regulate the +9 volt power supply a variable resistor diode to control the output to terminal 9 that controls the input to terminal 10 a zener diode that regulates the voltage to terminal 9 at 6.6 volts DC D. a tunnel diode with a breakdown voltage of 6.6 Volts DC 01249. In the illustrated amplifier, the RESET potentiometer A1R2 sets the stability of the control loop by changing the reset time constant. As the potentiometer is turned clockwise (See illustration EL-0060) the gain is increased B. the stability is increased by slowing the response time feedback is increased to the summing point at terminal 5 response time is increased decreasing stability In the illustration, the chemical reaction depicted indicates that the 01250. . (See illustration EL-0061) A. battery is being charged at a high rate B. cell is short circuited C. cell is discharging D. battery is attached to a trickle charger 01252. If the illustrated device is fully discharged, what will be the result? (See illustration EL-0061) The plates will be maximum lead sulfate minimum sponge lead and lead oxide, the electrolyte will be maximum water minimum sulfuric The plates will be maximum sponge lead and lead oxide minimum lead sulfate, the electrolyte will be maximum sulfuric acid minimum The plates will be maximum lead sulfate minimum sponge lead and lead oxide, the electrolyte will be maximum sulfuric acid minimum The plates will be maximum lead oxide and sponge lead minimum lead sulfate, the electrolyte will be maximum water minimum sulfuric acid
- 01255. If the illustrated device is fully discharged, what will be the result? (See illustration EL-0061)
 - A. The battery will be short circuited because the mud space will be filled with lead sulfate
 - B. The electrolyte will be maximum sulfuric acid minimum water C. The electrolyte will be maximum water minimum sulfuric acid.
 - D. The plates will be maximum lead oxide and sponge lead minimum lead sulfate.
- 01256. In the illustration, the component VRl on the Al AMPLIFIER MODULE is _____. (See illustration EL-0060)
 - A. a zener diode to regulate the +9 volt power supply from common B. a variable resistor diode to control the output to terminal 9 that controls the input to terminal 10
 - C. a zener diode that regulates the voltage to terminal 9 at 6.6 volts DC
 - D. a tunnel diode with a breakdown voltage of 6.6 Volts DC

01258.	In the illustration, the component VR2 on the Al AMPLIFIER MODULE is (See illustration EL-0060)
	 A. a zener diode to regulate the +9 volt power supply from common B. a variable resistor diode to control the output to terminal 1 that controls the input to terminal 10 C. a zener diode that regulates the voltage to terminal 2 at 9.1 volts DC D. a tunnel diode with a breakdown voltage of 6.6 Volts DC
01266.	What is the resistance value indicated by the multimeter scale illustrated, if the range switch is set at R X 1, and the needle is at the position indicated by the letter "A"? (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 10 ohms B. 100 ohms C. 200 ohms D. 1,000 ohms
01268.	In the illustration, the small battery and Rb are in the circuit to apply (See illustration EL-0022)
	A. forward bias to the emitter-base B. reverse bias to the emitter-base C. a "reference charge" on the input capacitor D. a buffer between the input ground and the emitter ground
01269.	In the illustration, the tan and white wires are connected to the solenoid valve. The solinoid valve is (See illustration EL-0043)
	A. in the liquid line before the TXV B. energized and open whenever the unit is plugged in C. not grounded so the unit must be modified before using aboard ship D. the water inlet for the ice maker
01272.	In the illustration, when the energy saver switch is in the "lo" position (See illustration EL-0042)
	A. the mullion and frz flange heaters will not energize B. the mullion heater and refrig light will not energize C. the mullion, frz flange, defrost heaters will not energize D. the range of the freezer temperature control is increased causing the cut-in temp to become warmer
01276.	In the illustration if the compressor fails to start but the condenser fan motor is running the problem is (See illustration EL-0042)
	A. no power between L1 and L2 B. the yellow wire is open at the freezer temperature control switch C. the overload is open D. the blue wire from the defrost heater is open
01342.	On the meter scale illustrated, while using the R X 100 scale, the reading at "Z" is (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 3,000 ohms B. 30,000 ohms C. 300,000 ohms D. 3,000,000 ohms

01362.	illustrated, if the range switch is set at R X 100, and the needle is at the position indicated by the letter "Y"? (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 220 ohms B. 240 ohms C. 2,400 ohms D. 24,000 ohms
01372.	The reading at "X" while on the R X 100 meter scale illustrated would be (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 8 ohms B. 150 ohms C. 800 ohms D. 80,000 ohms
01382.	What is the resistance value indicated on the multimeter scale illustrated, if the range switch is set at R X 100, and the needle is at the position indicated by the letter "R"? (See illustration EL-0047)
	A. 6.5 ohms B. 162.5 ohms C. 650 ohms D. 16,250 ohms
01392.	The reading at "C" on the megger scale illustrated, is (See illustration EL-0044)
	A. 200,000 ohms B. 2,000,000 ohms C. 20,000,000 ohms D. 200,000,000 ohms
01398.	The illustrated circuits are used to measure (See illustration EL-0024)
	A. resistance B. gauss or magnetic field strength C. battery discharge rate in Amp-hours D. current
01405.	A disadvantage of using the configuration in the illustrated circuit is (See illustration EL-0045)
	A. no current gain B. high input resistance C. high voltage gain D. becomes unstable with an increase of ambient temperature
01406.	In the illustration, when the energy saver switch is in the "lo" position, the (See illustration EL-0043)
	 A. mullion and frz flange heaters will not energize B. mullion heater and refrig light will not energize C. mullion, frz flange, defrost heaters will not energize D. range of the freezer temperature control is increased causing the cut-in temp to become warmer

01426.	The reading at "M" on the megger scale illustrated, is (See illustration EL-0044)					
	A. 7.1 meg ohms B. 71 meg ohms C71 meg ohms D. 200,000,000 ohms					
01428.	In the illustration, the signal from the device connected to terminals 18 and 19 is (See illustration EL-0046)					
	A. prime mover speed feedback B. loss of control alarm when comparing with the input signal from the resistor at the top of the speed sensing circuit card C. hall effect current to detect slip between the prime mover and the alternator D. to shut down the prime mover if overspeeding					
02001.	The purpose of the item labeled "Z" in assembly No. 2, shown in the illustration is to (See illustration EL-0001)					
	A. keep the rotor in balance B. align the rotor to the stator C. dynamically balance the rotor D. cool the motor					
02391.	Which of the following statements is correct for the illustrated circuit? (See illustration EL-0020)					
	 A. "R1", "R2", and "R3" are connected in series. B. "R1", "R2", and "R3" are connected in parallel. C. The voltages measured across "R1", "R2", and "R3" are equal. D. The total resistance equals 1/R1 + 1/R2 + 1/R3. 					
02411.	The electrical schematic illustrated in figure A, depicts a/an (See illustrated EL-0059)					
	A. autotransformer B. Delta Wye transformer C. primary EMF generator D. potential transformer					
02507.	When a voltage of 442.7 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 1.25 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)					
	A. 28.25 amps B. 35.32 amps C. 353.89 amps D. 443.62 amps					

02519.	resistance of 105.3 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 130.3 amps B. 4.212 amps C. 1.237 amps D. 0.237 amps
02523.	When a voltage of 115 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 12 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
02527.	A. 127 amps B. 9.58 amps C. 104.34 amps D. 1.24 amps When a voltage of 115 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 32 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 278.26 amps B. 147.00 amps C. 8.90 amps D. 3.59 amps
02531.	When a voltage of 115 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 110 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 1.045 amps B. 225 milliamps C. 2.045 amps D. 965.52 milliamps
02541.	If the supply voltage is 220 volts 60 Hz, what is the operating voltage of the motor controller circuitry illustrated? (See illustration EL-0011)
	A. 110 volts DC B. 110 volts AC C. 220 volts DC D. 220 volts AC
02547.	When a voltage of 115 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 10,230 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 88.95 milliamps B. 103.45 milliamps C. 11.24 milliamps D91 amps
02551.	When a voltage of 115 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 470 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 244 milliamps B. 4.07 amps C. 5.85 amps D. 19.21 amps

02559.	When a voltage of 115 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 237 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 0.485 amps B. 1.485 amps C. 2.06 amps D. 0.352 amps
02567.	When a voltage of 115 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 17.8 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 0.154 amps B. 2.755 amps C. 6.46 amps D. 0.1328 amps
02571.	What is the total current of the illustrated circuit if the battery is 12 VDC and the resistance of R1 is 2 ohms, R2 is 3 ohms and R3 is 6 ohms? (See illustration EL-0021)
	A. 2 amps B. 4 amps C. 6 amps D. 12 amps
02599.	When a voltage of 95 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 12 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 6.126 amps B. 1.515 amps C. 7.916 amps D. 107 amps
02611.	When a voltage of 95 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 32 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
·	A. 0.336 amps B. 2.968 amps C. 103.78 milliamps D. 127 milliamps
02617.	When a voltage of 95 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 110 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 0.863 amps B. 1.16 amps C. 1.863 amps D. 205 milliamps
02621.	When a voltage of 95 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 10.23 kohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 9.29 milliamps B. 107.68 amps C. 10.32 amps D. 11.02 amps

02633.	When a voltage of 95 VDC is applied to the circuit illustrated with a resistance of 470 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 4.95 amps B. 202.2 milliamps C. 565.00 milliamps D. 2,325 milliamps
02643.	When a voltage of 95 VDC is applied to the circuit illustrated with a resistance of 237 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 1.40 amps B. 2.49 amps C. 332 milliamps D. 400.8 milliamps
02657.	When a voltage of 110 VDC is applied to the circuit illustrated with a resistance of 12 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A11 amps B. 1.31 amps C. 9.17 amps D. 122m amps
02667.	When a voltage of 110 VDC is applied to the circuit illustrated with a resistance of 32 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A29 amps B. 3.44 amps C. 9.31 amps D. 142 amps
02671.	When a voltage of 110 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 110 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A2 amps B1 amps C. 1 amps D. 220m amps
02679.	When a voltage of 110 VDC is applied to the circuit illustrated with a resistance of 10,230 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 0.0107 amps B. 93 amps C. 10,340 amps D951 amps
02687.	When a voltage of 110 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 470 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A234 amps B. 4.272 amps C. 580 amps D. 2,008 amps

02691.	When a voltage of 110 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 237 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A464 amps B. 1.464 amps C. 2.154 amps D. 3.47 amps
02697.	When a voltage of 110 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 17.8 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 2.88 amps B. 6.18 amps C. 127.8m amps D. 161 amps
02701.	When a voltage of 112 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 12 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A107 amps B. 1.28 amps C. 9.33 amps D. 124 m amps
02709.	When a voltage of 112 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 32 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A285 amps B. 3.5 amps C. 9.142 amps D. 144 m amps
02713.	When a voltage of 112 VDC is applied to the circuit illustrated with a resistance of 110 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A982 amps B. 1.018 amps C. 2.018 amps D222 amps
02719.	When a voltage of 112 VDC is applied to the circuit illustrated with a resistance of 10,230 ohms the current wil be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A010 amps B913 amps C. 103 m amps D. 934 m amps
02723.	When a voltage of 112 VDC is applied to the circuit illustrated with a resistance of 470 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A238 amps B. 4.196 amps C. 582 m amps D. 19.723 amps

resistance of 237 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)	n a
A. 1.47 amps B. 2.11 amps C. 347 milliamps D. 472.6 milliamps	
02733. When a voltage of 112 VDC is applied to the circuit illustrated with resistance of 17.8 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)	h a
A158 amps B. 5.82 amps C. 6.29 amps D. 129.8m amps	
02739. When a voltage of 124 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with resistance of 12 ohms. the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)	h a
A. 0.096 amps B. 1.16 amps C. 10.33 amps D. 136 m amps	
02749. When a voltage of 124 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with resistance of 32 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)	h a
A. 0.258 amps B. 3.875 amps C. 8.258 amps D. 156 amps	
02761. When a voltage of 124 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with resistance of 110 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)	ha
A. 0.887 amps B. 1.127 amps C. 234 m amps D. 2.13 amps	
02773. When a voltage of 124 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with resistance of 10,230 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)	h a
A. 0.012 amps B. 82.50 amps C. 10.354 amps D. 0.8439 amps	
02779. When a voltage of 124 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with resistance of 470 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)	h a
A. 0.263 amps B. 3.79 amps C. 594 milliamps D. 1.7814 amps	

02789.	When a voltage of 124 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 237 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 1.523 amps B. 1.911 amps C. 361 milliamps D. 523.2 milliamps
02793.	When a voltage of 124 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 17.8 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 0.143 amps B. 2.555 amps C. 6.966 amps D. 141.8 milliamps
02797.	If a voltage of 132 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit where the resistance is 12 ohms, then current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 0.090 amps B. 1.090 amps C. 11 amps D. 144 milliamps
02801.	When a voltage of 132 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 32 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 0.242 amps B. 4.125 amps C. 7.757 amps D. 1.64 amps
02809.	When a voltage of 132 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 110 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 0.833 amps B. 1.2 amps C. 2.2 amps D. 242 milliamps
02817.	When a voltage of 132 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 10,230 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 0.012 amps B. 77.5 milliamps C. 10,362 amps D. 0.792 amps
02833.	When a voltage of 132 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 470 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 0.280 amps B. 3.560 amps C. 602 milliamps D. 1.673 amps

02841.	When a voltage of 132 VDC is applied to the illustrated circuit with a resistance of 237 ohms the current will be (See illustration EL-0018)
	A. 1.236 amps B. 2.048 amps C. 0.557 amps D. 4.200 amps
02842.	If the illustrated device has a step-up ratio of 10 to 1 what voltage be measured at the secondary shortly after the primary of the device i connected to 110 volts DC with a current of 12 amps? (See illustration EL-0055)
	A. 0 volts B. 110 volts C. 1000 volts D. 1100 volts
02843.	In the illustrated amplifier, the base of the transistor is what type of material? (See illustration EL-0022)
	A. N type B. P type C. metal oxide insulator D. alloy junction material
02844.	The component F in the illustrated device is for (See illustration EL-0033)
	 A. short circut protection B. latching the trip unit closed after resetting the breaker C. overload protection D. providing a flexible connection between the input terminal G and the tripping unit E
02845.	In the illustration if BRANCH NO. 1 is a lighting circuit for crew's berthing, Federal Regulations (46 CFR) require the maximum fuse rating for that branch to be (See illustration EL-0013)
	A. 15 amps B. 80% of the connected load C. 20 amps D. 30 amps
02846.	The reading at "M" on the megger scale shown in the illustration, is (See illustration EL-0044)
	A. 7.1 meg ohms B. 71 meg ohms C71 meg ohms D. 200,000,000 ohms

00	140	С	01010	С	01148	D	01250	C	02599	С
00	148	В	01030	В	01156	A	01252	A	02611	В
00	149	A	01038	D	01158	В	01255	C	02617	Α
00	154	Α	01042	В	01161	C	01256	A .	02621	Α
00	219	В	01050	В	01163	C	01258	C	02633	В
00	366	D	01055	В	01164	A	01266	C	02643	D
00	381	D	01058	С	01166	A	01268	A	02657	С
00	411	Α	01059	С	01167	Α	01269	D	02667	В
00	486	Α	01065	C	01168	В	01272	A	02671	С
00	523	С	01066	Α	01169	A	01276	C	02679	Α
00	560	C	01068	D	01176	A	01342		02687	Α
00	616	D	01069	В	01180	В	01362	C	02691	Α
00	651	A	01080	В	01186	C	01372	C	02697	В
00	660	A	01085	В	01188	D	01382	C	02701	
00	668	A	01088	В	01189	C	01392		02709	
00	670	D	01093	D	01195	A	01398	Α	02713	
00	676	В	01095	C	01198	D	01405		02719	
00	696	В	01096	D	01199		01406		02723	
00	732	C	01098		01200		01426		02729	
00	740	C	01106		01201		01428		02733	
00	742	C	01108		01205		02001		02739	
00	766	D	01109	C	01206		02391		02749	
00	780	В	01113		01216		02411		02761	
00	793	В	01116	C	01218		02507			
00	829	A	01118		01219		02519		02779	
00	868	C	01119		01226		02523		02789	
00	946	A	01120		01228		02527		02793	
00	965	В	01126		01229		02531	A	02797	
00	968	В	01128		01230			D	02801	В
00	994	C	01129		01235		02547		02809	
	995		01136		01245		02551		02817	
00	996	A	01139		01246		02559		02833	
01	006	В	01140	C	01248		02567		02841	С
			01146	В	01249	В	02571	D		

STEAM PLANTS

00336.	As the saturation pressure of a fluid is increased, the relative value shown on the graph will (See illustration SG-0001)						
	A. decrease the length of line 4 B. increase the length of line 4 C. decrease the BTU's per pound per degree change for line 5 D. increase the BTU's per pound per degree change for line 5						
00758.	With an increase in the saturation pressure of a fluid, the value represented by line "5" on the graph will (See illustration SG-0001)						
	A. decrease the number of BTU's per pound per change in degree of						
	temperature B. increase the number of BTU's per pound, per change in degree of temperature						
	C. remain virtually the same D. represent an increase in the latent heat of condensation						
00759.	The illustrated burner atomizer assembly is (See illustration SG-0022)						
	A. straight mechanical B. used only for variable load steam atomization C. an example of a rotary cup type atomizer D. used in a return flow type burner management system						
00760.	The purpose of the pressure control disk installed in the soot blower illustrated is to (See Illustration SG-0023)	r					
	 A. control the velocity and distance of the steam valve passing from the soot blower element B. reduce the steam supply pressure to properly rotate the soot blower C. control the amount of arc during rotation of the soot blower 						
	c. control the amount of arc during rotation of the soot blower element D. assist in the intial opening of the valve at the begining of the soot blower operation						
00763.	The steam soot blower piping should be thoroughly drained before operating to prevent						
	A. accidental flameout B. feedwater losses C. nozzle/elements eroding D. erosion of the corbel						
00773.	In accordance with Coast Guard Regulations (46 CFR), all vessels hav oil fired main propulsion boiler(s) must be equipped with	ing 					
	 A. only one positive displacement type fuel service pump B. one fuel oil heater if shown that the normally used fuel oil wil be of low viscosity C. two suction and discharge duplex strainers D. all of the above 	1					

- 00776. The double bottom tanks on your vessel are used to store heavy fuel There are six sets of tanks with the port/starboard outboard tanks being 33% to 50% smaller in capacity than the port/starboard centerline tanks. The tanks forward are smaller than those aft, with the 3's and 5's being the largest double bottoms. Considering that a minimum amount of fuel oil is on board, the bunkering process should be to fill the
 - 3's and 5's, then all tanks aft and finishing with the forward
 - forward tanks, then the 3's and 5's, and finishing with the aft
 - forward tanks, the aft tanks, and complete the bunkering by filling the outboard then centerline 3's and 5's
 - forward tanks, then fill the aft tanks, and complete the bunkering by filling the centerline, then the outboard 3's and 5's.
- 00790. The position of the installed pressure control disk to the soot blower illustrated, has been moved higher and will (See Illustration SG-0023)
 - Α. cause the soot blower to be rotated faster than had been previously determined
 - В. cause the soot blower to rotate slower than had been previously determined
 - decrease the amount of opening for the steam valve
 - increase the steam pressure in the rotating blower element
- The steam soot blower piping should be thoroughly drained before 00824. operating to prevent
 - Α. impinging of generating tube surfaces
 - feedwater losses В.
 - C. plugging of nozzles
 - warping of soot blower elements
- 00836. The double bottom tanks on your vessel are used to store heavy fuel oil. In general, there are six sets of tanks with the port/starboard outboard tanks being an average 33% to 50% capacity smaller than the port/starboard centerline tanks. Also, the tanks forward are smaller than those aft, with the 3's and 5's being relatively the largest double bottoms. In general, with a minimum amount of fuel oil on board, the bunkering process should be to fill the

 - aft tanks, then the midship tanks, finally all forward tanks to use the increase in pressure to force the oncoming fuel forward forward tanks, then the 3's and 5's, and finish with the aft tanks moving successively aft to bring the draft at the bow down as quickly as possible
 - forward tanks, then fill the aft tanks, and complete the bunkering by filling the outboard then centerline 3's and 5's to avoid high pressure in static overflow leg
 - forward then the aft tanks, and completing the process by with the centerline, then the outboard 3's and 5's, as small tanks are easier to control when topping off

While bunkering your ship, the #3 double bottom tanks across are the 00870. last tanks to be filled, with the centerline tanks being relatively the largest. These tanks were empty at the beginning of bunkering, although each of the four valves are the same size and have been just opened the same number of turns. In general, you would find that

all four tanks will be topped at the same time

to top off the centerline tanks last, the valves to these tanks should be choked closed until the static leg pressure begins to

C. to top off the centerline tanks last, the valves to the outboard tanks should be choked closed until the sattic leg pressure begins

D. it is best to top off the outboard tanks last as small tanks are easier to control when completing the filling of the tanks.

00903. Which condition would cause a dangerously low level in the D.C. heater as the vessel is increasing from maneuvering to sea speed?

- Excessive dumping of feedwater to the drain inspection tank via the automatic dump valve
- Excessive recirculation of condensate to the drain transfer tank

Internal collapse of a rubber expansion joint located in the condensate pump suction line Clogged "Y" strainer at the inlet of the pneumatically operated condensate recirculating valve assembly

00336 A 00758 C 00759 C 00760 B 00763 C 00773 B 00776 C 00790 D 00824 A 00836 C 00870 C

MOTOR PLANTS

00007.	The RPM of "A" is 100 and hobbed with 76 teeth. If gears "B", "C", and "D" have 32, 60, and 42 teeth respectively, the RPM of "D" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 339.29 RPM B. 96.51 RPM C. 267.86 RPM D. 76.19 RPM
00014.	The RPM of "D" is 600 and hobbed with 48 teeth. If gears "C", "B", and "A" have 66, 22, and 84 teeth respectively, the RPM of "A" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 111.63 RPM B. 66.67 RPM C. 460.47 RPM D. 51.16 RPM
00022.	Coast Guard Regulations (46 CFR) permit the use of drain valves for removing water or impurities from diesel engine fuel systems. These valves must be
	A. self-closing gate valves B. operated electrically C. connected through the tank top D. located in the machinery space
00047.	The RPM of "D" is 600 and hobbed with 46 teeth. If gears "C", "B", and "A" have 80, 30, and 94 teeth respectively, the RPM of "A" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 84.38 RPM B. 110.11 RPM C. 510.64 RPM D. 71.81 RPM
00060.	The RPM of "D" is 700 and hobbed with 38 teeth. If gears "C", "B", and "A" have 62, 20, and 82 teeth respectively, the RPM of "A" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 72.84 RPM B. 529.27 RPM C. 104.64 RPM D. 55.07 RPM
00188.	Concerning diesel propelled vessels, the astern power is to provide for continuous operation astern
	A. equal to that available for ahead operation B. at 70 percent of the ahead rpm at rated speed C. while underway and under all normal conditions D. at 70 percent of the ahead rpm of average continous sea speed
00411.	The RPM of "A" is 100 and hobbed with 80 teeth. If gears "B", "C", and "D" have 20, 62, and 38 teeth respectively, the RPM of "D" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 67.91 RPM B. 652.63 RPM C. 505.79 RPM D. 52.63 RPM

00809.	The RPM of "A" is 100 and hobbed with 88 teeth. If gears "B", "C", and "D" have 22, 66, and 48 teeth respectively, the RPM of "D" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 61.11 RPM B. 412.50 RPM C. 550.00 RPM D. 45.83 RPM
00819.	A direct acting, pneumatically controlled governor for a diesel engine operates in a range of 10 to 50 psi. The fuel rack position is at 20 millimeters when the governor air pressure is 30 psi. If the governor air pressure changes to 20 psi, the fuel rack setting will change to
	A. 12 millimeters B. 17 millimeters C. 22 millimeters D. 24 millimeters
01254.	The RPM of "A" is 100 and hobbed with 96 teeth. If gears "B", "C", and "D" have 30, 80, and 46 teeth respectively, the RPM of "D" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 78.26 RPM B. 463.77 RPM C. 65.22 RPM D. 556.52 RPM
01468.	The RPM of "A" is 100 and hobbed with 72 teeth. If gears "B", "C", and "D" have 24, 64, and 36 teeth respectively, the RPM of "D" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 800.00 RPM B. 112.50 RPM C. 711.11 RPM D. 100.00 RPM
01469.	The illustrated device is operated directly by (See illustration MO-0041)
	A. a rocker arm and push rod B. cam action C. fuel oil pressure D. excessively high combustion pressure
01470.	According to Coast Guard regulations, keel cooler installations are
	 A. required on all vessels of less than 150 gross tons B. to be made between the the bilge keel and the keel C. to be provided with shutoff or isolation valves except when installed forward of the collision bulkhead D. to be provided with expansion tanks, which must be located below the load line to provide positive cooling water flow
01475.	The speed droop characteristics of two similar diesel engines, driving two similar AC generators, are connected in parallel. From the illustrated diagram, determine which of the following statements is true. (See illustration MO-0109)
	A. Engine "A" will take a greater part of the load than engine "B". B. Engine "B" will operate at a lower RPM than engine "A" when operating alone.

C. Engine "A" will take lesser part of the load than Engine "B".

D. Engine "B" will operate at a higher RPM than engine "A".

4-2

01477.	In the diesel engine cooling system illustrated, the high temperature alarm contact maker will be activated on excessively high water discharge temperature from the (See illustration MO-0077)
	A. raw water pump discharge B. expansion tank outlet C. cooling water heat exchanger outlet D. engine jacket water outlet
01478.	The RPM of "A" is 150 and hobbed with 78 teeth. If gears "B", "C", and "D" have 32, 60, and 42 teeth respectively, the RPM of "D" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 148.57 RPM B. 522.32 RPM C. 401.79 RPM D. 114.29 RPM
01479.	The combustion of fuel for illustrated engine is provided by (See illustration MO-0020)
	A. a spray of fuel into a turbulence combustion chamber B. fuel sprayed into an energy cell C. fuel injection provided by a unit injector D. individual Bosch fuel pumps
01484.	The illustrated diesel engine starting motor initially disengages the drive/clutch mechanism from the engine flywheel once the engine has started by (See illustration MO-0051)
	 A. de-energizing the solenoid B. the potential retraction energy possessed by the return spring "D" C. the mechanical interaction between the clutch and the splined sleeve
	D. centripital force exerted by the rotating armature
01487.	Which of the indicator diagrams illustrated depicts the condition that should be corrected by advancing only the timing? (See illustration MO-0029)
	A. A B. B C. C D. D
01488.	The diesel engine starting motor returns the Bendix drive/clutch mechanism to the position illustrated by (See illustration MO-0051)
	A. reversing the direction of the starting motor B. the higher peripheral speed of the flywheel C. the potential energy of spring "D" once the solenoid has been de-
	energized D. mechanical interaction of the left hand thread and the energy imparted by the rotation of the over-running clutch

01489.	The engine cylinder illustrated is of the (See illustration MO-0020)
	 A. dry liner type B. wet liner type C. type integrally machined in the block D. integral wet liner type
01490.	Contaminants that can increase the foaming tendencies of lube oil are
	A. excessively high oil temperatures B. water or moisture C. fuel mixing D. carbon suspension
01494.	Which of the following conditions is likely to develop if the thermocouple element of a pyrometer becomes coated with excessive amounts of combustion by-products?
	 A. Indicated exhaust pressure readings will increase. B. Pyrometer responses will be retarded. C. Indicated cylinder temperature readings will increase. D. Indicated firing pressure readings will increase.
01496.	The illustration is an exploded assembly of a/an $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ (See illustration MO-0050)
	A. power take-off driven, vane type, air compressor B. battery powered, electric motor driven vane type, hydraulic pump C. air driven starter motor assembly D. air driven DC generator
01498.	The illustrated figure represents (See illustration MO-0022)
	A. a correctly assembled centrifuge bowl B. fuel pump timing marks C. fuel rack alignment marks D. a strobascopic speed scale for timing
01500.	According to Coast Guard regulations, keel cooler installations are
	 A. required on all vessels of less than 150 gross tons B. not to be constructed as independent heat exchangers and must be welded integral with the hull C. permitted to be part of the vessel's hull as long as the material is of the same quality and thickness as the hull D. to be provided with expansion tanks, which must be located below the load line to provide positive cooling water flow
01513.	Which of the following problems represents one possible cause of high lube oil consumption in a four stroke diesel engine?
	A. Worn intake valve guides B. Pitted precombustion chambers C. Loose valve tappets D. High exhaust back pressure

01515.	If an auxiliary diesel engine coolant temperature is higher than normal, but the thermostat is determined not to be defective, you would suspect a/an
	A. cavitation erosion in the water jackets B. excess corrosion inhibitor in the coolant C. dirty jacket water cooler D. defective turbocharger
01516.	The function of the illustrated device is to (See illustration MO-0070)
	A. maintain cold lash adjustment B. provide metered bypassing of lube oil in a bypass type lube oil system
	C. act as a multi-pressure relief valve D. quickly shut off fuel flow at the end of fuel injection
01517.	The formula "Nplan/45,000" is equal to the
	A. IHP B. BMEP C. BHP D. SHP
01518.	The RPM of "A" is 150 and hobbed with 94 teeth. If gears "B", "C", and "D" have 30, 80, and 46 teeth respectively, the RPM of "D" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 114.95 RPM B. 817.39 RPM C. 695.65 RPM D. 97.83 RPM
01521.	The RPM of "A" is 150 and hobbed with 82 teeth. If gears "B", "C", and "D" have 20, 62, and 38 teeth respectively, the RPM of "D" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 104.41 RPM B. 758.68 RPM C. 1003.42 RPM D. 78.95 RPM
01527.	The RPM of "D" is 700 and hobbed with 42 teeth. If gears "C", "B", and "A" have 32, 60, and 42 teeth respectively, the RPM of "A" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 191.22 RPM B. 199.11 RPM C. 512.20 RPM D. 145.69 RPM
01530.	According to Coast Guard regulations, isolation valves used in keel cooler installations are permitted to be constructed of
	A. bronze B. non-ductile cast iron C. lead and cast iron alloys D. zinc and antimony alloys

- Which of the following statements represents the best method for tightening the illustrated head bolts? (See illustration MO-0028)
 - Beginning with number 1 and moving clockwise, tighten each in consecutive order
 - Beginning with number 1 and moving counter clockwise, tighten each in consecutive order
 - Beginning with number 1, tighten it move directly opposit and tighten, then move 90 tighten and continue on
 - Beginning with number 1, tighten it, move to number 3 and tighten, then to number 7, then to number 5 and continue on
- In a coil-type forced circulation auxiliary water-tube boiler, 01536.
 - A. steam demand response is comparatively rapid
 - B. steam is recirculated through heating coils in the boiler C. unevaporated feedwater is discharged through the skim tube
 - D. steam demand response is slow
- The RPM of "D" is 900 and hobbed with 36 teeth. If gears "C", "B", and "A" have 64, 24, and 72 teeth respectively, the RPM of "A" in the gear 01548. train illustration is ______. (See illustration MO-0088)
 - A. 168.75 RPM
 - B. 112.50 RPM
 - C. 100.00 RPM
 - D. 800.00 RPM
- 01555. If the plunger or barrel of a fuel injection jerk pump becomes damaged,
 - A. the entire pump must be replaced
 - B. the injection pump and injection nozzle must be replaced
 - either the barrel or plunger must be replaced
 - D. the barrel and plunger must be lapped and blued.
- The speed droop characteristics of two similar diesel engines, driving 01556. two similar DC generators, are connected in parallel. From the illustrated diagram, determine which of the following statements is true. (See illustration MO-0109)
 - Engine "B" will take a greater part of the load than engine "A".
 - Engine "B" will operate at a lower RPM than engine "A" when operating alone.
 - Engine "B" will take lesser part of the load than Engine "A".
 - D. Engine "B" will operate at a higher RPM than engine "A".
- 01557. Which type of pump is typically used to supply fuel to a unit type auxiliary boiler?
 - A. Centrifugal
 - B. Propeller
 - C. Reciprocating
 - D. Rotary
- The RPM of "D" is 900 and hobbed with 48 teeth. If gears "C", "B", and 01558. "A" have 66, 22, and 88 teeth respectively, the RPM of "A" in the gear train illustration is ______. (See illustration MO-0088)
 - A. 75.00 RPM
 - B. 163.64 RPM
 - 100.00 RPM
 - D. 675.00 RPM

01560.	In a diesel engine jacket water cooler, with seawater cooling the fresh water, the
	A. sea water temperature must never be warmer than 40 F B. jacket water pressure should always be greater than the sea water pressure
	C. jacket water temperature must always be less than 60°F D. jacket water pressure must always be less than the sea water pressure
01575.	The RPM of "A" is 150 and hobbed with 86 teeth. If gears "B", "C", and "D" have 22, 66, and 48 teeth respectively, the RPM of "D" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 806.25 RPM B. 89.58 RPM C. 618.75 RPM D. 68.75 RPM
01580.	The RPM of "D" is 800 and hobbed with 38 teeth. If gears "C", "B", and "A" have 62, 20, and 80 teeth respectively, the RPM of "A" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 122.58 RPM B. 64.52 RPM C. 83.25 RPM D. 620.00 RPM
01605.	The RPM of "D" is 500 and hobbed with 42 teeth. If gears "C", "B", and "A" have 32, 60, and 42 teeth respectively, the RPM of "A" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 147.37 RPM B. 142.22 RPM C. 112.28 RPM D. 394.74 RPM
01606.	Which of the indicator diagrams illustrated depicts the condition that should be corrected by retarding only the timing? (See illustration MO-0029)
	A. A B. B C. C D. D
01635.	The RPM of "D" is 500 and hobbed with 36 teeth. If gears "C", "B", and "A" have 64, 24, and 72 teeth respectively, the RPM of "A" in the gear train illustration is (See illustration MO-0088)
	A. 93.75 RPM B. 70.31 RPM C. 444.44 RPM D. 62.50 RPM
01636.	The illustrated piston rings are located at (See illustration MO-0015)
	A. the top of the ring belt B. the lower part of the ring belt C. the middle of the ring belt D. each ring groove of the ring belt

- 01640. The RPM of "A" is 150 and hobbed with 84 teeth. If gears "B", "C", and "D" have 24, 64, and 36 teeth respectively, the RPM of "D" in the gear train illustration is ______. (See illustration MO-0088)
 - A. 131.25 RPM
 - B. 711.11 RPM
 - C. 100.00 RPM
 - D. 933.33 RPM
- 01645. Which of the indicator diagrams illustrated depicts the condition that should be corrected by the fitting of thinner shims, or removing of shims to the connecting rod? (See illustration MO-0029)
 - Α.
 - B. B
 - c. c
 - D. D
- 01646. The fuel injection valve on one cylinder of a six cylinder low speed engine has become gradually fouled. This will result in the firing pressure, during steady loads, in the faulty cylinder to ______.
 - A. decrease, but maintain the same firing pressures in the remaining five cylinders
 - B. increase, but maintains the same in the firing pressures remaining five cylinders
 - C. remain the same, with lower firing pressures developed in all cylinders
 - D. decrease, with an increase in the firing pressures in the remaining cylinders

00007 A 00014 A 00022 D 00047 B 00060 C 00188 B 00411 B 00809 C 00819 B 01254 D 01468 A 01469 B 01470 C 01475 A 01477 D 01478 B 01479 A 01484 C 01487 B 01488 B 01489 C 01490 B 01494 B 01496 C 01498 A 01500 C 01513 A 01515 C 01516 B 01517 A 01518 B 01521 C 01527 D 01530 A 01535 A 01536 A 01548 C 01555 A 01556 C 01557 D 01558 A 01560 B 01575 A 01580 B 01605 C 01606 A 01635 D 01636 B 01640 D 01645 C

01646 D

ENGINEERING SAFETY

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00016.	posted or available in booklet form on your ship?
	A. Location of fire doors B. Location of the remote means of stopping fans C. Particulars of the fire detecting system D. All of the above.
00154.	Carbon dioxide extinguishers must be recharged when the weight is les than?
	A. 80% B. 85% C. 90% D. 95%
00224.	A vessel which is subjected to "hogging"
	A. has its main deck under compressive stress B. has its main deck plating under tensile stress C. has its bottom plate under tensile stress D. has its bottom plating under ductile stress
00236.	According to Coast Guard Regulations (CFR 33), all ships are required to prepare, submit, and maintain a(an)
	A. synthetic plastic discharge plan B. oil discharge plan C. shipboard oil pollution emergency plan D. vapor recovery procedures plan
00263.	According to Coast Guard regulations (CFR 33), the shipboard oil pollution emergency plan must include
	 A. all information ordinarily provided in the oil record book B. an explanation and purpose of this plan C. a one-line schematic of the plan to be implemented D. the operating instructions for any and all oily-water separators installed aboard the vessel
00446.	Which of the following is NOT a mandatory requirement part of the shipboard oil pollution emergency plan?
	A. reporting requirments B. diagrams C. steps to control a discharge D. national and local coordination
00474.	Which of the following is a mandatory section of the shipboard oil pollution emergency plan?
·	A. reporting requirements B. removal equipment list C. plan exercises D. list of individuals required to respond

00482. Which of the following is NOT required to be provided as part of the appendixes of the Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan? a list of agencies or officials of Coastal Site administrations responsible for receiving and processing incident reports a list of agencies or officials in regularly visited ports. a list which specifies who will be responsible for informing the parties listed and the priority in which they must be notified. a list of personnel duty assignments 00516. When amendments are made to the shipboard oil pollution emergency plan, the revisions must be submitted to the Coast Guard A. one month prior to the anniversary date of the plan B. six months prior to the end of the approval periodC. and cannot be implemented without approval D. and can be implemented without immediate approval as long as final approval is received within six months of submittal 00524. The approval period for a shipboard oil pollution emergency plan expires after _____. A. one year B. two years C. four years D. five years 00543. A shipboard oil pollution emergency plan is required of ______. A. all vessels, regardless of size and commercial application B. any barge or other ship which is constructed or operated in such a manner that no oil in any form can be carried aboard

C. an oil tanker of 150 gross tons or above, or other ship of 400 gross tons or above D. an oil tanker of 400 gross tons and above, or other ships of 150 gross tons and above 00697. A patient has an electrical burn, after checking breathing and pulse, A. look for a second burn, which may have been caused by the current exiting the body locate the nearest water source and flood the burn with water for five minutes C. remove any dirt or charred skin from the area of the burn D. apply ointment to the burn area and wrap with clean cloth Coast Guard regulations require a shipboard oil pollution emergency 00855. plan to be reviewed _____ A. annually only B. biennially only C. quad-annually only only one every five years

00945.	Shipboard oil pollution emergency plans must be reviewed
	A. annually by the owner and a letter sumitted six months prior to
	expiration B. only once every five years and a letter submitted six months prior to expiration
	C. and the entire plan resubmitted for approval once every five years,
	six months prior to expiration D. annually by the owner and submit a letter to the Coast Guard within one month of the anniversary date of the plan approval
00964.	Records of garbage disposal are required to be maintained
	 A. until each quad-ennial Coast Guard inspection B. until the end of each voyage C. for a minimum of one year D. for a minimum of two years
00990.	Which statement regarding garbage disposal is correct?
	A. Records for ground garbage disposal are not required when disposal into the sea occurs more than 25 miles offshore.
	B. Discharging or transfer of garbage while in port to a shore facility must be recorded.
	C. Maintaining records for the incineration of garbage aboard ship is not required.
	D. The recording of garbage disposal should include the approximate weight.
01145.	When dumping garbage into the sea, other than special areas,
**	 A. the U.S. Coast Guard must be notified for each occurence B. records must be provided and maintained for two years C. an entry into the official log book must be made D. no record is required if dumping is carried out more than 25 miles offshore and there is no included plastic material
01146.	A vessel which is subjected to "hogging" has its
	A. main deck under compressive stress B. main deck plating under strake stress C. bottom plate under compressive stress D. bottom and deck plating under compressive stress
01148.	Except in rare cases, it is impossible to extinguish a shipboard fire by
	A. removing the fuel B. removing the heat C. interrupting the chain reaction D. removing the oxygen
01149.	A patient suffering from heat exhaustion should first be
	 A. placed in a sitting position with the head lowered to the knees B. kept standing and encouraged to walk slowly and continuously C. given a glass of water and told to return to work after 15 minutes of rest
	D. directed to move to a cool space unassisted

01162. A patient suffering from heat exhaustion should first be A. given a mild seawater solution to drink to replace salt and fluids B. kept standing and encouraged to walk slowly and continuously given a glass of water and told to return to work after 15 minutes of rest D. moved to a cool room and told to lie down 01192. When off loading garbage to another ship, your records must identify that ship by name and _____. A. home port B. operator's name of record C. official number D. master's name The amount of garbage disposed must be entered into the records maintained by each ship and stated in _____. cubic meters B. barrels, measured in 55 gallon drums C. weight in either kilogram or pounds D. cubic yards convertible to long tons 01236. A vessel sailing through the specific special areas may discharge or dispose of incinerated ash at anytime fairly dense material that will sink, i.e. metal cans or glass bottles at anytime C. victual waste when at least 12 nautical miles from shore D. absolutely no garbage at anytime

00016 D
00154 C
00224 B
00236 C
00263 B
00446 B
00474 A
00482 D
00516 C
00524 D
00543 C
00697 A
00855 A
00945 D
00990 B
01145 B
01146 B
01148 A
01149 D
01162 D
01192 C
01214 A
01236 C



